

# Converting Colors

YUV(96.8500, 17.3290,  
-51.6114)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(96.8500, 17.3290,  
-51.6114)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	267884
RGB	38, 120, 132
RGB Percent	15%, 47%, 52%
CMY	0.8510, 0.5294, 0.4824
CMYK	0.71, 0.09, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	188°, 55%, 33%
HSV	188°, 71%, 52%
XYZ	11.6807, 15.5110, 24.2081
YIQ	96.8500, -52.7240, -13.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

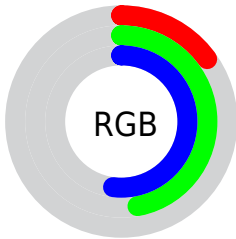
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	38, 82, 132
Decimal	2521220
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.33, -20.06, -13.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 24.293, 214.336
Yxy	15.5110, 0.2273, 0.3018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280711300 (0xFF267884)
YUV	96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114
Hunter-Lab	39.3839, -15.9816, -8.8749

# Details

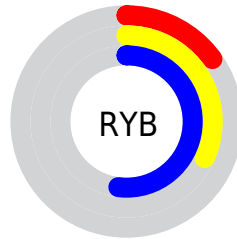
The YUV color **96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **73.1500, -17.3289, 51.6115**, and the grayscale version is **97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151.6440, 16.4445, -47.9228**, and **51.1390, 15.7075, -44.8489** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.7890, 19.8240, -58.5740**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.9110, 14.8339, -44.6489**.

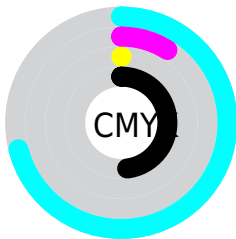
# Distribution



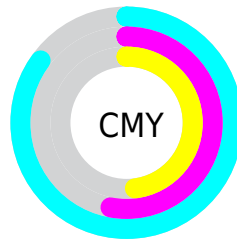
- Red (15%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



96.8500, 17.3290,  
-51.6114

96.8500, 17.3290,  
-51.6114

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

67.9630, 19.2452,  
-59.6036

151.6440, 16.4445,  
-47.9228

51.1390, 15.7075,  
-44.8489

179.0570, 16.7339,  
-47.4080

35.0160, 12.3171,  
-30.7090

207.0570, 16.7339,  
-47.4080

21.3550, 8.2060,  
-18.7283

232.8740, 10.9081,  
-45.4935

2.5250, 7.1362,  
-2.2144

241.5450, 6.6333,  
-27.6650

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

250.2160, 2.3585,

-9.8364

■ 96.8500, 17.3290,  
-51.6114

■ 96.8500, 17.3290,  
-51.6114

■ 91.7890, 19.8240,  
-58.5740

■ 101.9110, 14.8339,  
-44.6489

■ 87.3150, 22.0297,  
-66.0513

■ 106.3850, 12.6282,  
-37.1716

■ 82.5530, 24.3774,  
-72.3990

■ 111.7450, 9.9857,  
-29.5944

■ 116.8060, 7.4906,  
-22.6319

■ 121.2800, 5.2850,  
-15.1546

■ 126.3410, 2.7899,  
-8.1921

■ 131.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 136.1750, -2.0583,  
6.8625

■ 141.2360, -4.5533,  
13.8250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.0440, 6.3873, -42.1346



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



101.7680, 21.8064, -41.0155

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



112.7930, 7.4971, 22.1065



108.0280, -19.2408, 11.3764

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



73.1500, -17.3289, 51.6115

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.5720, -17.5370, 24.9314



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



112.0410, -1.9922, 32.4130

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



111.4470, 15.5556, 3.9930



111.5220, -11.5963, 32.8682



105.7700, -14.6766, -5.9373



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



106.1550, 21.6156, -26.4459



111.5220, -11.5963, 32.8682



108.6480, -19.5465, 16.0947

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



157.3010, 6.7536, -19.5580



94.4320, -22.3980, -49.4909



78.6610, 4.1111, -11.9807



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114



116.4920, 26.8724, -79.3615



69.8480, 30.6409, -27.9307



63.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739



81.1510, 24.0826, -71.1694



1.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.4540, 21.9612, 49.5908



83.7190, 33.6625, 76.5454



100.1520, -30.6409, 27.9307



62.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888



51.7520, 30.1953, 68.6235

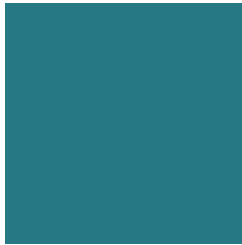


1.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

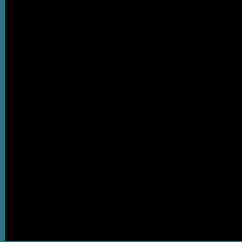
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114.



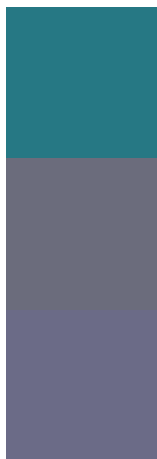
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 96.8500, 17.3290,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114

### Protanopia

109.5250, 7.1362, -2.2144

### Deuteranopia

110.1920, 12.2303, -2.7994



## Tritanopia

96.3230, 16.6028, -52.0263

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114

## Protanomaly

104.7400, 10.9742, -19.9430

## Deuteranomaly

105.5380, 14.0318, -20.6428

## Tritanomaly

96.4370, 17.0396, -52.1262

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114

## Achromatopsia

97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

96.8990, 6.4588, -18.3284

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 120, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 120, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 120, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 120, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 120, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 120, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 120, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 120, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 120, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 120,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 96.8500, 17.3290, -51.6114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 120, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 120,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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