

# Converting Colors

YUV(97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(97.7230, -20.0764,  
-0.6341)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	616A39
RGB	97, 106, 57
RGB Percent	38%, 42%, 22%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5843, 0.7765
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.46, 0.58
HSL	71°, 30%, 32%
HSV	71°, 46%, 42%
XYZ	10.8223, 13.1449, 5.8377
YIQ	97.7230, 10.3650, -17.1470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

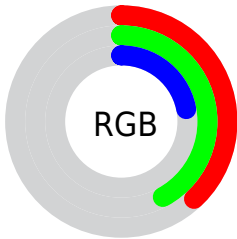
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	57, 106, 66
Decimal	6384185
CIELab	42.98, -11.88, 26.28
CIELCh	43, 28.838, 114.336
Yxy	13.1449, 0.3631, 0.4410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284574265 (0xFF616A39)
YUV	97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341
Hunter-Lab	36.2558, -10.1657, 15.8326

# Details

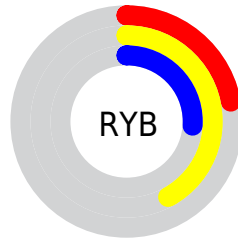
The YUV color **97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **65.2770, 20.0764, 0.6341**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148.6800, -21.5342, 0.2806**, and **50.6520, -19.0554, -1.4488** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95.8710, -24.5864, -0.7639**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.5750, -15.5665, -0.5043**.

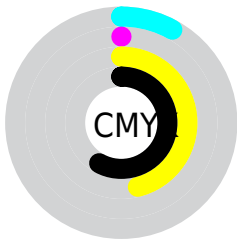
# Distribution



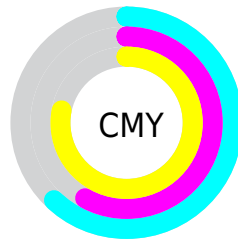
- Red (38%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97.7230, -20.0764,  
-0.6341

97.7230, -20.0764,  
-0.6341

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

73.8370, -19.6396,  
-0.7340

148.6800,  
-21.5342, 0.2806

50.6520, -19.0554,  
-1.4488

175.5660,  
-21.9710, 0.3806

30.0910, -14.8349,  
-1.8338

203.0390,  
-22.6972, -0.0342

10.5660, -5.2090,  
-9.2664

231.2240,  
-23.2814, 0.6806

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

250.0980,  
-18.7823, 4.2991

253.2900, -6.5520,

1.4997

■ 97.7230, -20.0764,  
-0.6341

■ 97.7230, -20.0764,  
-0.6341

■ 95.8710, -24.5864,  
-0.7639

■ 99.5750, -15.5665,  
-0.5043

■ 94.1330, -28.6596,  
-0.9936

■ 101.3130,  
-11.4933, -0.2745

■ 92.2810, -33.1695,  
-1.1234

■ 103.1650, -6.9833,  
-0.1447

■ 90.5430, -37.2427,  
-1.3532

■ 104.9030, -2.9102,  
0.0851

■ 88.6910, -41.7527,  
-1.4830

■ 106.7550, 1.5998,  
0.2149

■ 88.2350, -43.4999,  
-1.0831

■ 108.6070, 6.1097,  
0.3447

■ 110.3450, 10.1829,  
0.5744

■ 112.1970, 14.6929,  
0.7042

■ 113.9350, 18.7660,  
0.9340

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.4480, -22.8989, 18.0241



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



94.1100, -10.4072, -22.0215

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



81.1170, 29.0293, -71.1396



103.9750, 1.4913, 35.1019

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



65.2770, 20.0764, 0.6341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.4490, 12.5966, 19.7772



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



95.3650, 26.4421, -34.5231

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



80.5980, 19.4252, -70.6844



102.4720, 20.9663, -4.7989



102.7230, -9.7234, 38.8309



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



90.4160, -1.1911, -38.0758



102.4720, 20.9663, -4.7989



104.2780, 5.2859, 31.3282

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



134.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



76.9340, -9.8275, 25.4909



67.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341



125.1500, -31.1329, -1.0085



90.5470, -16.5387, -15.3887



53.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



97.3830, -48.0098, -1.2129



203.6150, -100.3822, -3.1704



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.2770, 20.0764, 0.6341



74.8500, 31.1330, 1.0086



72.4530, 16.5387, 15.3887



48.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149



19.9160, 47.8624, 1.8277



41.3850, 100.3822, 3.1704



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

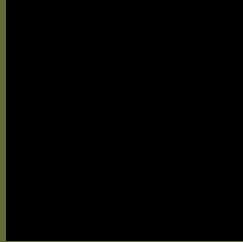
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341.

-0.6341.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341

### Protanopia

99.0450, -21.7142, 11.3615

### Deuteranopia

100.4420, -20.4309, 19.7834



## Tritanopia

101.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341

## Protanomaly

98.8380, -21.1191, 7.1581

## Deuteranomaly

99.3980, -20.4092, 12.8060

## Tritanomaly

100.2190, -5.5310, 0.6849

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341

## Achromatopsia

98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

98.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 106, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 106, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 106, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 106, 57) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 106, 57) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 106, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 106, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 106, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 106, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 106,  
57) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 97.7230, -20.0764, -0.6341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 106, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 106,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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