

Converting Colors

YUV(99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(99.3910, 0.3002,
-2.9739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	606564
RGB	96, 101, 100
RGB Percent	38%, 40%, 39%
CMY	0.6235, 0.6039, 0.6078
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.01, 0.60
HSL	168°, 3%, 39%
HSV	168°, 5%, 40%
XYZ	11.7778, 12.7143, 13.8899
YIQ	99.3910, -2.6590, -1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

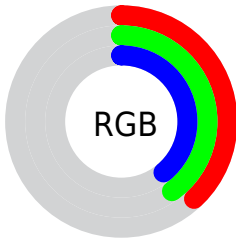
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 99, 101
Decimal	6317412
CIE _{Lab}	42.33, -2.15, -0.11
CIE _{LCh}	42, 2.148, 182.986
Yxy	12.7143, 0.3069, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284507492 (0xFF606564)
YUV	99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739
Hunter-Lab	35.6571, -3.4399, 1.8640

Details

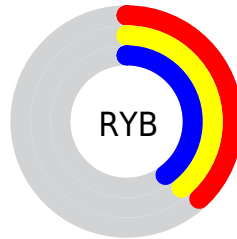
The YUV color **99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **97.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887**, and **52.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739**.

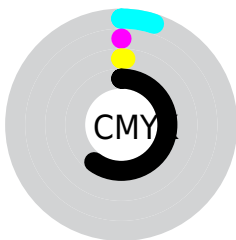
Distribution



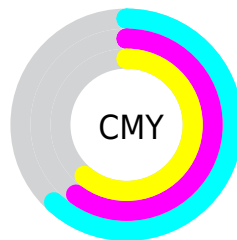
- Red (38%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 99.3910, 0.3002,
-2.9739

■ 99.3910, 0.3002,
-2.9739

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 75.3910, 0.3002,
-2.9739

■ 150.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

■ 52.6900, 0.1528,
-2.3591

■ 176.9780, 0.0108,
-3.4887

■ 31.6900, 0.1528,
-2.3591

■ 204.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

■ 7.7930, 0.5951,
-4.2035

■ 232.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.3910, 0.3002,

■ 99.3910, 0.3002,

-2.9739

-2.9739

■ 96.1730, 0.9007,
-8.9217

■ 102.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 92.9550, 1.5012,
-14.8695

■ 105.8270, -0.9007,
8.9217

■ 89.7370, 2.1017,
-20.8173

■ 109.0450, -1.5012,
14.8695

■ 86.5190, 2.7021,
-26.7652

■ 112.2630, -2.1017,
20.8173

■ 83.3010, 3.3026,
-32.7130

■ 115.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799

■ 79.7840, 4.0505,
-39.2756

■ 118.9980, -3.4500,
33.3278

■ 76.5660, 4.6510,
-45.2234

■ 122.2160, -4.0505,
39.2756

■ 73.3480, 5.2514,
-51.1712

■ 125.4340, -4.6510,
45.2234

■ 70.1300, 5.8519,
-57.1190

■ 128.6520, -5.2514,
51.1712

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



99.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



100.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



99.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



97.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



100.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



99.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



100.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



99.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



99.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



100.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



99.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



129.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



99.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



194.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



127.3800, 0.3057, -4.7183



98.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591



49.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591



77.9930, 6.9055, -68.3999



164.1700, 14.7062, -143.9771

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



124.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



98.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



48.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



37.0070, -6.9055, 68.3999



77.8300, -14.7062, 143.9771

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

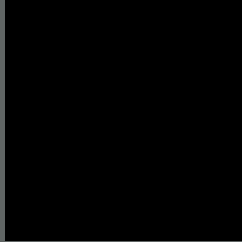
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

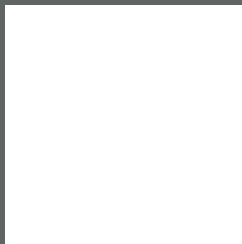
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739.

-2.9739.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739

Protanopia

99.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

Deuteranopia

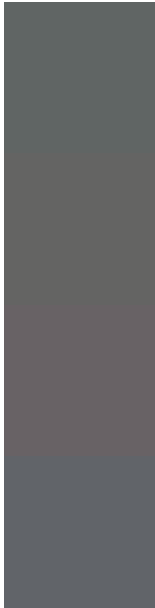
101.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774



Tritanopia

100.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442

Trichromacy



Original Color

99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739

Protanomaly

99.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000

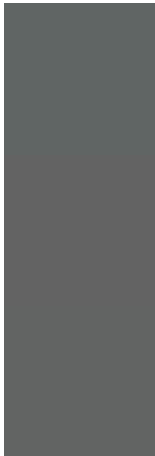
Deuteranomaly

100.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887

Tritanomaly

99.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442

Monochromacy



Original Color

99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739

Achromatopsia

99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

99.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 101, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 101, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 101, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 101, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

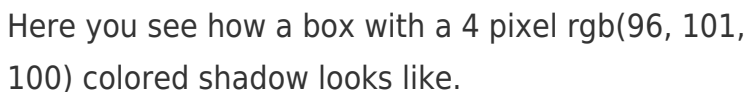
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 101, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 101, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 101, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 101, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 101, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 101,  
100) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 99.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 101, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 101,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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