

# Converting Colors

YUV(99.6350, -12.6381,  
87.1431)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(99.6350, -12.6381,  
87.1431)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C7364A
RGB	199, 54, 74
RGB Percent	78%, 21%, 29%
CMY	0.2196, 0.7882, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.63, 0.22
HSL	352°, 57%, 50%
HSV	352°, 73%, 78%
XYZ	26.1084, 15.2749, 8.0508
YIQ	99.6350, 80.0000, 36.9600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

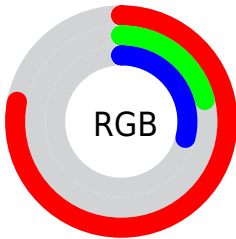
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 54, 74
Decimal	13055562
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.01, 57.75, 22.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 62.147, 21.688
Yxy	15.2749, 0.5281, 0.3090
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291245642 (0xFFC7364A)
YUV	99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431
Hunter-Lab	39.0831, 50.8467, 15.1448

# Details

The YUV color **99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **153.3650, 12.6381, -87.1431**, and the grayscale version is **100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.3100, -16.4218, 87.4281**, and **44.7960, -6.8014, 81.7399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.9570, -14.2758, 99.1387**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113.3130, -11.0003, 75.1475**.

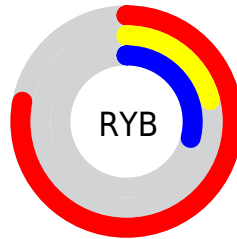
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (21%)

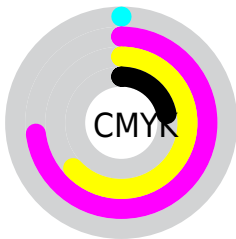
Blue (29%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (29%)

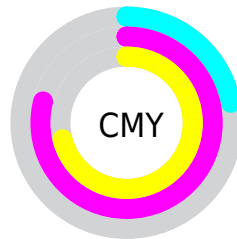


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (79%)


Yellow (71%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 99.6350, -12.6381,  
87.1431


 99.6350, -12.6381,  
87.1431


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 66.1390, -6.9705,  
89.3321


 155.3100,  
-16.4218, 87.4281

 44.7960, -6.8014,  
81.7399


 174.7100,  
-13.1680, 70.4143

 33.2040, -12.4256,  
65.5961

 194.2240, -9.4774,  
53.3006

 23.6210, -11.6452,  
48.5674

 214.3250, -6.0762,  
35.6720

 15.1780, -6.4968,  
30.5389

 234.5400, -2.2382,  
17.9434

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 99.6350, -12.6381,  
87.1431

■ 99.6350, -12.6381,  
87.1431

■ 85.9570, -14.2758,  
99.1387

■ 113.3130,  
-11.0003, 75.1475

■ 72.2790, -15.9135,  
111.1343

■ 126.9910, -9.3626,  
63.1519

■ 62.5790, -17.5404,  
119.6412

■ 140.6690, -7.7248,  
51.1563

■ 154.4610, -5.6503,  
39.0607

■ 168.1390, -4.0125,  
27.0651

■ 181.2300, -2.0854,  
15.5843

■ 194.9080, -0.4476,  
3.5887

■ 208.5860, 1.1901,

-8.4069

■ 222.2640, 2.8278,  
-20.4025

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102.0080, 11.8281, 79.8000



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



102.3420, -38.6226, 68.1061

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



79.4790, -20.4491, -67.9491



94.7220, 58.3111, -83.0712

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



153.3650, 12.6381, -87.1431

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.3830, 45.6602, -85.4049



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



87.3850, 2.2752, -76.6366

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



97.9700, -48.2992, -1.7277



94.1280, 25.5729, -82.5503



105.0000, 50.2860, -28.9410



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



102.7080, -50.6350, 47.6141



94.1280, 25.5729, -82.5503



96.5000, 54.9695, -84.6305

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



216.6560, -4.7604, 33.6277



107.3070, 45.2046, 61.1208



104.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



102.9120, -19.1836, 133.3812



127.2920, -36.1330, 62.8879



92.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



51.3590, -13.9810, 97.9092



11.3340, -3.1227, 21.6321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431



102.9120, -19.1836, 133.3812



125.7080, 36.1330, -62.8879



92.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



51.3590, -13.9810, 97.9092



11.3340, -3.1227, 21.6321



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431.



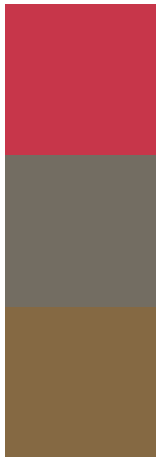
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 99.6350, -12.6381,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431

### Protanopia

109.5400, -5.6892, 4.7884

### Deuteranopia

109.0400, -20.7257, 21.0129



## Tritanopia

99.3870, -19.9108, 86.4836

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431

## Protanomaly

106.0430, -8.4022, 35.0423

## Deuteranomaly

105.4050, -17.4547, 45.2488

## Tritanomaly

99.3700, -17.4374, 86.4985

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431

## Achromatopsia

100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

99.7590, -4.3182, 31.7834

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 54, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 54, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 54, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 54, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 54, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 54, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 54, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 54, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 54, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 54,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 99.6350, -12.6381, 87.1431 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 54, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199, 54,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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