

Converting Colors

YUV(95.2790, -36.6195,
32.2043)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(95.2790, -36.6195,
32.2043)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	845B15
RGB	132, 91, 21
RGB Percent	52%, 36%, 8%
CMY	0.4824, 0.6431, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.84, 0.48
HSL	38°, 73%, 30%
HSV	38°, 84%, 52%
XYZ	13.3922, 12.4418, 2.4051
YIQ	95.2790, 46.9060, -13.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

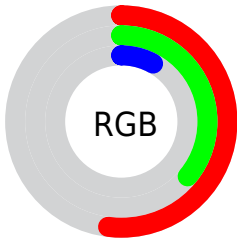
Format	Color
RYB	86, 132, 21
Decimal	8674069
CIELab	41.91, 10.57, 43.73
CIElCh	42, 44.987, 76.413
Yxy	12.4418, 0.4742, 0.4406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286864149 (0xFF845B15)
YUV	95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043
Hunter-Lab	35.2730, 6.0437, 20.6483

Details

The YUV color **95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **57.7210, 36.6195, -32.2043**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147.3720, -37.6514, 36.5078**, and **49.7370, -24.5203, 24.7867** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.8620, -40.8510, 36.0780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.6960, -32.3881, 28.3306**.

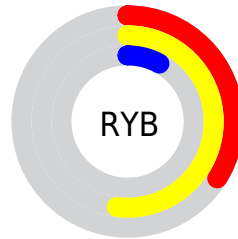
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (36%)

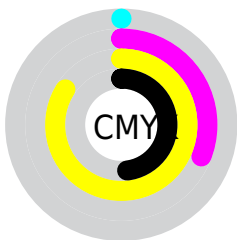
Blue (8%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (8%)

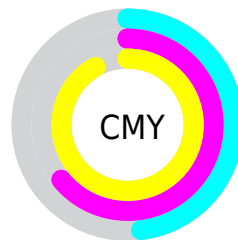


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 95.2790, -36.6195,
32.2043

■ 95.2790, -36.6195,
32.2043

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 71.0120, -35.0089,
28.9305

■ 147.3720,
-37.6514, 36.5078

■ 49.7370, -24.5203,
24.7867

■ 174.1550,
-38.5304, 38.4521

■ 30.2230, -14.8999,
19.0984

■ 201.9380,
-39.4094, 40.3964

■ 8.3720, -4.1274,
17.2138

■ 223.4310,
-37.1875, 27.6860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 243.5320,
-33.7863, 10.0574

■ 249.0720,

-22.7135, 5.1989

■ 252.2640,
-10.4832, 2.3995

■ 95.2790, -36.6195,
32.2043

■ 95.2790, -36.6195,
32.2043

■ 90.8620, -40.8510,
36.0780

■ 99.6960, -32.3881,
28.3306

■ 88.1890, -43.4772,
38.4222

■ 104.1130,
-28.1567, 24.4569

■ 108.6440,
-23.4885, 20.4832

■ 113.0610,
-19.2571, 16.6095

■ 116.8910,
-14.7363, 13.2506

■ 121.3080,
-10.5048, 9.3769

■ 125.7250, -6.2734,
5.5032

■ 130.2560, -1.6052,
1.5295

■ 134.6730, 2.6262,
-2.3442

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.5000, -24.8965, 52.1815



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



92.2280, -36.1014, 5.9390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



82.2450, 18.1202, -72.1289



101.7340, 23.7951, 21.2813

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



57.7210, 36.6195, -32.2043

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.4660, 36.7453, -25.8417



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



84.2460, 33.4027, -73.8837

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



77.2120, 1.3745, -67.7149



82.8900, 43.4382, -72.6945



99.0230, 8.8627, 50.8458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



89.3870, -27.3058, -15.2484



82.8900, 43.4382, -72.6945



101.7970, 28.2011, 8.0710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



156.7060, -14.1521, 12.5358



59.0910, 2.4201, 63.9412



78.1660, -8.4628, 7.7474



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043



114.5250, -56.4608, 49.5286



115.4590, -46.5683, 3.1055



64.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295



87.0040, -42.8930, 37.7075



2.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7210, 36.6195, -32.2043



56.4750, 56.4608, -49.5286



37.5410, 46.5683, -3.1055



61.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



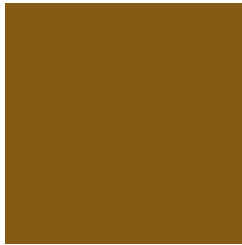
42.9960, 42.8930, -37.7075



0.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

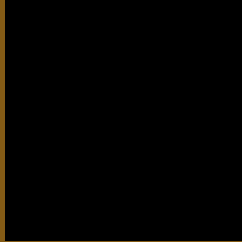
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.2790, -36.6195,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043

Protanopia

94.8100, -35.4023, 15.0756

Deuteranopia

94.7190, -37.3295, 26.5564



Tritanopia

100.9330, -4.8970, 30.7538

Trichromacy



Original Color

95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043

Protanomaly

95.0280, -36.0028, 21.0234

Deuteranomaly

95.1430, -37.0455, 28.8156

Tritanomaly

98.9580, -16.2483, 31.6088

Monochromacy



Original Color

95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043

Achromatopsia

95.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

95.2220, -13.4204, 11.2063

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 91, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 91, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 91, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 91, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 91, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 91, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 91, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 91, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 91, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 91,  
21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 95.2790, -36.6195, 32.2043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 91, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 91,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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