

# Converting Colors

YUV(95.7980, 77.0076,  
-12.9778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(95.7980, 77.0076,  
-12.9778)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5149FC
RGB	81, 73, 252
RGB Percent	32%, 29%, 99%
CMY	0.6824, 0.7137, 0.0118
CMYK	0.68, 0.71, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	243°, 97%, 64%
HSV	243°, 71%, 99%
XYZ	23.3466, 13.5427, 93.4790
YIQ	95.7980, -52.6910, 57.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

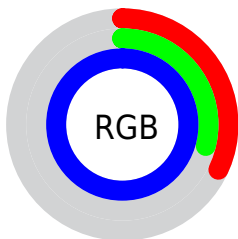
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	81, 73, 252
Decimal	5327356
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.57, 56.37, -87.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 103.983, 302.826
Yxy	13.5427, 0.1791, 0.1039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283517436 (0xFF5149FC)
<b>YUV</b>	95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778
Hunter-Lab	36.8004, 48.8416, -124.8459

# Details

The YUV color **95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as middle washed blue. A complement of this color would be **229.2020, -77.0076, 12.9778**, and the grayscale version is **95.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146.7080, 53.3880, 2.8871**, and **36.7910, 77.5040, -32.2657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.9470, 87.7801, -14.8625**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.6490, 66.2350, -11.0932**.

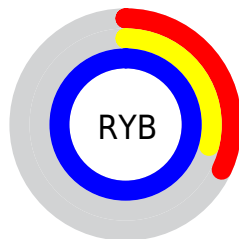
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (29%)

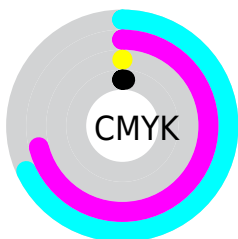
Blue (99%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (99%)

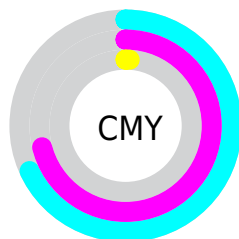


Cyan (68%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 95.7980, 77.0076,  
-12.9778

■ 95.7980, 77.0076,  
-12.9778

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 63.7530, 78.5088,  
-27.8474

■ 146.7080, 53.3880,  
2.8871

■ 36.7910, 77.5040,  
-32.2657

■ 171.5380, 41.1468,  
9.1752

■ 19.5110, 72.2191,  
-17.1111

■ 196.6560, 28.7636,  
14.3337

■ 15.7320, 60.2781,  
-13.7970

■ 222.6600, 15.9436,  
19.5922

■ 12.7680, 48.9214,  
-11.1975

■ 242.6730, 6.0772,  
10.8108

■ 16.8480, 34.0919,  
-14.7757

■ 10.5900, 25.3451,

-9.2874

■ 6.2070, 16.1669,  
-5.4435

■ 2.5250, 7.1362,  
-2.2144

■ 95.7980, 77.0076,  
-12.9778

■ 95.7980, 77.0076,  
-12.9778

■ 73.9470, 87.7801,  
-14.8625

■ 117.6490, 66.2350,  
-11.0932

■ 52.0960, 98.5527,  
-16.7472

■ 139.5000, 55.4625,  
-9.2085

■ 32.0170, 108.4516,  
-18.4319

■ 161.9380, 44.4006,  
-7.8386

■ 183.7890, 33.6280,  
-5.9540

■ 205.6400, 22.8555,  
-4.0693

■ 227.4910, 12.0829,  
-2.1846

■ 249.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.5750, 78.1035, -84.6963



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



82.2710, 50.1524, 107.6333

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



91.1220, -44.9231, 82.3310



90.4970, 9.1220, -79.3659

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



229.2020, -77.0076, 12.9778

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.3100, -37.6208, -66.9239



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



96.0420, -47.3487, 20.1342

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



70.2520, -28.2252, 140.0990



71.6140, -35.3057, -62.8055



101.5890, 46.5446, -89.0936



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



85.1560, 21.1221, 132.2902



71.6140, -35.3057, -62.8055



86.4900, -3.6926, -75.8517

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



208.0530, 23.1449, -3.5545



194.9570, 28.1222, -106.9563



99.9470, 13.8301, -2.5845



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778



65.7280, 93.3111, -15.5475



121.8110, 64.1832, 40.5078



113.7810, 5.5310, -0.6849



23.9380, 81.3756, -13.9776



7.8510, 26.2025, -4.2543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146.0150, 48.3066, 92.9488



126.4810, 58.4299, 112.7112



203.1890, -64.1832, -40.5078



117.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



77.0310, 50.7637, 98.1968

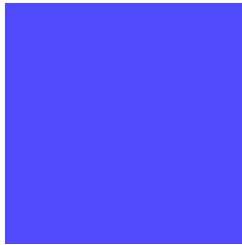


24.8510, 16.3425, 31.7027



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

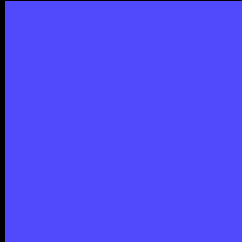
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 95.7980, 77.0076,

-12.9778.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778

### Protanopia

81.2380, 62.4937, -71.2457

### Deuteranopia

81.8130, 46.9272, -71.7500



## Tritanopia

80.1250, 20.1514, -70.2696

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778

## Protanomaly

86.4500, 67.8122, -50.3836

## Deuteranomaly

86.5180, 57.9186, -50.4433

## Tritanomaly

85.4630, 41.1837, -49.5181

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778

## Achromatopsia

96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

96.3070, 27.9496, -4.6542

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 73, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 73, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 73, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 73, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 73, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 73, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 73, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 73, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 73, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 73,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 95.7980, 77.0076, -12.9778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 73, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 73,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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