

# Converting Colors

YUV(98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251)  
contains.

<b>YUV(98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(98.8060, -2.3694,  
13.3251)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	725C5E
RGB	114, 92, 94
RGB Percent	45%, 36%, 37%
CMY	0.5529, 0.6392, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.55
HSL	355°, 11%, 40%
HSV	355°, 19%, 45%
XYZ	12.7870, 12.0399, 12.2397
YIQ	98.8060, 12.4700, 5.2860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

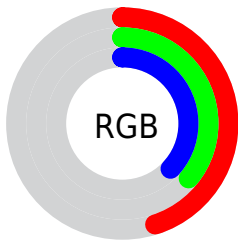
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">114, 92, 94</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7494750</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">41.28, 9.31, 2.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">41, 9.571, 13.499</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">12.0399, 0.3450, 0.3248</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285684830 (0xFF725C5E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">34.6985, 5.0578, 3.3748</a>

# Details

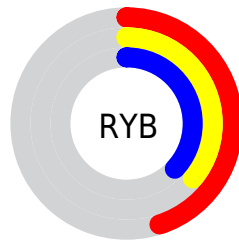
The YUV color **98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **107.1940, 2.3694, -13.3251**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149.4040, -2.6642, 14.5547**, and **52.2080, -2.0745, 12.0956** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.2090, -3.5540, 19.9877**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626**.

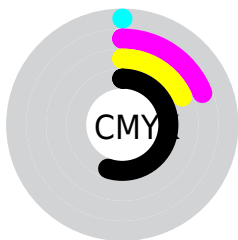
# Distribution



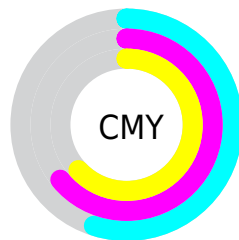
- Red (45%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 98.8060, -2.3694,  
13.3251

■ 98.8060, -2.3694,  
13.3251

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.5070, -2.2220,  
12.7104

■ 149.4040, -2.6642,  
14.5547

■ 52.2080, -2.0745,  
12.0956

■ 176.4040, -2.6642,  
14.5547

■ 30.6100, -1.7797,  
10.8660

■ 203.7030, -2.8116,  
15.1695

■ 7.4750, -3.6852,  
15.3694

■ 232.0020, -2.9590,  
15.7842

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

253.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 98.8060, -2.3694,  
13.3251

■ 98.8060, -2.3694,  
13.3251

■ 91.2090, -3.5540,  
19.9877

■ 106.4030, -1.1847,  
6.6626

■ 82.9110, -4.8861,  
27.2651

■ 114.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 75.3140, -6.0708,  
33.9276

■ 122.2980, 1.3321,  
-7.2773

■ 67.1300, -6.9661,  
41.1050

■ 130.4820, 2.2274,  
-14.4547

■ 59.4190, -8.5876,  
47.8675

■ 138.1930, 3.8489,  
-21.2173

■ 51.8220, -9.7722,  
54.5301

■ 145.7900, 5.0335,  
-27.8798

■ 43.5240, -11.1043,  
61.8075


■ 154.0880, 6.3656,  
-35.1572

■ 35.9270, -12.2890,

■ 161.6850, 7.5503,

68.4700

-41.8197

 35.2260, -12.4364,  
69.0848

 169.8690, 8.4456,  
-48.9971

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.8210, 1.5672, 10.6810



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



98.2960, -5.5689, 12.8954

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



95.7130, -4.7885, -4.1333



95.9970, 7.8895, -10.5214

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



107.1940, 2.3694, -13.3251

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.9210, 6.4479, -14.8397



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



95.2930, -1.1304, -10.7810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



96.7740, -7.2836, 2.8292



94.7100, 3.1010, -14.6547



97.5140, 7.1416, -3.9588



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



98.2310, -7.0159, 10.3214



94.7100, 3.1010, -14.6547



95.5730, 7.6055, -12.7805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



141.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



100.4880, 6.6614, 10.0960



70.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



124.5080, -3.7014, 20.6025



103.8610, -5.8475, 8.8919



51.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



37.1340, -12.8841, 72.6735



76.3610, -26.8000, 149.6504



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251



124.5080, -3.7014, 20.6025



102.1390, 5.8475, -8.8919



51.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



37.1340, -12.8841, 72.6735

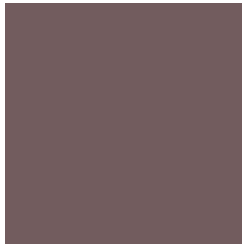


76.3610, -26.8000, 149.6504



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251.



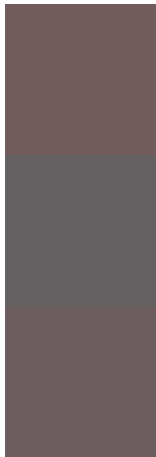
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 98.8060, -2.3694,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

### Protanopia

97.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

### Deuteranopia

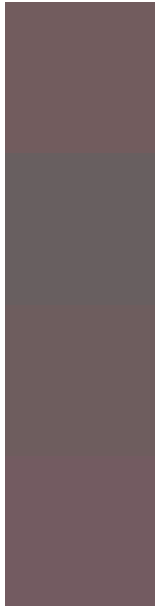
98.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069



## Tritanopia

98.9740, -0.4802, 14.0548

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

## Protanomaly

97.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330

## Deuteranomaly

98.1970, -2.0691, 10.3512

## Tritanomaly

98.8600, -0.9170, 14.1548

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

## Achromatopsia

99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

98.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 92, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 92, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 92, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 92, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 92, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 92, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 92, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 92, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 92, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 92,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 98.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 92, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 92,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor