

# Converting Colors

YUV(92.9250, -12.2880,  
114.9528)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528)  
contains.

<b>YUV(92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(92.9250, -12.2880,  
114.9528)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E01F44
RGB	224, 31, 68
RGB Percent	88%, 12%, 27%
CMY	0.1216, 0.8784, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.86, 0.70, 0.12
HSL	348°, 76%, 50%
HSV	348°, 86%, 88%
XYZ	32.2738, 17.2446, 7.0964
YIQ	92.9250, 103.1510, 52.4230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

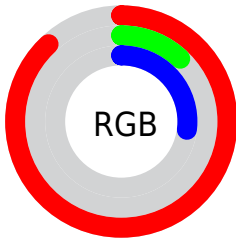
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 31, 68
Decimal	14688068
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.57, 70.52, 30.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 76.967, 23.618
Yxy	17.2446, 0.5701, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292878148 (0xFFE01F44)
YUV	92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528
Hunter-Lab	41.5266, 66.0557, 18.9368

# Details

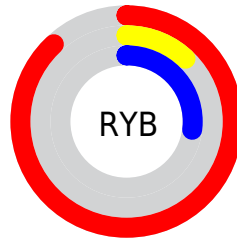
The YUV color **92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **162.0750, 12.2880, -114.9528**, and the grayscale version is **93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148.7560, -16.1487, 93.1760**, and **50.8040, -12.2284, 95.7649** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.9590, -13.7838, 128.0780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.8910, -10.7923, 101.8276**.

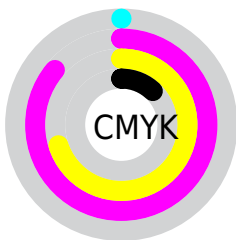
# Distribution



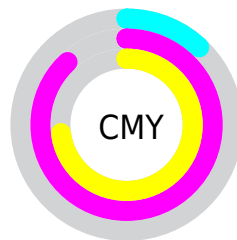
- Red (88%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (73%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 92.9250, -12.2880,  
114.9528


 92.9250, -12.2880,  
114.9528


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 62.6520, -8.2094,  
113.4382


 148.7560,  
-16.1487, 93.1760


 50.8040, -12.2284,  
95.7649


 168.6290,  
-13.6211, 75.7474


 38.5710, -19.0155,  
79.3062


 189.3170,  
-10.5093, 57.6040

 29.1170, -13.8617,  
59.5334

 209.4180, -7.1081,  
39.9754

 20.6740, -8.7133,  
41.5049

 230.2200, -3.5595,  
21.7321

 10.5790, -4.7224,  
21.4172

 251.1360, 0.4260,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

3.3887

0.0000

■ 92.9250, -12.2880,  
114.9528

■ 92.9250, -12.2880,  
114.9528

■ 77.9590, -13.7838,  
128.0780

■ 107.8910,  
-10.7923, 101.8276

■ 71.8780, -14.2369,  
133.4110

■ 123.4440, -9.5859,  
88.1876

■ 138.4100, -8.0901,  
75.0624


■ 153.9630, -6.8838,  
61.4224

■ 169.0430, -4.9512,  
48.1973

■ 184.0090, -3.4554,  
35.0721

 199.5620, -2.2491,  
21.4321

 214.5280, -0.7533,  
8.3069

 230.0810, 0.4531,  
-5.3330

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.4590, 21.4657, 115.3615



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



104.4010, -51.4697, 82.0863

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



83.2690, -28.7266, -73.0269



103.2940, 70.8471, -90.5888

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



162.0750, 12.2880, -114.9528

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.6730, 55.8702, -93.5522



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



94.6400, 2.1495, -82.9993

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



101.7580, -50.1667, -9.4348



102.8650, 31.1256, -90.2126



107.6860, 63.2588, -36.5586



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



108.6440, -53.5615, 52.9322



102.8650, 31.1256, -90.2126



105.6590, 67.2161, -92.6629

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



210.1020, -4.4873, 39.3755



99.0480, 61.6013, 75.3799



100.8720, -2.4019, 23.7913



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



81.8310, -16.1857, 151.8692



122.7530, -45.2342, 88.7936



104.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



56.5000, -11.0925, 104.8015



15.3780, -3.1444, 28.6095



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528



81.8310, -16.1857, 151.8692



132.2470, 45.2342, -88.7936



104.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



56.5000, -11.0925, 104.8015



15.3780, -3.1444, 28.6095



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 92.9250, -12.2880,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528

### Protanopia

115.7420, -8.7468, 5.4883

### Deuteranopia

114.5260, -27.8673, 24.9717



## Tritanopia

93.7880, -27.9965, 113.3189

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528

## Protanomaly

107.3540, -10.0345, 45.2935

## Deuteranomaly

106.6300, -22.0026, 57.3295

## Tritanomaly

93.2810, -22.3235, 113.7636

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528

## Achromatopsia

93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

92.8250, -4.3507, 42.2495

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 31, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 31, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 31, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 31, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 31, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 31, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 31, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 31, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 31, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 31,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 92.9250, -12.2880, 114.9528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 31, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224, 31,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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