

Converting Colors

YUV(96.1630, -10.4334,
33.1830)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(96.1630, -10.4334,
33.1830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86514B
RGB	134, 81, 75
RGB Percent	53%, 32%, 29%
CMY	0.4745, 0.6824, 0.7059
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.44, 0.47
HSL	6°, 28%, 41%
HSV	6°, 44%, 53%
XYZ	14.0439, 11.4612, 8.1286
YIQ	96.1630, 33.5140, 9.3700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

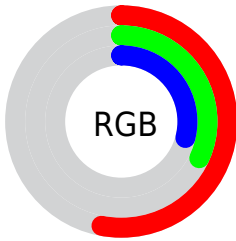
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 82, 75
Decimal	8802635
CIE _{Lab}	40.35, 21.46, 12.94
CIE _{LCh}	40, 25.058, 31.080
Yxy	11.4612, 0.4176, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286992715 (0xFF86514B)
YUV	96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830
Hunter-Lab	33.8544, 14.8027, 9.4622

Details

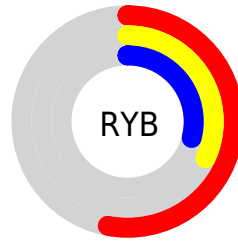
The YUV color **96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **112.8370, 10.4334, -33.1830**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147.5440, -11.6072, 36.3569**, and **48.5970, -8.6753, 29.2944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.6370, -12.6390, 40.6604**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104.6890, -8.2277, 25.7057**.

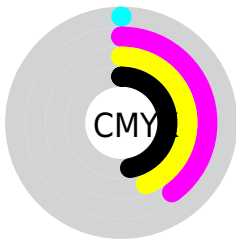
Distribution



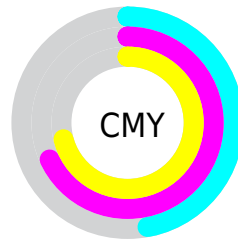
- Red (53%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 96.1630, -10.4334,
33.1830

■ 96.1630, -10.4334,
33.1830

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 71.3800, -9.5543,
31.2387

■ 147.5440,
-11.6072, 36.3569

■ 48.5970, -8.6753,
29.2944

■ 174.4410,
-12.0494, 38.2012

■ 25.4720, -9.1067,
27.6501

■ 201.9250,
-12.7810, 39.5308

■ 10.8780, -4.8699,
22.0320

■ 223.9450, -9.8329,
27.2352

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 244.1600, -5.9949,
9.5067

■ 96.1630, -10.4334,
33.1830

■ 96.1630, -10.4334,
33.1830

■ 87.6370, -12.6390,
40.6604

■ 104.6890, -8.2277,
25.7057

■ 78.9970, -15.2815,
48.2376

■ 113.3290, -5.5852,
18.1285

■ 70.4710, -17.4872,
55.7149

■ 121.8550, -3.3795,
10.6512

■ 61.8310, -20.1297,
63.2922

■ 130.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 53.3050, -22.3354,
70.7695

■ 139.0210, 1.4686,
-4.4034

■ 48.2840, -23.8040,
75.1729

■ 147.5470, 3.6743,
-11.8807

■ 156.1870, 6.3168,
-19.4580

■ 164.7130, 8.5225,

-26.9353

■ 173.3530, 11.1650,
-34.5126

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.9700, -0.9712, 31.5983



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



95.2840, -17.3950, 26.0609

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



88.1360, -6.4760, -22.9213



92.1770, 21.6047, -22.9572

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



112.8370, 10.4334, -33.1830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3650, 22.9911, -47.6781



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



82.9190, 5.9559, -43.7790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



91.1400, -15.8450, -4.5078



75.4570, 19.9877, -64.4218



96.9520, 16.2927, 0.9191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



94.3600, -19.4045, 17.2243



75.4570, 19.9877, -64.4218



89.6490, 22.3580, -31.2642

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



158.7520, -3.8217, 12.4955



98.6830, 14.4533, 30.9730



77.7730, -2.3531, 8.0921



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830



114.3780, -16.4554, 51.4115



113.1860, -18.8257, 18.2539



61.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



46.5010, -22.9250, 73.2286



0.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.8370, 10.4334, -33.1830



140.2090, 16.1660, -51.9263



95.8140, 18.8257, -18.2539



64.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



83.4990, 22.9250, -73.2286



1.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

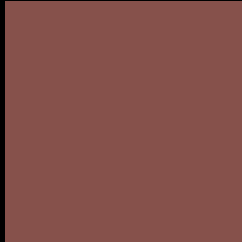
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

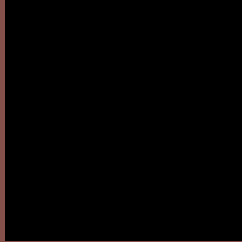
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830.

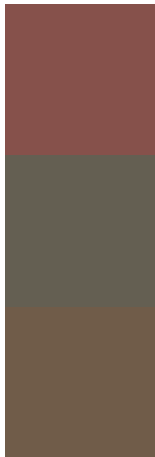


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.1630, -10.4334,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830

Protanopia

95.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736

Deuteranopia

95.8140, -11.2473, 14.1951



Tritanopia

96.4280, -5.6340, 33.8276

Trichromacy



Original Color

96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830

Protanomaly

95.3240, -8.0477, 14.6249

Deuteranomaly

95.9720, -10.8322, 21.0726

Tritanomaly

96.5590, -7.6706, 33.7128

Monochromacy



Original Color

96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830

Achromatopsia

96.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

96.3390, -4.1111, 11.9807

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 81, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 81, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 81, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 81, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 81, 75) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 81, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 81, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 81, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 81, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 81,  
75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 96.1630, -10.4334, 33.1830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 81, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 81,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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