

# Converting Colors

YUV(99.0330, -13.8203,  
-47.3869)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(99.0330, -13.8203,  
-47.3869)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2D8447
RGB	45, 132, 71
RGB Percent	18%, 52%, 28%
CMY	0.8235, 0.4824, 0.7216
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.46, 0.48
HSL	138°, 49%, 35%
HSV	138°, 66%, 52%
XYZ	10.4708, 17.5153, 8.7902
YIQ	99.0330, -32.2710, -37.4150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

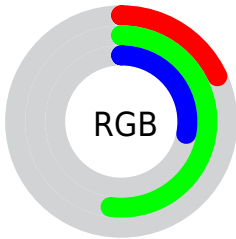
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	45, 112, 132
Decimal	2982983
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.90, -40.06, 25.46
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 47.471, 147.562
Y <sub>xy</sub>	17.5153, 0.2847, 0.4763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281173063 (0xFF2D8447)
YUV	99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869
Hunter-Lab	41.8513, -28.5810, 16.8431

# Details

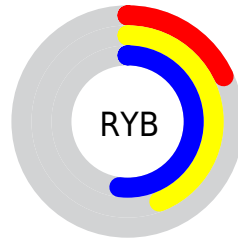
The YUV color **99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **77.9670, 13.8203, 47.3869**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.0610, -16.2991, -45.6575**, and **50.3970, -12.5207, -44.1982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.1200, -15.8352, -54.4792**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **103.9460, -11.8054, -40.2946**.

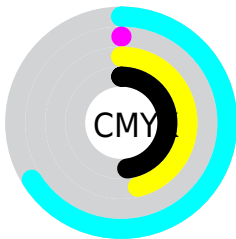
# Distribution



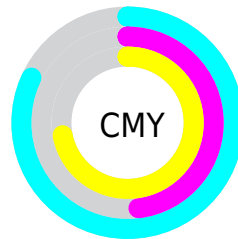
- Red (18%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 99.0330, -13.8203,  
-47.3869

■ 99.0330, -13.8203,  
-47.3869

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.4880, -10.5936,  
-55.6790

■ 153.0610,  
-16.2991, -45.6575

■ 50.3970, -12.5207,  
-44.1982

■ 180.5340,  
-17.0253, -46.0723

■ 33.5730, -16.0585,  
-29.4435

■ 209.0070,  
-17.7515, -46.4871

■ 21.7190, -10.7075,  
-19.0476

■ 227.6150,  
-13.1212, -38.2504

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 239.4780, -5.1657,  
-23.2212

■ 251.1130, 1.9163,

-7.9921

■ 99.0330, -13.8203,  
-47.3869

■ 99.0330, -13.8203,  
-47.3869

■ 94.1200, -15.8352,  
-54.4792

■ 103.9460,  
-11.8054, -40.2946

■ 89.0930, -18.2868,  
-61.4716

■ 108.9730, -9.3537,  
-33.3023

■ 83.8810, -20.1543,  
-69.1786

■ 114.1850, -7.4862,  
-25.5952

■ 81.9300, -21.1645,  
-71.8526

■ 119.0980, -5.4713,  
-18.5029

■ 124.0110, -3.4564,  
-11.4106

■ 129.0380, -1.0047,  
-4.4183

■ 133.9510, 1.0102,  
2.6740

■ 139.1630, 2.8776,  
10.3810

■ 144.0760, 4.8925,  
17.4733

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.0200, -34.0269, -6.1565



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



91.8990, 9.4168, -80.5954

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



94.0720, 50.7435, -82.5011



114.1670, -16.3513, 64.7515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



77.9670, 13.8203, 47.3869

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.7810, 2.5730, 61.5821



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



117.4300, 34.7910, -5.6391

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



97.7590, 42.0238, -85.7346



119.5080, 19.9626, 37.2655



114.1270, -32.6006, 49.8776



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



95.6780, 21.3577, -83.9096



119.5080, 19.9626, 37.2655



114.4860, -10.0996, 66.2258

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



158.0980, -5.4713, -18.5029



114.6070, -34.3163, -6.6713



79.0110, -3.4564, -11.4106



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869



119.8050, -21.5959, -73.4970



103.8210, 4.5252, -51.5860



63.7500, -0.8627, -3.2887



80.7560, -20.5857, -70.8230



1.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.9670, 13.8203, 47.3869



87.1950, 21.5959, 73.4970



73.1790, -4.5252, 51.5860



62.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



49.2440, 20.5857, 70.8230



1.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

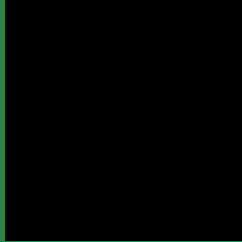
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869

### Protanopia

113.4750, -23.8982, 11.8614

### Deuteranopia

114.7950, -19.1259, 21.2278



## Tritanopia

108.2000, 13.2124, -37.8864

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869

## Protanomaly

108.2550, -20.3387, -9.8706

## Deuteranomaly

109.0970, -17.3028, -3.5931

## Tritanomaly

105.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869

## Achromatopsia

99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

98.9240, -4.8925, -17.4733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 132, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 132, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 132, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 132, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 132, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 132, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 132, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 132, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 132, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 132,  
71) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 99.0330, -13.8203, -47.3869 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 132, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 132,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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