

Converting Colors

YUV(94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044)
contains.

YUV(94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(94.6310, 2.6469,
-55.8044)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F7E64
RGB	31, 126, 100
RGB Percent	12%, 49%, 39%
CMY	0.8784, 0.5059, 0.6078
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.21, 0.51
HSL	164°, 61%, 31%
HSV	164°, 75%, 49%
XYZ	10.3262, 16.1331, 14.6263
YIQ	94.6310, -48.2740, -28.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

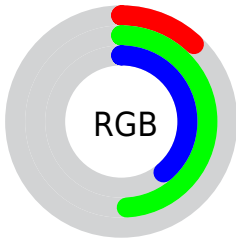
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 86, 126
Decimal	2063972
CIE _{Lab}	47.15, -33.61, 6.45
CIE _{LCh}	47, 34.224, 169.140
Yxy	16.1331, 0.2513, 0.3927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280254052 (0xFF1F7E64)
YUV	94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044
Hunter-Lab	40.1660, -24.4005, 6.5260

Details

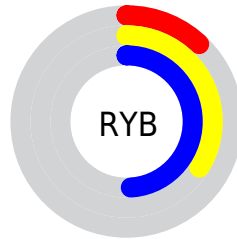
The YUV color **94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **62.3690, -2.6469, 55.8044**, and the grayscale version is **95.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149.4960, 0.7415, -51.3010**, and **50.6540, 1.1566, -44.4236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.4020, 3.2528, -63.4966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.8600, 2.0410, -48.1122**.

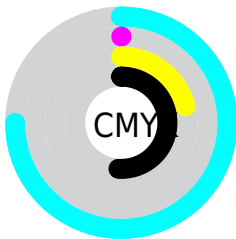
Distribution



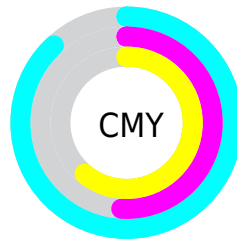
- Red (12%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94.6310, 2.6469,
-55.8044

■ 94.6310, 2.6469,
-55.8044

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 67.9510, 3.9682,
-59.5930

■ 149.4960, 0.7415,
-51.3010

■ 50.6540, 1.1566,
-44.4236

■ 177.0830, 0.4521,
-51.8158

■ 34.1720, -1.0708,
-29.9688

■ 205.5560, -0.2741,
-52.2306

■ 20.3970, -5.6187,
-17.8882

■ 228.2730, 2.3304,
-47.5974

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 239.4520, 7.6652,
-31.9684

■ 248.1230, 3.3904,

-14.1399

■ 94.6310, 2.6469,
-55.8044

■ 94.6310, 2.6469,
-55.8044

■ 90.4020, 3.2528,
-63.4966

■ 98.8600, 2.0410,
-48.1122

■ 86.3580, 3.2745,
-70.4740

■ 102.9040, 2.0193,
-41.1348

■ 84.4500, 3.7222,
-74.0626

■ 107.1330, 1.4134,
-33.4426

■ 111.1770, 1.3917,
-26.4652

■ 115.4060, 0.7858,
-18.7731

■ 119.7490, 0.6167,
-11.1809

■ 123.6790, 0.1583,
-4.1035

■ 128.0220, -0.0108,
3.4887

■ 131.9520, -0.4693,
10.5661

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.2580, -14.9172, -22.1513



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



89.3690, 20.0311, -78.3766

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



111.6220, 26.8084, -11.9465



111.4600, -20.9328, 40.8156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



62.3690, -2.6469, 55.8044

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.8920, -9.3138, 47.4527



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



115.0020, 17.2540, 19.2922

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



99.4810, 33.7799, -54.7958



114.2190, 4.8220, 40.1499



110.3410, -27.2831, 24.2569

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



90.1330, 28.0354, -79.0466



114.2190, 4.8220, 40.1499



112.1060, -17.3073, 44.6340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



150.7970, 1.0861, -21.7470



94.8380, -31.4721, -32.3069



74.3250, 0.3328, -13.4400



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044



114.4870, 4.1969, -86.3731



85.2680, 20.0809, -47.5930



61.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035



85.7380, 3.5802, -75.1922



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.3690, -2.6469, 55.8044



64.6270, -3.7601, 86.2731



71.7320, -20.0809, 47.5930



59.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



42.2620, -3.5802, 75.1922



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

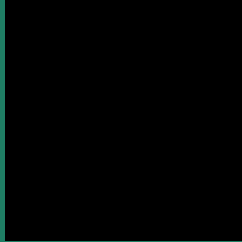
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044.

-55.8044.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044

Protanopia

110.6280, -9.1836, 5.5882

Deuteranopia

112.0400, -3.9637, 11.3659



Tritanopia

101.0140, 15.2761, -46.4933

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044

Protanomaly

104.6360, -4.7505, -16.3438

Deuteranomaly

105.8690, -1.4144, -13.0401

Tritanomaly

98.4390, 10.6296, -49.4970

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044

Achromatopsia

95.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

94.8080, 1.0807, -20.0026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 126, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 126, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 126, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 126, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 126, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 126, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 126, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 126, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 126, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 126,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 94.6310, 2.6469, -55.8044 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 126, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 126,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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