

Converting Colors

YUV(93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(93.1410, -0.5625,
-6.2627)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56615C
RGB	86, 97, 92
RGB Percent	34%, 38%, 36%
CMY	0.6627, 0.6196, 0.6392
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.05, 0.62
HSL	153°, 6%, 36%
HSV	153°, 11%, 38%
XYZ	10.0442, 11.3005, 11.7770
YIQ	93.1410, -4.9510, -3.8870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

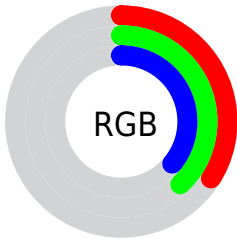
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 93, 97
Decimal	5661020
CIE Lab	40.08, -5.34, 1.40
CIE LCh	40, 5.524, 165.303
Yxy	11.3005, 0.3033, 0.3412
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283851100 (0xFF56615C)
YUV	93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627
Hunter-Lab	33.6163, -5.4944, 2.7599

Details

The YUV color **93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **89.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627**, and the grayscale version is **93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775**, and **47.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.6950, -0.8356, -12.0105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148**.

Distribution



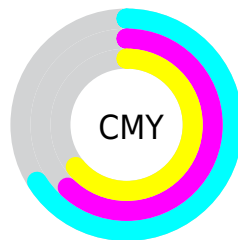
- Red (34%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 93.1410, -0.5625,
-6.2627

■ 93.1410, -0.5625,
-6.2627

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 69.5540, -0.2731,
-5.7479

■ 143.7280, -0.8519,
-6.7775

■ 47.4400, -0.7099,
-5.6479

■ 169.8420, -0.4151,
-6.8774

■ 26.5540, -0.2731,
-5.7479

■ 197.4290, -0.7045,
-7.3922

■ 0.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 225.4290, -0.7045,
-7.3922

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 251.6680, 0.1637,
-5.8478

■ 93.1410, -0.5625,
-6.2627

■ 93.1410, -0.5625,
-6.2627

■ 89.6950, -0.8356,
-12.0105

■ 96.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 86.4340, -1.6930,
-17.0436

■ 99.8480, 0.5679,
4.5183

■ 82.9880, -1.9661,
-22.7915

■ 103.2940, 0.8411,
10.2662

■ 79.4280, -2.6760,
-28.4394

■ 106.8540, 1.5510,
15.9140

■ 76.2810, -3.0965,
-33.5724

■ 110.3000, 1.8241,
21.6619

■ 72.8350, -3.3697,
-39.3203

■ 113.4470, 2.2446,
26.7950

■ 69.2750, -4.0796,
-44.9682

■ 117.0070, 2.9545,
32.4429

■ 65.8290, -4.3527,

■ 120.4530, 3.2277,

-50.7160

38.1907

■ 62.9810, -4.9206,
-55.2343

■ 123.7140, 4.0850,
43.2238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.2940, -2.6099, -2.8888



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



93.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



94.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146



95.1320, -3.5161, 7.7772

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



89.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.0010, -1.4795, 7.8921



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



95.4070, 2.7573, 2.2741

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



94.1070, 4.3842, -6.2328



95.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



94.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



93.3410, 2.7899, -8.1921



95.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



95.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



123.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



93.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



62.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



118.7060, -0.8411, -10.2662



93.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



46.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



72.6980, -5.7671, -63.7561



155.8140, -12.2333, -136.6489

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



113.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662



89.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.3020, 5.7671, 63.7561



84.1860, 12.2333, 136.6489

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

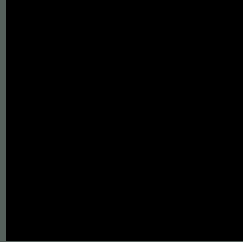
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

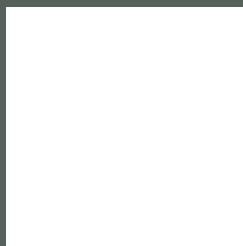
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627.

-6.2627.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627

Protanopia

94.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442

Deuteranopia

95.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921



Tritanopia

93.8190, 4.5262, -5.1033

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627

Protanomaly

93.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

Deuteranomaly

94.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591

Tritanomaly

93.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627

Achromatopsia

93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

92.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 97, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 97, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 97, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 97, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 97, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 97, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 97, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 97, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 97, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 97, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 93.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 97, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 97,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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