

Converting Colors

YUV(94.7740, -10.7346,
-10.3258)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258)
contains.

YUV(94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(94.7740, -10.7346,
-10.3258)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	536949
RGB	83, 105, 73
RGB Percent	33%, 41%, 29%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5882, 0.7137
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.30, 0.59
HSL	101°, 18%, 35%
HSV	101°, 30%, 41%
XYZ	9.8215, 12.4232, 8.1836
YIQ	94.7740, -2.8400, -14.6160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

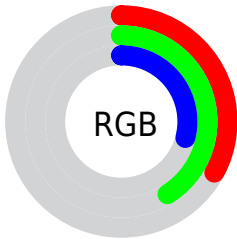
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 105, 95
Decimal	5466441
CIE _{Lab}	41.88, -14.86, 15.39
CIE _{LCh}	42, 21.393, 133.988
Yxy	12.4232, 0.3228, 0.4083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283656521 (0xFF536949)
YUV	94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258
Hunter-Lab	35.2465, -11.9424, 10.9065

Details

The YUV color **94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **83.2260, 10.7346, 10.3258**, and the grayscale version is **95.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.2470, -11.4608, -10.7406**, and **48.4150, -9.5716, -10.0110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.4270, -14.5075, -13.5295**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.0070, -7.3985, -7.0221**.

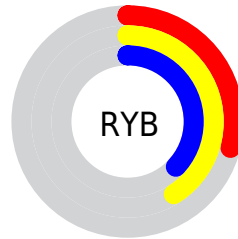
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (41%)

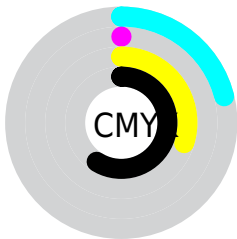
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (37%)

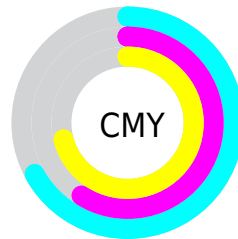


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94.7740, -10.7346,
-10.3258

■ 94.7740, -10.7346,
-10.3258

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 70.8880, -10.2978,
-10.4258

■ 145.2470,
-11.4608, -10.7406

■ 48.4150, -9.5716,
-10.0110

■ 171.8340,
-11.7502, -11.2554

■ 26.7850, -10.7400,
-8.5814

■ 199.3070,
-12.4764, -11.6702

■ 7.6310, -3.7621,
-6.6924

■ 227.3070,
-12.4764, -11.6702

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 248.5620, -9.1511,
-4.8779

■ 94.7740, -10.7346,
-10.3258

■ 94.7740, -10.7346,
-10.3258

■ 91.4270, -14.5075,
-13.5295

■ 98.0070, -7.3985,
-7.0221

■ 88.1940, -17.8436,
-16.8331

■ 101.3540, -3.6255,
-3.8185

■ 84.5480, -21.4692,
-20.6516

■ 105.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 81.3150, -24.8053,
-23.9553

■ 108.2330, 3.3361,
3.3037

■ 77.9680, -28.5782,
-27.1589

■ 111.5800, 7.1091,
6.5073

■ 74.7350, -31.9144,
-30.4626

■ 114.8130, 10.4452,
9.8110

■ 71.5020, -35.2505,
-33.7663

■ 118.4590, 14.0707,
13.6295

■ 121.6920, 17.4068,

16.9331

■ 125.0390, 21.1798,
20.1368

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.7930, -16.1669, 5.4435



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



92.0800, -1.5184, -26.3802

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



93.7480, 18.8582, -28.7200



100.9220, -4.8915, 29.0094

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



83.2260, 10.7346, 10.3258

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.7670, 3.5659, 23.0063



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



99.0000, 16.7620, -9.6470

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



89.3890, 16.5702, -41.5602



100.7420, 11.4662, 8.9963



99.9620, -12.3063, 27.2203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



89.5610, 5.6394, -35.5720



100.7420, 11.4662, 8.9963



101.3070, -2.1234, 27.7948

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



133.8270, -4.3517, -4.2333



95.4820, -11.0836, 8.3473



66.5930, -2.7573, -2.2741



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258



121.7210, -17.1175, -16.4183



92.4680, -6.6397, -17.0734



52.1200, -2.0312, -1.8592



79.7420, -39.3128, -37.4847



166.8380, -82.2511, -78.7879

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.2260, 10.7346, 10.3258



103.2790, 17.1175, 16.4183



85.5320, 6.6397, 17.0734



49.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592



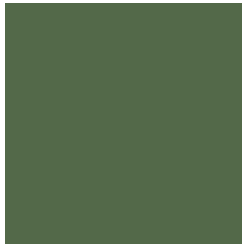
37.5570, 39.1654, 38.0995



78.1620, 82.2511, 78.7879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

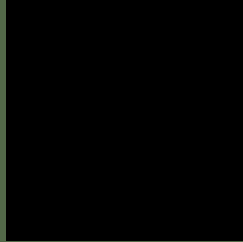
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258.

-10.3258.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258

Protanopia

97.2000, -13.4096, 7.7176

Deuteranopia

98.9990, -11.8315, 14.9099



Tritanopia

97.6230, 5.1159, -7.5624

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258

Protanomaly

96.6830, -12.6617, 1.1550

Deuteranomaly

97.6450, -11.6570, 5.5733

Tritanomaly

96.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258

Achromatopsia

95.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

95.2400, -4.0623, -3.7185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 105, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 105, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 105, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 105, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 105, 73) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 105, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 105, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 105, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 105, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 105,  
73) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 94.7740, -10.7346, -10.3258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 105, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 105,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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