

# Converting Colors

YUV(95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(95.7140, -26.4810,  
0.2508)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	606A2A
RGB	96, 106, 42
RGB Percent	38%, 42%, 16%
CMY	0.6235, 0.5843, 0.8353
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.60, 0.58
HSL	69°, 43%, 29%
HSV	69°, 60%, 42%
XYZ	10.3958, 12.9620, 4.1445
YIQ	95.7140, 14.5840, -22.0240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

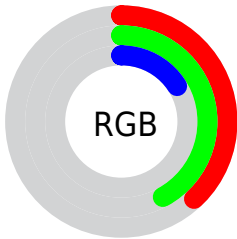
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	42, 106, 52
Decimal	6318634
CIELab	42.71, -13.93, 33.94
CIElCh	43, 36.686, 112.309
Yxy	12.9620, 0.3780, 0.4713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284508714 (0xFF606A2A)
YUV	95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508
Hunter-Lab	36.0028, -11.4630, 18.3768

# Details

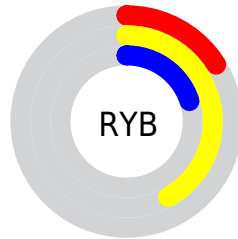
The YUV color **95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **52.2860, 26.4810, -0.2508**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146.6710, -27.9388, 1.1655**, and **48.9850, -24.1496, -0.8638** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.8620, -30.9910, 0.1210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.5660, -21.9710, 0.3806**.

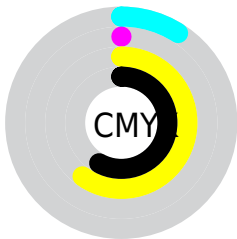
# Distribution



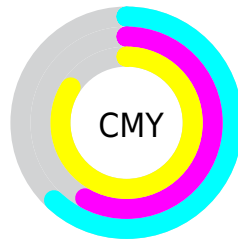
- Red (38%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 95.7140, -26.4810,  
0.2508

■ 95.7140, -26.4810,  
0.2508

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.4150, -26.3336,  
-0.3640

■ 146.6710,  
-27.9388, 1.1655

■ 48.9850, -24.1496,  
-0.8638

■ 173.4430,  
-28.8124, 1.3655

■ 28.8950, -14.2452,  
-4.2929

■ 201.2150,  
-29.6860, 1.5654

■ 9.9790, -4.9196,  
-8.7516

■ 229.4000,  
-30.2702, 2.2802

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 248.2740,  
-25.7711, 5.8987

■ 251.4660,

-13.5407, 3.0993

254.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 95.7140, -26.4810,  
0.2508

■ 95.7140, -26.4810,  
0.2508

■ 93.8620, -30.9910,  
0.1210

■ 97.5660, -21.9710,  
0.3806

■ 92.4230, -35.2115,  
0.5060

■ 99.0050, -17.7505,  
-0.0044

■ 90.5710, -39.7215,  
0.3762

■ 100.8570,  
-13.2405, 0.1254

■ 88.8330, -43.7947,  
0.1465

■ 102.5950, -9.1673,  
0.3552

■ 104.1480, -4.5100,  
-0.1298

■ 106.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 107.7380, 4.0732,  
0.2298

■ 109.2910, 8.7305,  
-0.2552

■ 111.0290, 12.8037,  
-0.0254

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.1730, -29.1723, 23.5273



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



90.7520, -14.1747, -26.9695

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



83.2030, 31.9449, -72.9690



102.8990, 3.5008, 43.9386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



52.2860, 26.4810, -0.2508

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.2090, 16.6590, 23.4957



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



81.1740, 39.3542, -69.4356

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



82.1140, 20.1568, -72.0140



101.1600, 27.5291, -9.7873



100.6750, -10.1928, 49.3970



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



82.7190, -0.8475, -55.0046



101.1600, 27.5291, -9.7873



102.8320, 8.4638, 38.7353

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



133.9540, -10.3303, 0.0403



67.0060, -12.3280, 34.1977



66.3930, -6.1097, -0.3447



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508



121.9300, -40.8845, 0.0614



86.1460, -21.7640, -19.4220



53.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



98.2800, -48.4520, 0.6314



205.7080, -101.4140, 1.1331



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2860, 26.4810, -0.2508



54.7710, 41.0319, -0.6762



61.8540, 21.7640, 19.4220



48.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149



18.7200, 48.4520, -0.6314



39.2920, 101.4140, -1.1331



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

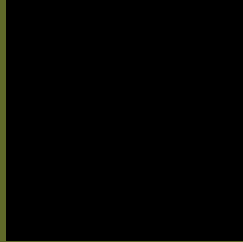
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.7140, -26.4810,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508

### Protanopia

97.4490, -27.8294, 12.7612

### Deuteranopia

98.8570, -26.5515, 22.9274



## Tritanopia

101.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508

## Protanomaly

96.8290, -27.5237, 8.0430

## Deuteranomaly

97.8020, -26.5244, 14.2056

## Tritanomaly

99.2360, -8.0043, 0.6700

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508

## Achromatopsia

96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

96.0680, -9.8935, -0.0596

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 106, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 106, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 106, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 106, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 106, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 106, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 106, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 106, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 106, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 106,  
42) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 95.7140, -26.4810, 0.2508 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 106, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 106,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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