

Converting Colors

YUV(93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(93.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	615C5C
RGB	97, 92, 92
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 36%
CMY	0.6196, 0.6392, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.62
HSL	0°, 3%, 37%
HSV	0°, 5%, 38%
XYZ	10.6887, 10.9684, 11.6790
YIQ	93.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

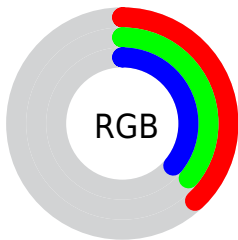
Format	Color
RYB	97, 92, 92
Decimal	6380636
CIELab	39.53, 2.00, 0.71
CIElCh	40, 2.122, 19.543
Yxy	10.9684, 0.3206, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284570716 (0xFF615C5C)
YUV	93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739
Hunter-Lab	33.1186, -0.3484, 2.2749

Details

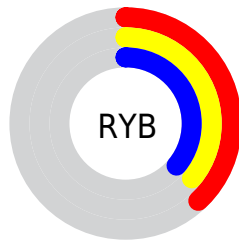
The YUV color **93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **95.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739**, and the grayscale version is **94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887**, and **47.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739**.

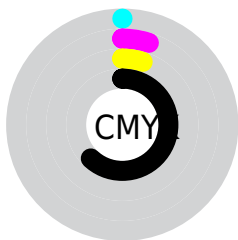
Distribution



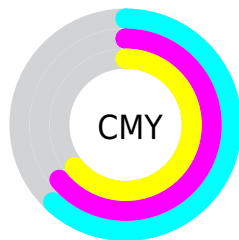
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 93.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 93.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 70.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 143.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 47.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 170.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 27.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 197.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 225.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 252.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 93.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 93.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 86.4850, -2.2111,
9.2217

■ 100.5050, 0.7370,
-3.0739

■ 80.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

■ 106.8140, 2.0637,
-8.6069

■ 73.1660, -5.0118,
20.9024

■ 113.8240, 3.5378,
-14.7546

■ 66.1560, -6.4859,
27.0502

■ 120.8340, 5.0118,
-20.9024

■ 59.8470, -7.8126,
32.5832

■ 127.1430, 6.3385,
-26.4354

■ 52.8370, -9.2866,
38.7310

■ 134.1530, 7.8126,
-32.5832

■ 45.8270, -10.7607,
44.8787

■ 141.1630, 9.2866,
-38.7310

■ 38.8170, -12.2348,

■ 148.1730, 10.7607,

51.0265

-44.8787

■ 32.5080, -13.5614,
56.5595

■ 154.4820, 12.0874,
-50.4117

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



93.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



92.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



92.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



95.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



92.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



92.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999



92.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739



93.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



93.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



92.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739



93.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



122.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



94.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



62.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



119.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



94.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



45.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



33.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



71.7600, -35.3777, 147.5465

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739



122.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



93.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



47.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



78.5120, 16.5096, -68.8550



168.2400, 35.3777, -147.5465

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

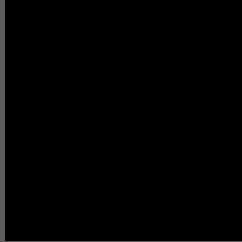
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739.

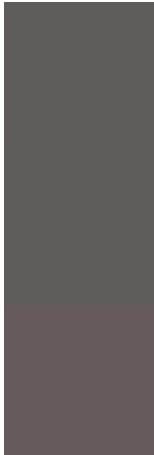


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 93.4950, -0.7370,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739

Protanopia

93.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

Deuteranopia

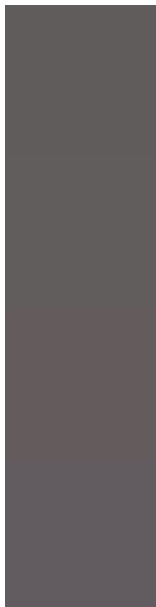
93.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774



Tritanopia

93.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739

Protanomaly

93.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443

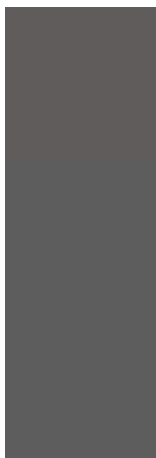
Deuteranomaly

93.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330

Tritanomaly

93.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739

Achromatopsia

93.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

93.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 92, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 92, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 92, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 92, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 92, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 92, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 92, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 92, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 92, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 92, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 93.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 92, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 92,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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