

Converting Colors

YUV(92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093)
contains.

YUV(92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(92.5100, 40.1746,
-5.7093)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5650AE
RGB	86, 80, 174
RGB Percent	34%, 31%, 68%
CMY	0.6627, 0.6863, 0.3176
CMYK	0.51, 0.54, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	244°, 37%, 50%
HSV	244°, 54%, 68%
XYZ	14.3464, 10.7717, 41.3674
YIQ	92.5100, -26.5980, 30.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

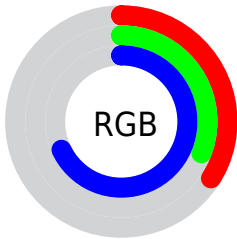
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 80, 174
Decimal	5656750
CIE _{Lab}	39.19, 28.32, -49.69
CIE _{LCh}	39, 57.194, 299.676
Yxy	10.7717, 0.2158, 0.1620
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283846830 (0xFF5650AE)
YUV	92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093
Hunter-Lab	32.8203, 20.5901, -51.7561

Details

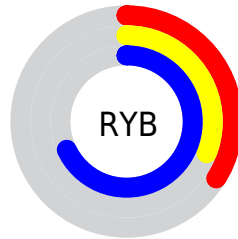
The YUV color **92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **161.4900, -40.1746, 5.7093**, and the grayscale version is **92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144.4010, 42.2003, -2.1057**, and **41.8140, 39.0387, -14.7459** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.7470, 47.4527, -6.7941**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.2730, 32.8964, -4.6244**.

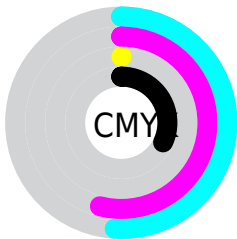
Distribution



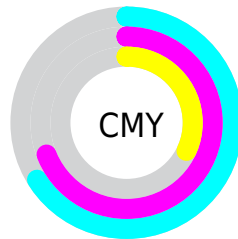
- Red (34%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92.5100, 40.1746,
-5.7093

■ 92.5100, 40.1746,
-5.7093

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 67.5590, 39.1644,
-8.3832

■ 144.4010, 42.2003,
-2.1057

■ 41.8140, 39.0387,
-14.7459

■ 170.8850, 41.4687,
-0.7761

■ 19.6350, 37.1549,
-17.2199

■ 195.1060, 29.5277,
2.5380

■ 8.0940, 31.0127,
-7.0984

■ 220.2130, 17.1500,
5.9522

■ 7.8200, 19.8087,
-6.8581

■ 245.0210, 4.9196,
8.7516

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,
-3.1142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 92.5100, 40.1746,
-5.7093

■ 92.5100, 40.1746,
-5.7093

■ 77.7470, 47.4527,
-6.7941

■ 107.2730, 32.8964,
-4.6244

■ 62.0980, 55.1677,
-7.9789

■ 122.9220, 25.1815,
-3.4396

■ 47.3350, 62.4458,
-9.0638

■ 137.6850, 17.9033,
-2.3547

■ 31.9850, 70.0134,
-9.6338

■ 153.0350, 10.3357,
-1.7847

■ 23.1250, 74.3814,
-10.6336

■ 167.7980, 3.0576,
-0.6998

■ 182.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

■ 198.2100,
-11.9355, 1.5698

■ 212.9730,
-19.2137, 2.6547

■ 228.6220,
-26.9286, 3.8395

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.7300, 52.8841, -69.0462



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



91.8990, 23.7138, 47.4466

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



85.9290, -42.3630, 54.4363



76.0040, 6.9000, -66.6555

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



161.4900, -40.1746, 5.7093

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.7710, -13.1981, -60.3122



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



86.6170, -42.7022, 23.1379

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



84.0050, -17.2575, 75.4176



80.1950, -39.5361, -12.4490



81.3620, 27.4295, -71.3545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



85.6540, 12.0026, 70.4634



80.1950, -39.5361, -12.4490



74.1800, -0.0887, -65.0559

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



195.7020, 15.4299, -2.3697



142.9590, 15.3032, -55.2150



95.8070, 9.4621, -1.5847



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093



98.8620, 63.1720, -8.6490



106.2640, 33.3938, 22.5705



79.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850



20.0900, 64.0456, -8.8489



2.9210, 9.8989, -1.6847

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.1380, 24.5820, 48.9910



139.0980, 38.8987, 77.0901



147.7360, -33.3938, -22.5705



81.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



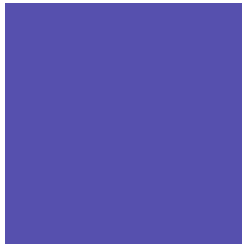
60.9240, 39.4775, 78.1197



9.2710, 5.7824, 12.0403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

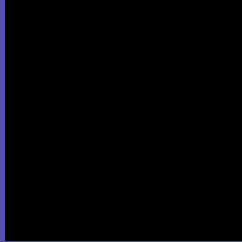
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 92.5100, 40.1746,

-5.7093.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093

Protanopia

81.8900, 50.3402, -46.3845

Deuteranopia

74.1020, 45.3057, -64.9875



Tritanopia

88.3440, 8.2114, -20.4727

Trichromacy



Original Color

92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093

Protanomaly

85.9520, 46.3657, -31.5299

Deuteranomaly

80.7780, 43.4934, -43.6553

Tritanomaly

90.0640, 19.6884, -14.9651

Monochromacy



Original Color

92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093

Achromatopsia

93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

92.4740, 14.5563, -2.1697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 80, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 80, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 80, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 80, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 80, 174) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 80, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 80, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 80, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 80, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 80,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 92.5100, 40.1746, -5.7093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 80, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 80,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor