

Converting Colors

YUV(97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402)
contains.

YUV(97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(97.5270, -2.7248,
-12.7402)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	536A5C
RGB	83, 106, 92
RGB Percent	33%, 42%, 36%
CMY	0.6745, 0.5843, 0.6392
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.13, 0.58
HSL	143°, 12%, 37%
HSV	143°, 22%, 42%
XYZ	10.6531, 12.9198, 12.0575
YIQ	97.5270, -9.2140, -9.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

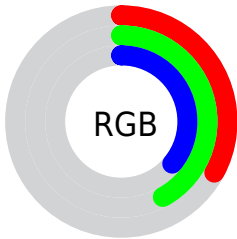
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 100, 106
Decimal	5466716
CIE _{Lab}	42.64, -11.69, 5.06
CIE _{LCh}	43, 12.744, 156.583
Yxy	12.9198, 0.2990, 0.3626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283656796 (0xFF536A5C)
YUV	97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402
Hunter-Lab	35.9441, -9.9985, 5.2719

Details

The YUV color **97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **91.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148.1140, -3.0142, -13.2550**, and **50.9400, -2.4354, -12.2254** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.5540, -3.7241, -18.9029**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775**.

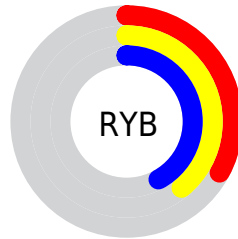
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (42%)

Blue (36%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (42%)

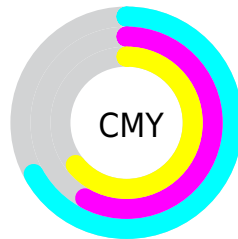


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 97.5270, -2.7248,
-12.7402

■ 97.5270, -2.7248,
-12.7402

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 73.8260, -2.8722,
-12.1254

■ 148.1140, -3.0142,
-13.2550

■ 50.9400, -2.4354,
-12.2254

■ 174.8150, -2.8668,
-13.8698

■ 29.4670, -1.7092,
-11.8106

■ 202.4020, -3.1562,
-14.3846

■ 9.9790, -4.9196,
-8.7516

■ 230.4020, -3.1562,
-14.3846

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 250.7710, 0.6059,
-7.6922

■ 97.5270, -2.7248,
-12.7402

■ 97.5270, -2.7248,
-12.7402

■ 93.5540, -3.7241,
-18.9029

■ 101.5000, -1.7255,
-6.5775

■ 89.7660, -5.3076,
-24.3508

■ 105.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 85.7930, -6.3069,
-30.5135

■ 109.2610, 0.8573,
5.0331

■ 82.0050, -7.8905,
-35.9614

■ 113.0490, 2.4408,
10.4810

■ 78.0320, -8.8898,
-42.1241

■ 117.0220, 3.4402,
16.6437

■ 73.9450, -10.3259,
-48.1868

■ 121.1090, 4.8763,
22.7064

■ 70.2710, -11.4726,
-53.7347

■ 124.7830, 6.0230,
28.2543

■ 66.8960, -12.7667,

■ 128.8700, 7.4591,

-58.6678

34.3170

■ 132.5440, 8.6058,
39.8649

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.0290, -7.4093, -3.5334



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



96.6770, 3.1172, -19.8877

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



100.5890, 10.0626, -7.5326



101.8020, -6.3114, 17.7136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



91.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.3550, -1.6540, 17.2287



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



101.7860, 7.9935, 2.8187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



98.3490, 10.6739, -16.9691



102.2880, 3.3090, 12.0254



100.9710, -9.3527, 13.1804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



96.8770, 6.4696, -21.8171



102.2880, 3.3090, 12.0254



102.4430, -5.1484, 18.0285

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



134.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479



100.6870, -8.7197, -3.2335



66.7500, -0.8628, -3.2887



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



124.7280, -4.3029, -19.9325



98.7810, 2.0800, -13.8399



51.7500, -0.8628, -3.2887



73.9230, -13.7660, -64.8305



154.7590, -28.9682, -135.7236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



115.2720, 4.3029, 19.9325



90.2190, -2.0800, 13.8399



50.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



43.0770, 13.7660, 64.8305



90.2410, 28.9682, 135.7236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

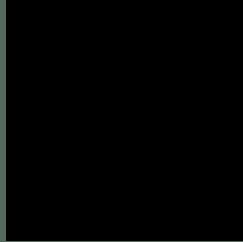
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402.



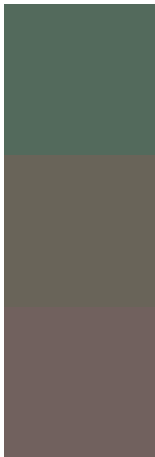
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.5270, -2.7248,

-12.7402.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402

Protanopia

100.2410, -5.5418, 4.1736

Deuteranopia

101.4420, -3.6689, 10.1364



Tritanopia

99.1280, 5.8529, -10.6363

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402

Protanomaly

99.1370, -4.5045, -1.8741

Deuteranomaly

99.8000, -3.3524, 1.9294

Tritanomaly

98.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402

Achromatopsia

98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

98.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 106, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 106, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 106, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 106, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 106, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 106, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 106, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 106, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 106, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 106,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 97.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 106, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 106,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor