

# Converting Colors

YUV(93.2390, 24.0392,  
-57.2146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(93.2390, 24.0392,  
-57.2146)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1C758E
RGB	28, 117, 142
RGB Percent	11%, 46%, 56%
CMY	0.8902, 0.5412, 0.4431
CMYK	0.80, 0.18, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	193°, 67%, 33%
HSV	193°, 80%, 56%
XYZ	11.7227, 14.9224, 27.8537
YIQ	93.2390, -61.0690, -11.0930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

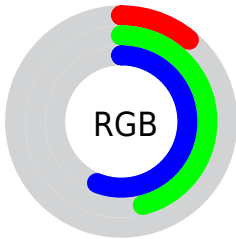
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	28, 78, 142
Decimal	1865102
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.53, -16.32, -20.88
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 26.501, 231.986
Yxy	14.9224, 0.2151, 0.2738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280055182 (0xFF1C758E)
YUV	93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146
Hunter-Lab	38.6296, -13.4336, -15.7100

# Details

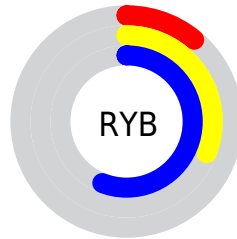
The YUV color **93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **76.7610, -24.0392, 57.2146**, and the grayscale version is **93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149.0550, 23.1439, -50.0372**, and **50.9910, 20.2174, -44.7191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.2920, 26.9710, -64.2771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.1860, 21.1073, -50.1521**.

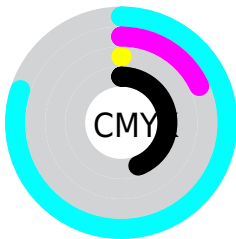
# Distribution



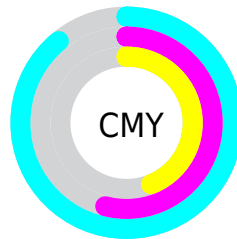
- Red (11%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93.2390, 24.0392,  
-57.2146

93.2390, 24.0392,  
-57.2146

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

67.2280, 24.0446,  
-58.9590

149.0550, 23.1439,  
-50.0372

50.9910, 20.2174,  
-44.7191

176.7670, 23.2859,  
-48.9077

34.7540, 16.3903,  
-30.4793

205.3540, 22.9965,  
-49.4225

21.0930, 12.2792,  
-18.4986

230.8030, 11.9291,  
-46.3082

3.4370, 10.6306,  
-3.0142

240.6480, 7.0755,  
-29.5093

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

249.3190, 2.8007,

-11.6808

■ 93.2390, 24.0392,  
-57.2146

■ 93.2390, 24.0392,  
-57.2146

■ 87.2920, 26.9710,  
-64.2771

■ 99.1860, 21.1073,  
-50.1521

■ 81.3450, 29.9029,  
-71.3396

■ 105.1330, 18.1754,  
-43.0896

■ 111.3790, 15.0962,  
-35.4124

■ 117.3260, 12.1643,  
-28.3499

■ 123.8600, 8.9430,  
-21.8022

■ 129.8070, 6.0111,  
-14.7397

■ 135.7540, 3.0793,  
-7.6773

■ 142.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.9470, -2.9319,  
7.0625

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5670, 16.4825, -60.1333



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



102.6920, 23.8158, -32.1789

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



110.4800, 2.2284, 32.0280



104.3750, -18.9189, 1.4251

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



76.7610, -24.0392, 57.2146

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.6160, -21.0097, 18.7538



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



109.0540, -8.4076, 36.7866

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



110.6120, 12.0233, 17.0033



108.4310, -16.9745, 31.1940



101.7190, -10.7075, -19.0476



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



106.9330, 21.7250, -14.8502



108.4310, -16.9745, 31.1940



105.3650, -20.3929, 7.5729

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



164.9740, 9.3798, -21.9022



97.7680, -22.0706, -61.1865



80.4050, 5.7163, -13.5102



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146



108.1840, 37.3773, -88.7384



59.7800, 40.5345, -27.8711



68.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886



77.6120, 28.2923, -68.0657



4.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.2320, 22.0706, 61.1865



75.6550, 34.1871, 95.0186



110.2200, -40.5345, 27.8711



66.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



52.4490, 26.4006, 72.3972



3.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

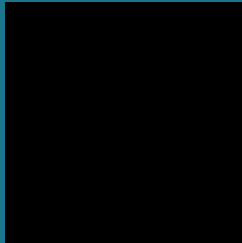
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146.



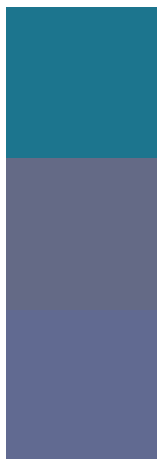
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 93.2390, 24.0392,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146

### Protanopia

107.3980, 13.1148, -6.4880

### Deuteranopia

107.7550, 18.3618, -9.4321



## Tritanopia

85.4560, 21.4672, -72.3139

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146

## Protanomaly

102.3140, 17.1002, -24.8314

## Deuteranomaly

102.5140, 20.4526, -26.7608

## Tritanomaly

88.1300, 22.6139, -66.7660

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146

## Achromatopsia

93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

93.1590, 8.7956, -21.1874

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 117, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 117, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 117, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 117, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 117, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 117, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 117, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 117, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 117, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 117,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 93.2390, 24.0392, -57.2146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 117, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 117,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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