

# Converting Colors

YUV(98.5280, 55.9417,  
-69.7461)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(98.5280, 55.9417,  
-69.7461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1375D4
RGB	19, 117, 212
RGB Percent	7%, 46%, 83%
CMY	0.9255, 0.5412, 0.1686
CMYK	0.91, 0.45, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	210°, 84%, 45%
HSV	210°, 91%, 83%
XYZ	18.5135, 17.6145, 64.7115
YIQ	98.5280, -88.9030, 8.7690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

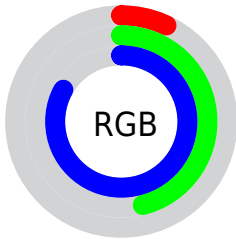
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	19, 84, 212
Decimal	1275348
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.03, 9.56, -56.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 56.849, 279.677
Yxy	17.6145, 0.1836, 0.1747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279465428 (0xFF1375D4)
YUV	98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461
Hunter-Lab	41.9696, 5.2925, -62.0385

# Details

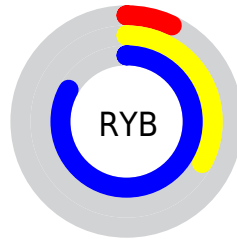
The YUV color **98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **132.4720, -55.9417, 69.7461**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159.0810, 47.2881, -47.4290**, and **58.9880, 48.3199, -51.7325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.5640, 61.3469, -76.7936**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110.6770, 49.9522, -61.9837**.

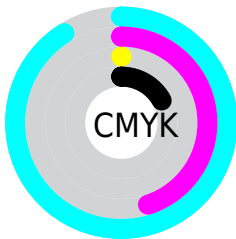
# Distribution



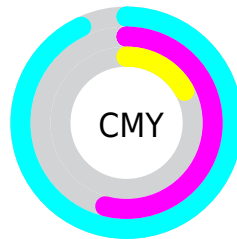
- Red (7%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 98.5280, 55.9417,  
-69.7461

■ 98.5280, 55.9417,  
-69.7461

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 75.5670, 53.4575,  
-66.2723

■ 159.0810, 47.2881,  
-47.4290

■ 58.9880, 48.3199,  
-51.7325

■ 184.1990, 34.9049,  
-42.2705

■ 42.9960, 42.8930,  
-37.7075

■ 209.9040, 22.2323,  
-37.6268

■ 28.8790, 37.0347,  
-25.3269

■ 236.1960, 9.2704,  
-33.4979

■ 12.6420, 33.2075,  
-11.0870

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,  
-15.9842

■ 9.3190, 23.0137,  
-8.1728

■ 4.9360, 13.8356,

-4.3289

■ 0.6840, 2.6208,  
-0.5999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 98.5280, 55.9417,  
-69.7461

■ 98.5280, 55.9417,  
-69.7461

■ 87.5640, 61.3469,  
-76.7936

■ 110.6770, 49.9522,  
-61.9837

■ 123.4130, 43.6734,  
-54.7362

■ 135.8610, 37.5365,  
-46.3591

■ 148.5970, 31.2577,  
-39.1116

■ 160.7460, 25.2682,  
-31.3492

■ 173.4820, 18.9894,  
-24.1017

■ 185.6310, 12.9999,  
-16.3394

■ 198.0790, 6.8631,  
-7.9623

■ 210.8150, 0.5842,  
-0.7148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.4950, 52.5070, -88.1341



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



119.3880, 35.3047, 16.3227

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



112.0510, -27.1401, 71.8693



89.6530, -4.2659, -78.6257

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



132.4720, -55.9417, 69.7461

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.3010, -33.6724, -26.5740



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



111.2180, -47.4355, 48.0438

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



111.4690, -4.1752, 79.3957



107.2280, -52.8634, 15.5860



96.5270, 16.9952, -84.6542



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



118.1980, 23.5664, 48.0614



107.2280, -52.8634, 15.5860



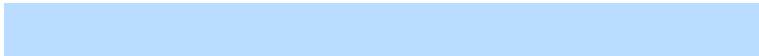
86.6550, -10.6759, -75.9964

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



214.4110, 20.0104, -24.9164



142.8930, -15.2302, -108.6542



103.4140, 12.1209, -14.3951



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461



104.7930, 74.0521, -91.9035



42.7630, 83.4338, -20.8402



100.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



70.5630, 49.5154, -61.8838



17.8160, 12.4157, -15.6246



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.8790, 14.3567, 108.8541



90.9510, 18.7582, 143.8710



188.2370, -83.4338, 20.8402



99.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627



61.0470, 12.7948, 96.4288



15.3650, 3.2711, 24.2359



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

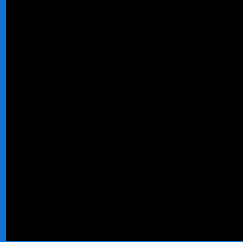
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.5280, 55.9417,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461

### Protanopia

110.9730, 47.8343, -35.9333

### Deuteranopia

93.0920, 57.1426, -81.6417



## Tritanopia

91.3410, 22.5099, -80.1061

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461

## Protanomaly

105.9930, 50.7825, -48.2289

## Deuteranomaly

95.2990, 56.5476, -77.4382

## Tritanomaly

94.1640, 34.4291, -76.4428

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461

## Achromatopsia

99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

99.1120, 20.1578, -25.5312

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 117, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 117, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 117, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 117, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 117, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 117, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 117, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 117, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 117, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 117,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 98.5280, 55.9417, -69.7461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 117, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 117,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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