

# Converting Colors

YUV(95.6400, -21.0215,  
-24.2403)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(95.6400, -21.0215,  
-24.2403)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	447635
RGB	68, 118, 53
RGB Percent	27%, 46%, 21%
CMY	0.7333, 0.5373, 0.7922
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.55, 0.54
HSL	106°, 38%, 34%
HSV	106°, 55%, 46%
XYZ	9.5049, 14.4429, 5.6549
YIQ	95.6400, -8.9350, -30.8150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

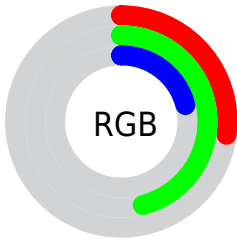
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	53, 118, 103
Decimal	4486709
CIELab	44.86, -30.25, 30.31
CIELCh	45, 42.827, 134.942
Yxy	14.4429, 0.3211, 0.4879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282676789 (0xFF447635)
YUV	95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403
Hunter-Lab	38.0038, -21.8628, 17.7803

# Details

The YUV color **95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **75.3600, 21.0215, 24.2403**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147.4720, -22.9107, -24.9699**, and **45.6720, -19.5583, -26.8993** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.5810, -24.9364, -28.5735**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.6990, -17.1066, -19.9070**.

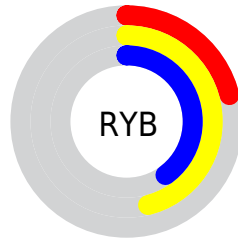
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (46%)

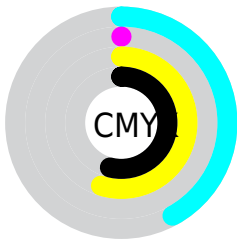
Blue (21%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (40%)

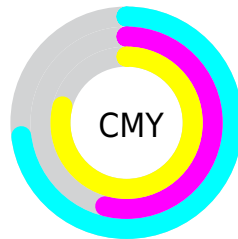


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 95.6400, -21.0215,  
-24.2403

■ 95.6400, -21.0215,  
-24.2403

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 70.8680, -20.1479,  
-24.4402

■ 147.4720,  
-22.9107, -24.9699

■ 45.6720, -19.5583,  
-26.8993

■ 174.3580,  
-23.3475, -24.8700

■ 27.0020, -13.3120,  
-23.6808

■ 201.8310,  
-24.0737, -25.2848

■ 15.2620, -7.5242,  
-13.3848

■ 230.3040,  
-24.7999, -25.6996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 242.1670,  
-16.8443, -10.6705

■ 252.9480, -7.8624,

1.7996

■ 95.6400, -21.0215,  
-24.2403

■ 95.6400, -21.0215,  
-24.2403

■ 91.5810, -24.9364,  
-28.5735

■ 99.6990, -17.1066,  
-19.9070

■ 87.5220, -28.8513,  
-32.9068

■ 103.7580,  
-13.1917, -15.5738

■ 83.5770, -32.3295,  
-37.3400

■ 107.7030, -9.7136,  
-11.1405

■ 79.5180, -36.2444,  
-41.6733

■ 111.7620, -5.7987,  
-6.8073

■ 77.3390, -38.1281,  
-44.1473

■ 115.8210, -1.8838,  
-2.4740

■ 119.8800, 2.0312,  
1.8592

■ 124.2380, 5.7987,  
6.8073

■ 128.1830, 9.2768,  
11.2405

■ 132.2420, 13.1917,  
15.5738

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.8090, -33.9228, 7.1835



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



81.4180, 2.2589, -71.4036

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



87.4550, 43.1597, -76.6980



105.1260, -7.4571, 58.6485

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



75.3600, 21.0215, 24.2403

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.0010, 8.8735, 47.3571



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



103.1240, 35.4349, -25.5417

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



88.8110, 33.1242, -77.8872



109.3100, 23.5112, 19.0221



104.5430, -23.4387, 51.2668



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



85.4420, 12.6001, -74.9326



109.3100, 23.5112, 19.0221



106.1950, -2.0681, 56.8340

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



144.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



101.7850, -24.0510, 14.2206



71.5880, -5.2199, -5.7777



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403



118.1640, -32.6189, -37.8548



93.0930, -11.3848, -35.1616



56.8210, -1.8838, -2.4740



79.9860, -39.4331, -45.5917



164.0920, -80.8974, -93.0427



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.3600, 21.0215, 24.2403



86.8360, 32.6189, 37.8548



77.9070, 11.3848, 35.1616



54.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592



42.0140, 39.4331, 45.5917



85.9080, 80.8974, 93.0427



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403

### Protanopia

102.7910, -26.5190, 12.4613

### Deuteranopia

104.4700, -22.9097, 21.5128



## Tritanopia

102.7570, 8.5008, -19.9579

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403

## Protanomaly

99.8710, -24.5864, -0.7639

## Deuteranomaly

101.1860, -22.2767, 5.0989

## Tritanomaly

100.5860, -2.2609, -21.5619

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403

## Achromatopsia

96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

95.8820, -7.8298, -8.6665

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 118, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 118, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 118, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 118, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 118, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 118, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 118, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 118, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 118, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 118,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 95.6400, -21.0215, -24.2403 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 118, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 118,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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