

# Converting Colors

YUV(96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(96.1520, -20.7809,  
-8.0263)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	576D36
RGB	87, 109, 54
RGB Percent	34%, 43%, 21%
CMY	0.6588, 0.5725, 0.7882
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.50, 0.57
HSL	84°, 34%, 32%
HSV	84°, 50%, 43%
XYZ	10.0650, 13.2299, 5.5132
YIQ	96.1520, 4.5430, -21.7690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

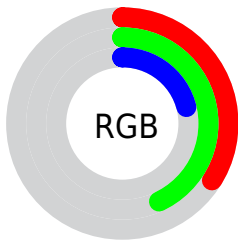
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	54, 109, 76
Decimal	5729590
CIELab	43.11, -18.22, 27.92
CIELCh	43, 33.339, 123.130
Yxy	13.2299, 0.3494, 0.4592
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283919670 (0xFF576D36)
YUV	96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263
Hunter-Lab	36.3729, -14.2586, 16.4742

# Details

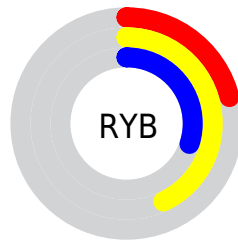
The YUV color **96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **66.8480, 20.7809, 8.0263**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147.3970, -22.3807, -8.2412**, and **48.3800, -19.9073, -8.2263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.7020, -24.9961, -9.3857**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.6020, -16.5658, -6.6670**.

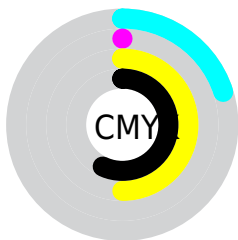
# Distribution



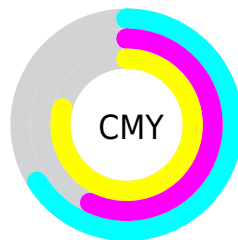
- Red (34%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96.1520, -20.7809,  
-8.0263

96.1520, -20.7809,  
-8.0263

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

72.2660, -20.3441,  
-8.1263

147.3970,  
-22.3807, -8.2412

48.3800, -19.9073,  
-8.2263

174.2830,  
-22.8175, -8.1412

28.2750, -13.9396,  
-9.0112

201.1690,  
-23.2543, -8.0412

11.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

229.6420,  
-23.9805, -8.4560

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

247.9620,  
-19.2083, 0.9103

252.9480, -7.8624,

1.7996

■ 96.1520, -20.7809,  
-8.0263

■ 96.1520, -20.7809,  
-8.0263

■ 93.7020, -24.9961,  
-9.3857

■ 98.6020, -16.5658,  
-6.6670

■ 90.9530, -29.0638,  
-11.3598

■ 101.3510,  
-12.4980, -4.6928

■ 88.5030, -33.2790,  
-12.7191

■ 103.8010, -8.2829,  
-3.3335

■ 86.0530, -37.4941,  
-14.0785

■ 106.2510, -4.0677,  
-1.9741

■ 83.4180, -41.1251,  
-16.1526

■ 109.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 111.3360, 3.7784,  
1.4593

■ 114.0850, 7.8461,  
3.4335

■ 116.5350, 12.0612,  
4.7928

■ 118.9850, 16.2764,  
6.1522

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.1010, -26.6718, 14.8204



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



90.8310, -7.3117, -34.9318

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



82.2570, 33.3973, -72.1394



103.5200, -1.7354, 43.3940

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



66.8480, 20.7809, 8.0263

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.4610, 11.1117, 29.4137



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



96.8860, 29.6362, -32.3490

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



82.4390, 23.9406, -72.2990



103.7550, 21.8128, 3.7229



101.9040, -14.2497, 43.9342



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



80.0040, 6.9000, -66.6555



103.7550, 21.8128, 3.7229



103.6490, 2.6380, 40.6498

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



137.8010, -8.2829, -3.3335



83.3590, -14.4740, 22.4872



68.1370, -4.5045, -1.8741



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263



122.6170, -32.8422, -12.8191



88.0790, -16.8009, -24.6253



52.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445



89.6090, -44.1772, -17.1971



187.7680, -92.5696, -35.7535



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.8480, 20.7809, 8.0263



76.3830, 32.8422, 12.8191



75.2200, 16.6535, 25.2401



49.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297



27.3910, 44.1772, 17.1971



57.2320, 92.5696, 35.7535



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263.

-8.0263.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263

### Protanopia

99.2900, -23.3140, 11.1467

### Deuteranopia

100.5130, -21.4519, 20.5981



## Tritanopia

101.5200, 4.6736, -5.7180

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263

## Protanomaly

98.4740, -22.4187, 3.9693

## Deuteranomaly

98.8600, -21.1300, 10.6468

## Tritanomaly

99.4030, -4.6357, -6.4924

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263

## Achromatopsia

96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

96.3280, -7.5567, -2.9187

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 109, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 109, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 109, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 109, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 109, 54) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 109, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 109, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 109, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 109, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 109,  
54) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 96.1520, -20.7809, -8.0263 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 109, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 109,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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