

# Converting Colors

YUV(92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347)  
contains.

<b>YUV(92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(92.4120, -4.6401,  
41.7347)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8C4653
RGB	140, 70, 83
RGB Percent	55%, 27%, 33%
CMY	0.4510, 0.7255, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.41, 0.45
HSL	349°, 33%, 41%
HSV	349°, 50%, 55%
XYZ	14.5667, 10.5803, 9.4581
YIQ	92.4120, 37.5470, 18.8830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

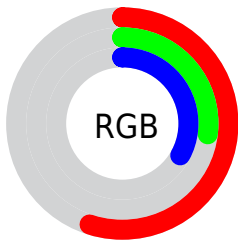
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	140, 70, 83
Decimal	9193043
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.86, 31.09, 6.02
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 31.667, 10.957
Yxy	10.5803, 0.4209, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287383123 (0xFF8C4653)
YUV	92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347
Hunter-Lab	32.5274, 23.0146, 5.5293

# Details

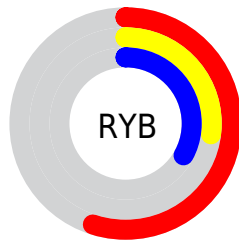
The YUV color **92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **117.5880, 4.6401, -41.7347**, and the grayscale version is **92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144.0920, -5.9614, 45.5233**, and **43.2590, -2.5927, 38.3609** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.9400, -5.3934, 50.0416**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.8840, -3.8868, 33.4277**.

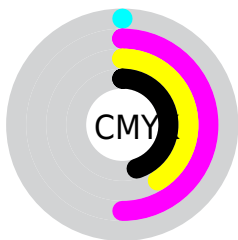
# Distribution



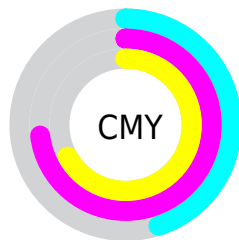
- Red (55%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92.4120, -4.6401,  
41.7347

92.4120, -4.6401,  
41.7347

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

67.6290, -3.7611,  
39.7904

144.0920, -5.9614,  
45.5233

43.2590, -2.5927,  
38.3609

170.9890, -6.4036,  
47.3676

20.2910, -1.1295,  
35.7018

198.5870, -6.6984,  
48.5972

11.7750, -5.3121,  
23.8763

218.5140, -2.7184,  
31.9982

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

238.7290, 1.1196,  
14.2697

■ 92.4120, -4.6401,  
41.7347

■ 92.4120, -4.6401,  
41.7347

■ 82.9400, -5.3934,  
50.0416

■ 101.8840, -3.8868,  
33.4277

■ 73.3540, -6.5835,  
58.4485

■ 111.4700, -2.6967,  
25.0208

■ 63.8820, -7.3368,  
66.7555

■ 120.9420, -1.9434,  
16.7139

■ 54.2960, -8.5269,  
75.1624

■ 130.5280, -0.7533,  
8.3069

■ 44.8240, -9.2802,  
83.4694

■ 140.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 149.4720, 0.7533,  
-8.3069

■ 159.0580, 1.9434,  
-16.7139

■ 168.5300, 2.6967,

-25.0208

■ 178.1160, 3.8868,  
-33.4277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.5600, 7.6119, 31.9579



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



91.4150, -15.9806, 39.1010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



85.4440, -16.9809, -13.5444



74.0730, 32.5020, -64.9620

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



117.5880, 4.6401, -41.7347

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5970, 24.3557, -65.4216



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



78.1660, -2.0538, -41.3646

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



88.3390, -24.3241, 8.4727



73.0350, 13.2937, -64.0517



89.3390, 25.9619, -20.4683



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



90.8780, -21.6319, 31.6790



73.0350, 13.2937, -64.0517



74.7910, 30.1760, -65.5917

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



162.6430, -1.7960, 16.0991



94.7240, 22.3211, 27.4291



80.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



106.9850, -6.8946, 64.9112



103.2570, -16.3957, 32.2236



64.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



42.6170, -8.6852, 79.2659



1.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347



106.9850, -6.8946, 64.9112



106.7430, 16.3957, -32.2236



64.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



42.6170, -8.6852, 79.2659

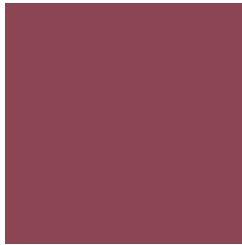


1.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

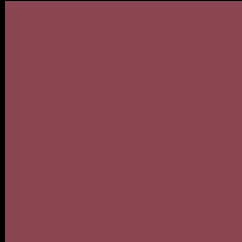
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 92.4120, -4.6401,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347

### Protanopia

92.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

### Deuteranopia

92.7580, -6.2897, 10.7362



## Tritanopia

91.9020, -7.8397, 41.3049

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347

## Protanomaly

92.5720, -0.7750, 15.2844

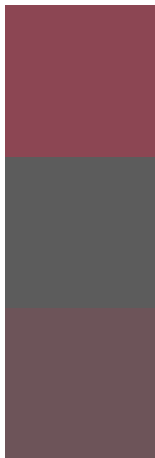
## Deuteranomaly

92.6500, -5.7434, 22.2320

## Tritanomaly

92.2440, -6.5293, 41.0050

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347

## Achromatopsia

92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

92.0450, -1.5012, 14.8695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 70, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(140, 70, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 70, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 70, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 70, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 70, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 70, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 70, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 70, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 70,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 92.4120, -4.6401, 41.7347 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 70, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 70,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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