

Converting Colors

YUV(91.6670, -45.1918,
28.3560)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560)
contains.

YUV(91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(91.6670, -45.1918,
28.3560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C5D00
RGB	124, 93, 0
RGB Percent	49%, 36%, 0%
CMY	0.5137, 0.6353, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 1.00, 0.51
HSL	45°, 100%, 24%
HSV	45°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	12.2265, 12.1138, 1.6938
YIQ	91.6670, 48.3290, -22.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

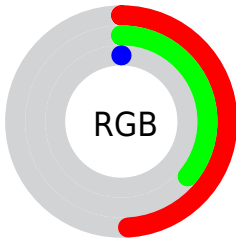
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 124, 0
Decimal	8150272
CIE _{Lab}	41.40, 5.00, 49.03
CIE _{LCh}	41, 49.288, 84.174
Yxy	12.1138, 0.4696, 0.4653
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286340352 (0xFF7C5D00)
YUV	91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560
Hunter-Lab	34.8049, 1.7964, 21.4780

Details

The YUV color **91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **32.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560**, and the grayscale version is **92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144.6720, -42.7293, 31.8597**, and **49.1060, -24.2093, 18.3240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.7960, -40.8184, 25.6119**.

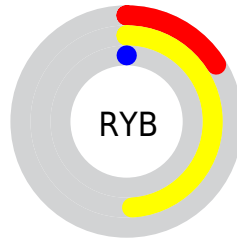
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (36%)

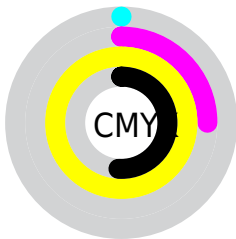
Blue (0%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (0%)

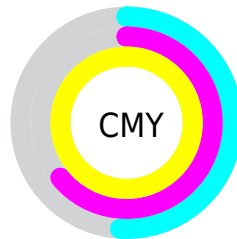


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91.6670, -45.1918,
28.3560

91.6670, -45.1918,
28.3560

254.0880, -3.4944,
0.7998

70.0930, -34.5558,
23.5974

144.6720,
-42.7293, 31.8597

49.1060, -24.2093,
18.3240

171.4550,
-43.6083, 33.8040

29.0050, -14.2995,
13.1506

198.9390,
-44.3399, 35.1335

6.2680, -3.0901,
11.1660

223.2370,
-43.0078, 27.8562


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


243.3380,
-39.6066, 10.2276


247.5900,


-28.3919, 6.4986


 250.8960,
-15.7247, 3.5992


 91.6670, -45.1918,
28.3560

 94.7960, -40.8184,
25.6119

 98.0390, -36.0082,
22.7678

 101.1680,
-31.6348, 20.0237

 104.4110,
-26.8246, 17.1796

 108.1270,
-22.7406, 13.9206

■ 111.2560,
-18.3672, 11.1765

■ 114.4990,
-13.5570, 8.3324

■ 117.6280, -9.1836,
5.5882

■ 120.8710, -4.3734,
2.7441

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8930, -31.0062, 51.8368



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



88.4890, -38.6951, -2.1829

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



82.9120, 23.2144, -72.7138



100.4690, 22.4468, 33.7917

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



32.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.9560, 36.9967, -13.1164



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



84.9130, 38.4969, -74.4687

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



78.1240, 4.8689, -68.5147



81.9270, 47.3640, -71.8500



95.8780, 5.4831, 61.4970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



84.1080, -24.2102, -28.1587



81.9270, 47.3640, -71.8500



100.6460, 27.2895, 20.4815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



148.3700, -17.9304, 11.0765



40.6100, -4.7377, 73.1330



73.8840, -10.7888, 7.1177



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560



118.5790, -58.4594, 37.2032



100.5950, -49.5933, -6.6608



59.7290, -2.3314, 1.1147



92.5530, -45.6286, 28.4560



186.2910, -91.8415, 57.6268

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



41.8340, 58.7488, -36.6884



23.4050, 49.5933, 6.6608



56.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



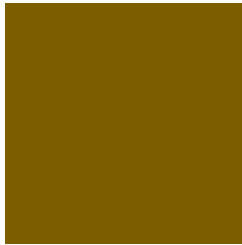
32.4470, 45.6286, -28.4560



65.7090, 91.8415, -57.6268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

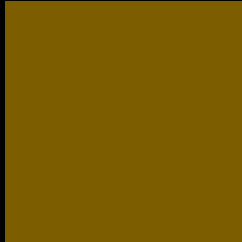
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

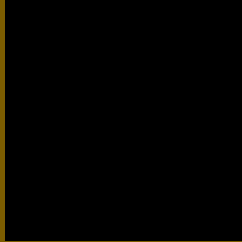
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 91.6670, -45.1918,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560

Protanopia

91.5130, -41.6649, 17.0901

Deuteranopia

91.7810, -44.7550, 28.2561



Tritanopia

99.3560, -3.1335, 25.1208

Trichromacy



Original Color

91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560

Protanomaly

91.4920, -43.1336, 21.4935

Deuteranomaly

91.7810, -44.7550, 28.2561

Tritanomaly

96.9420, -18.7054, 26.3609

Monochromacy



Original Color

91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560

Achromatopsia

92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

91.8260, -16.1832, 10.6766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 93, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 93, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 93, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 93, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 93, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 93, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 93, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 93, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 93, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 93, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 91.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 93, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 93,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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