

Converting Colors

YUV(98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(98.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C675D
RGB	92, 103, 93
RGB Percent	36%, 40%, 36%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5961, 0.6353
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.10, 0.60
HSL	125°, 6%, 38%
HSV	125°, 11%, 40%
XYZ	11.2397, 12.7661, 12.2276
YIQ	98.5710, -3.3460, -5.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

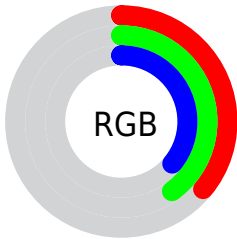
Format	Color
R _Y B	92, 102, 103
Decimal	6055773
CIE Lab	42.41, -6.34, 4.21
CIE LCh	42, 7.614, 146.408
Yxy	12.7661, 0.3102, 0.3523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284245853 (0xFF5C675D)
YUV	98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628
Hunter-Lab	35.7297, -6.3754, 4.7202

Details

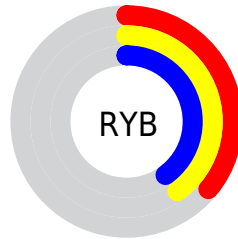
The YUV color **98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **96.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776**, and **51.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.5550, -5.2036, -11.0107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148**.

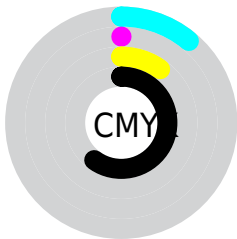
Distribution



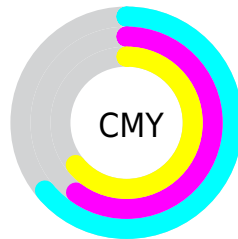
- Red (36%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 98.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 98.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 149.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 51.9840, -2.4571,
-5.2480

■ 176.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 30.9840, -2.4571,
-5.2480

■ 203.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 7.6310, -3.7621,
-6.6924

■ 231.7450, -3.3253,
-6.7924

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

254.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 98.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 98.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 94.5550, -5.2036,
-11.0107

■ 102.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 90.1260, -7.9501,
-16.7735

■ 107.0160, 2.4571,
5.2480

■ 86.1100, -10.4072,
-22.0215

■ 111.0320, 4.9142,
10.4959

■ 82.0940, -12.8643,
-27.2694

■ 115.0480, 7.3713,
15.7439

■ 77.9640, -15.7583,
-32.4174

■ 119.4770, 10.1178,
21.5067

■ 73.6490, -18.0680,
-38.2802

■ 123.4930, 12.5750,
26.7546

■ 69.5190, -20.9619,
-43.4282

■ 127.6230, 15.4689,
31.9026

■ 65.5030, -23.4190,

■ 131.6390, 17.9260,

-48.6761

37.1506

■ 61.4870, -25.8761,
-53.9241

■ 135.9540, 20.2357,
43.0133

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



98.0480, 0.4693, -10.5661

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



99.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180



101.2680, -3.0901, 11.1660

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



96.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



100.6670, 5.0942, -0.5850

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



99.0140, 5.4161, -10.5363



101.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



100.3880, -5.1213, 9.3067

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



98.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808



101.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



101.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



133.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



101.4470, -4.6574, 0.4850



67.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



128.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



99.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



48.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



68.6450, -28.9120, -60.2017



144.5620, -60.4231, -126.7809

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



124.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516



95.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



48.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



46.2410, 28.4752, 60.3016



97.4380, 60.4231, 126.7809

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

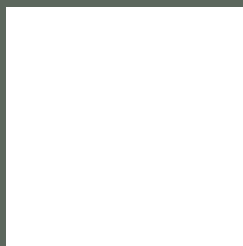
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628.



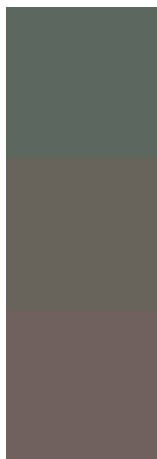
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628.

-5.7628.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Protanopia

100.1700, -4.5208, 3.3589

Deuteranopia

101.1430, -3.5215, 9.5216



Tritanopia

100.1180, 4.3788, -4.4885

Trichromacy



Original Color

98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Protanomaly

99.6750, -3.7838, 0.2850

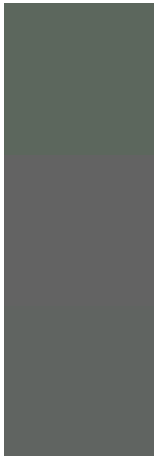
Deuteranomaly

100.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886

Tritanomaly

99.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182

Monochromacy



Original Color

98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Achromatopsia

99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

98.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 103, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 103, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 103, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 103, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 103, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 103, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 103, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 103, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 103, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 103,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 98.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 103, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 103,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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