

Converting Colors

YUV(97.8420, -13.7261,
15.9246)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246)
contains.

YUV(97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(97.8420, -13.7261,
15.9246)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	745E46
RGB	116, 94, 70
RGB Percent	45%, 37%, 27%
CMY	0.5451, 0.6314, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.40, 0.55
HSL	31°, 25%, 36%
HSV	31°, 40%, 45%
XYZ	12.3107, 12.1606, 7.4927
YIQ	97.8420, 20.8160, -2.8000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

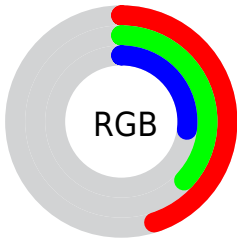
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 116, 70
Decimal	7626310
CIE _{Lab}	41.47, 5.26, 17.13
CIE _{LCh}	41, 17.919, 72.922
Yxy	12.1606, 0.3851, 0.3804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285816390 (0xFF745E46)
YUV	97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246
Hunter-Lab	34.8721, 1.9886, 11.6712

Details

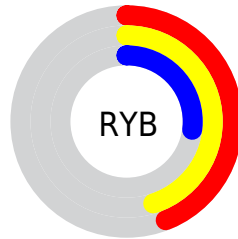
The YUV color $97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $88.1580, 13.7261, -15.9246$, and the grayscale version is $98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $148.6250, -14.6051, 17.8689$, and $50.8740, -12.2629, 13.2655$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $92.9520, -17.2313, 20.2131$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $102.7320, -10.2209, 11.6360$.

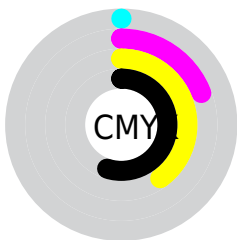
Distribution



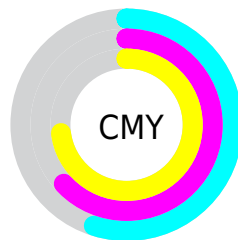
- Red (45%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 97.8420, -13.7261,
15.9246

■ 97.8420, -13.7261,
15.9246

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 73.6570, -13.1419,
15.2098

■ 148.6250,
-14.6051, 17.8689

■ 50.8740, -12.2629,
13.2655

■ 175.6960,
-15.6261, 18.6836

■ 29.0050, -14.2995,
13.1506

■ 202.9950,
-15.7735, 19.2984

■ 6.2680, -3.0901,
11.1660

■ 231.1800,
-16.3577, 20.0131

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 251.6940,
-12.6671, 2.8994

■ 97.8420, -13.7261,
15.9246

■ 97.8420, -13.7261,
15.9246

■ 92.9520, -17.2313,
20.2131

■ 102.7320,
-10.2209, 11.6360

■ 88.7630, -20.5892,
23.8868

■ 106.9210, -6.8631,
7.9623

■ 83.8730, -24.0944,
28.1754

■ 111.8110, -3.3578,
3.6738

■ 79.6840, -27.4522,
31.8491

■ 116.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.7940, -30.9574,
36.1377

■ 120.8900, 3.5052,
-4.2885

■ 70.4910, -34.7521,
39.9114

■ 125.1930, 7.2999,
-8.0623

■ 129.9690, 10.3683,
-12.2508

■ 134.2720, 14.1629,

-16.0245

■ 139.0480, 17.2313,
-20.2131

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.0970, -10.4008, 22.7169



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



96.4770, -13.5462, 4.8437

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



90.8220, 6.4968, -30.5389



99.8620, 9.4350, 7.1370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



88.1580, 13.7261, -15.9246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.6150, 13.9938, -8.4324



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



91.4180, 12.6119, -31.9386

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



92.4120, -1.6821, -20.5323



94.5700, 15.4950, -23.3019



100.3320, 3.2873, 19.0028

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



95.4050, -11.0457, -3.8632



94.5700, 15.4950, -23.3019



99.5840, 11.0511, 2.1188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



143.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



86.2620, 2.8288, 26.0802



72.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



121.8340, -21.6102, 24.7016



110.4570, -19.9453, 3.9842



56.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



74.0460, -36.5047, 42.0557



151.0600, -74.4726, 86.7704

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.1580, 13.7261, -15.9246



106.7530, 21.3208, -25.2164



75.5430, 19.9453, -3.9842



55.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



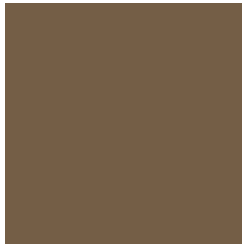
48.5410, 36.2153, -42.5705



98.9400, 74.4726, -86.7704

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

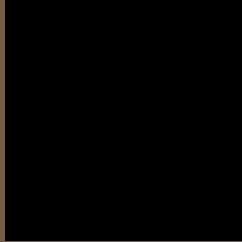
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246.



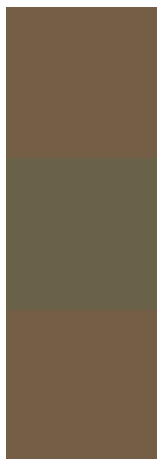
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246.

15.9246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246

Protanopia

97.1290, -12.3886, 6.9029

Deuteranopia

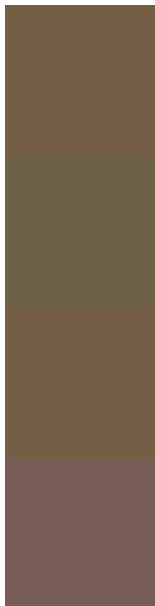
97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



Tritanopia

99.4690, -1.2172, 17.1287

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246

Protanomaly

97.6240, -13.1256, 9.9768

Deuteranomaly

97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246

Tritanomaly

98.6170, -5.7272, 16.9989

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246

Achromatopsia

98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

98.3660, -5.1104, 5.8180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 94, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 94, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 94, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 94, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 94, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 94, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 94, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 94, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 94, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 94,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 97.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 94, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 94,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor