

Converting Colors

YUV(98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(98.2080, 0.8835,
-50.1714)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	297F64
RGB	41, 127, 100
RGB Percent	16%, 50%, 39%
CMY	0.8392, 0.5020, 0.6078
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.21, 0.50
HSL	161°, 51%, 33%
HSV	161°, 68%, 50%
XYZ	10.8041, 16.5703, 14.6855
YIQ	98.2080, -42.5890, -26.6290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

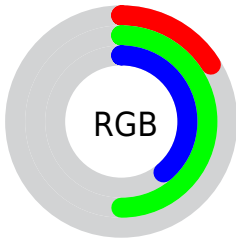
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 92, 127
Decimal	2719588
CIE Lab	47.71, -32.42, 7.28
CIE LCh	48, 33.231, 167.337
Yxy	16.5703, 0.2569, 0.3940
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280909668 (0xFF297F64)
YUV	98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714
Hunter-Lab	40.7066, -23.8602, 7.1048

Details

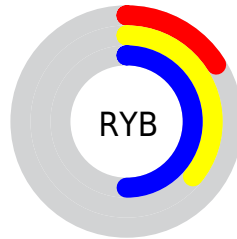
The YUV color **98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **69.7920, -0.8835, 50.1714**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151.8770, -0.4324, -48.1271**, and **51.2410, 0.8672, -44.9384** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.8650, 1.0526, -57.7636**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.5510, 0.7144, -42.5792**.

Distribution



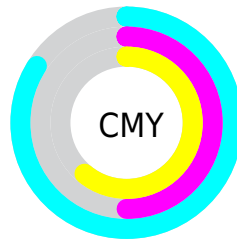
- Red (16%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 98.2080, 0.8835,
-50.1714

■ 98.2080, 0.8835,
-50.1714

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 68.5380, 3.6788,
-60.1078

■ 151.8770, -0.4324,
-48.1271

■ 51.2410, 0.8672,
-44.9384

■ 179.7630, -0.8692,
-48.0272

■ 34.7590, -1.3602,
-30.4836

■ 207.9370, -1.4479,
-49.0567

■ 20.9840, -5.9081,
-18.4030

■ 230.0670, 1.4460,
-43.9088

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 241.2460, 6.7807,
-28.2797

■ 249.9170, 2.5059,

-10.4512

■ 98.2080, 0.8835,
-50.1714

■ 98.2080, 0.8835,
-50.1714

■ 93.8650, 1.0526,
-57.7636

■ 102.5510, 0.7144,
-42.5792

■ 89.8210, 1.0742,
-64.7410

■ 106.5950, 0.6927,
-35.6018

■ 85.4780, 1.2433,
-72.3332

■ 110.9380, 0.5236,
-28.0096

■ 84.4670, 1.2488,
-74.0776

■ 115.2810, 0.3545,
-20.4174

■ 119.3250, 0.3328,
-13.4400

■ 123.6680, 0.1637,
-5.8478

■ 128.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 132.3540, -0.1745,
9.3365

■ 136.3980, -0.1962,
16.3140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.4540, -15.5068, -19.6922



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



89.8420, 19.3049, -78.7914

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



112.6110, 26.8138, -13.6908



113.6880, -20.0592, 40.6156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



69.7920, -0.8835, 50.1714

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114.5220, -8.1453, 46.0232



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



116.5780, 16.9700, 17.0331

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



101.1390, 32.4695, -54.4959



116.2080, 4.8275, 38.4056



111.5800, -26.4149, 25.8013

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



91.1930, 27.0199, -79.9763



116.2080, 4.8275, 38.4056



113.7360, -16.1388, 43.2045

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



154.8790, 0.0597, -19.1879



99.5550, -28.8676, -27.6737



77.3360, 0.3274, -11.6957



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714



120.8470, 1.5544, -78.7958



91.8940, 17.3073, -44.6340



61.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035



85.0540, 0.9594, -74.5924



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.7920, -0.8835, 50.1714



76.2670, -1.1176, 78.6958



76.1060, -17.3073, 44.6340



59.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



42.8320, -1.3962, 74.6923



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

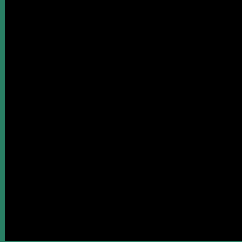
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714.

-50.1714.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714

Protanopia

111.9270, -9.3310, 6.2030

Deuteranopia

113.8120, -4.8373, 11.5659



Tritanopia

103.8080, 14.3917, -42.8046

Trichromacy



Original Color

98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714

Protanomaly

106.8320, -5.3402, -13.8847

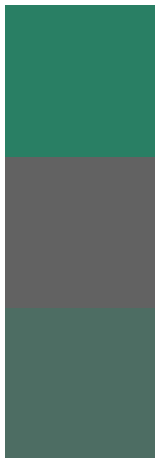
Deuteranomaly

108.5380, -2.7302, -10.9958

Tritanomaly

101.5320, 9.5977, -45.1936

Monochromacy



Original Color

98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714

Achromatopsia

98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

98.2920, 0.3490, -18.6731

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 127, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 127, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 127, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 127, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 127, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 127, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 127, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 127, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 127, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 127,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 98.2080, 0.8835, -50.1714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 127, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 127,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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