

# Converting Colors

YUV(97.1420, 41.3420,  
-53.6215)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(97.1420, 41.3420,  
-53.6215)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2470B5
RGB	36, 112, 181
RGB Percent	14%, 44%, 71%
CMY	0.8588, 0.5608, 0.2902
CMYK	0.80, 0.38, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	209°, 67%, 43%
HSV	209°, 80%, 71%
XYZ	14.8622, 15.2996, 45.8859
YIQ	97.1420, -67.4450, 5.3470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

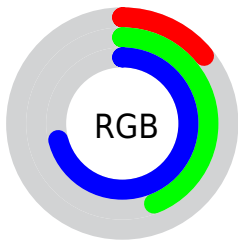
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	36, 86, 181
Decimal	2388149
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.04, 1.95, -42.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 43.022, 272.598
Yxy	15.2996, 0.1954, 0.2012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280578229 (0xFF2470B5)
YUV	97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215
Hunter-Lab	39.1147, -0.6270, -42.1734

# Details

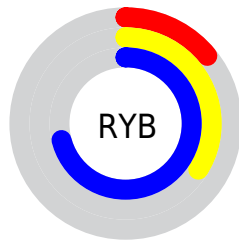
The YUV color **97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **119.8580, -41.3420, 53.6215**, and the grayscale version is **97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.7950, 41.0201, -43.6702**, and **52.7470, 37.0997, -46.2591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.4770, 46.5998, -60.0543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.8070, 36.0841, -47.1887**.

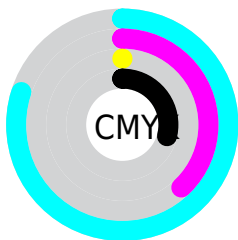
# Distribution



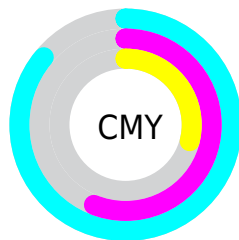
- Red (14%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 97.1420, 41.3420,  
-53.6215

■ 97.1420, 41.3420,  
-53.6215

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.2120, 41.8005,  
-60.6989

■ 153.7950, 41.0201,  
-43.6702

■ 52.7470, 37.0997,  
-46.2591

■ 180.6660, 36.6467,  
-40.9261

■ 36.8690, 32.1096,  
-32.3341

■ 205.7730, 24.2689,  
-37.5119

■ 22.9800, 27.1249,  
-20.1535

■ 231.1790, 11.7438,  
-33.4830

■ 9.0910, 22.1401,  
-7.9728

■ 245.1330, 4.8644,  
-20.2876

■ 4.8220, 13.3988,  
-4.2289

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,

■ 0.4560, 1.7472,

-1.8443

-0.3999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 97.1420, 41.3420,  
-53.6215

■ 97.1420, 41.3420,  
-53.6215

■ 86.4770, 46.5998,  
-60.0543

■ 107.8070, 36.0841,  
-47.1887

■ 76.3990, 51.5683,  
-67.0019

■ 117.8850, 31.1157,  
-40.2411

■ 128.5500, 25.8578,  
-33.8084

■ 138.6280, 20.8894,  
-26.8608

■ 149.5920, 15.4841,  
-19.8132

■ 160.2570, 10.2263,  
-13.3804

■ 170.3350, 5.2578,  
-6.4328

■ 181.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 191.6650, -5.2578,  
6.4328

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.7490, 40.5497, -79.5869



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



111.2910, 28.9435, 3.2528

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



107.7700, -17.6346, 56.3297



91.6890, -8.7207, -49.7163

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



119.8580, -41.3420, 53.6215

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.0070, -27.6115, -10.5301



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



107.1260, -31.1211, 41.9855

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



108.8360, -0.9051, 57.1488



104.7180, -35.8500, 18.6643



87.2030, 11.7319, -76.4770



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



112.1540, 20.1371, 27.9289



104.7180, -35.8500, 18.6643



96.7250, -16.6264, -33.9618

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



202.1080, 16.2158, -21.1427



128.8670, -12.2594, -81.4444



97.4420, 9.6421, -12.6656



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215



104.0300, 64.5682, -83.3413



55.4650, 61.8888, -17.0708



83.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



64.4020, 43.6788, -56.4806



10.5950, 7.5947, -9.2918



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.0190, 11.8226, 81.5443



90.0260, 18.2282, 127.1422



161.5350, -61.8888, 17.0708



83.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



54.8670, 12.3906, 86.0626



9.2560, 1.8458, 14.6845



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

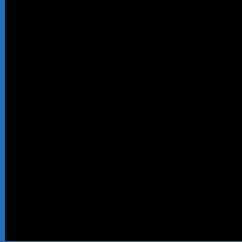
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.1420, 41.3420,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215

### Protanopia

106.5050, 34.2610, -22.3679

### Deuteranopia

102.3720, 39.2566, -38.0372



## Tritanopia

85.8470, 21.7674, -75.2878

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215

## Protanomaly

103.1230, 36.9144, -33.4339

## Deuteranomaly

100.5670, 40.1465, -43.4703

## Tritanomaly

90.1390, 29.0185, -67.6509

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215

## Achromatopsia

97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

96.8910, 15.3367, -19.1984

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 112, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 112, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 112, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 112, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 112, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 112, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 112, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 112, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 112, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 112,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 97.1420, 41.3420, -53.6215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 112, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 112,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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