

# Converting Colors

YUV(96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(96.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	696144
RGB	105, 97, 68
RGB Percent	41%, 38%, 27%
CMY	0.5882, 0.6196, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.35, 0.59
HSL	47°, 21%, 34%
HSV	47°, 35%, 41%
XYZ	11.1438, 11.9700, 7.1919
YIQ	96.0860, 14.0770, -7.3230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

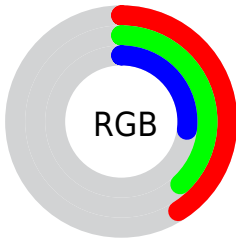
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	78, 105, 68
Decimal	6906180
CIE Lab	41.17, -1.70, 17.72
CIE LCh	41, 17.801, 95.468
Yxy	11.9700, 0.3677, 0.3950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285096260 (0xFF696144)
YUV	96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176
Hunter-Lab	34.5977, -3.0518, 11.8936

# Details

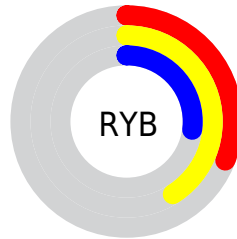
The YUV color **96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **76.9140, 13.8464, -7.8176**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146.4560, -15.0148, 9.2471**, and **49.7160, -12.6780, 6.3881** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.7720, -17.6356, 9.8470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.5140, -9.6204, 5.6882**.

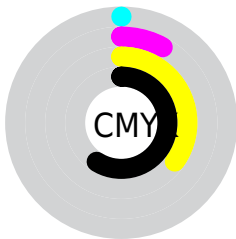
# Distribution



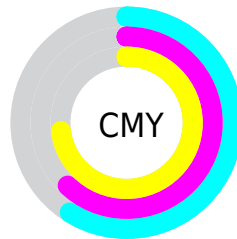
- Red (41%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176

96.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

71.9010, -13.2622,  
7.1028

146.4560,  
-15.0148, 9.2471

49.7160, -12.6780,  
6.3881

173.3420,  
-15.4516, 9.3471

28.3740, -13.9884,  
6.6880

200.6410,  
-15.5990, 9.9618

3.5330, -1.7418,  
-1.3444

228.5270,  
-16.0358, 10.0618

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

251.4660,  
-13.5407, 3.0993

254.7720, -0.8736,

0.2000

■ 96.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176

■ 96.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176

■ 93.7720, -17.6356,  
9.8470

■ 98.5140, -9.6204,  
5.6882

■ 90.7570, -21.5722,  
12.4911

■ 101.4150, -6.1206,  
3.1440

■ 88.4430, -25.3614,  
14.5205

■ 103.8430, -1.8946,  
1.0147

■ 86.0150, -29.5874,  
16.6498

■ 106.1570, 1.8946,  
-1.0147

■ 83.5870, -33.8134,  
18.7792

■ 108.4710, 5.6838,  
-3.0441

■ 80.6860, -37.3132,  
21.3234

■ 111.4860, 9.6204,  
-5.6882

■ 79.5290, -39.2078,  
22.3381

■ 113.9140, 13.8464,  
-7.8176

■ 116.2280, 17.6356,  
-9.8470

■ 118.6560, 21.8616,  
-11.9763

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.3800, -13.0053, 18.0837



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



94.2200, -10.4615, -4.5779

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



90.3640, 11.1595, -32.7682



99.3640, 4.7505, 16.3438

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



76.9140, 13.8464, -7.8176

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.5950, 11.0457, 3.8632



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



92.7330, 14.9216, -26.0758

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



90.2630, 4.3073, -28.2947



96.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210



98.9860, -1.9651, 23.6913



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



92.9030, -6.3612, -13.0699



96.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210



99.3250, 7.2348, 12.8700

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



133.9420, -5.3944, 3.5589



79.9750, -1.9597, 21.9469



66.8000, -3.3524, 1.9294



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176



123.7570, -21.5722, 12.4911



97.7920, -14.6875, -2.4486



52.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295



88.9870, -43.8706, 24.5674



185.9590, -91.6778, 51.7790



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.9140, 13.8464, -7.8176



93.6560, 21.8616, -11.9763



75.2080, 14.6875, 2.4486



49.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



28.0130, 43.8706, -24.5674



59.0410, 91.6778, -51.7790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

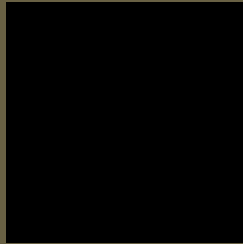
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.0860, -13.8464,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176

### Protanopia

96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176

### Deuteranopia

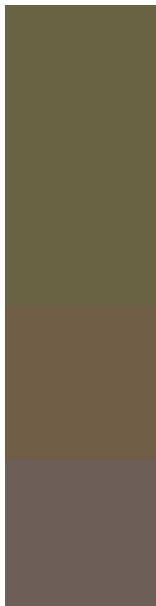
96.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



## Tritanopia

98.5820, 0.6991, 9.1366

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176

## Protanomaly

96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176

## Deuteranomaly

96.2330, -13.4259, 12.9507

## Tritanomaly

97.5020, -4.6845, 9.2067

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176

## Achromatopsia

96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

95.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 97, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 97, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 97, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 97, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 97, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 97, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 97, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 97, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 97, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 97,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 96.0860, -13.8464, 7.8176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 97, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 97,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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