

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(0.3638, 0.3058, 0.3288)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(0.3638, 0.3058, 0.3288)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B0C0C
RGB	11, 12, 12
RGB Percent	4%, 5%, 5%
CMY	0.9569, 0.9529, 0.9530
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.00, 0.95
HSL	180°, 4%, 5%
HSV	180°, 8%, 5%
XYZ	0.3358, 0.3606, 0.3996
YIQ	11.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	11, 12, 12
Decimal	723980
CIELab	3.26, -0.28, -0.10
CIELCh	3, 0.300, 199.446
Yxy	0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278914060 (0xFF0B0C0C)
YUV	11.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148
Hunter-Lab	6.0050, -0.5261, 0.2579

Details

The Yxy color **0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **0.3417, 0.3194, 0.3290**, and the grayscale version is **0.3575, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **3.9261, 0.3103, 0.3290**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0.3527, 0.2990, 0.3290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0.3691, 0.3140, 0.3290**.

Distribution



Red (4%)

Green (5%)

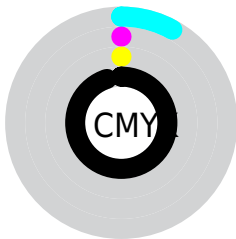
Blue (5%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (5%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (95%)



Cyan (96%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 0.3606, 0.3064,
0.3290

■ 0.3606, 0.3064,
0.3290

■ 83.5559, 0.3122,
0.3290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 3.8760, 0.3112,
0.3290

■ 7.6566, 0.3115,
0.3290

■ 13.3306, 0.3117,
0.3290

■ 21.2825, 0.3118,
0.3290

■ 31.8965, 0.3119,
0.3290

■ 45.5572, 0.3120,

0.3290

■ 62.6488, 0.3121,
0.3290

■ 0.3606, 0.3064,
0.3290

■ 0.3606, 0.3064,
0.3290

■ 0.3527, 0.2990,
0.3290

■ 0.3691, 0.3140,
0.3290

■ 0.3450, 0.2913,
0.3290

■ 0.3781, 0.3218,
0.3290

■ 0.3372, 0.2834,
0.3290

■ 0.3877, 0.3296,
0.3290

■ 0.3295, 0.2750,
0.3290

■ 0.3979, 0.3375,
0.3290

■ 0.3217, 0.2663,
0.3290

■ 0.4087, 0.3454,
0.3290

■ 0.3140, 0.2571,
0.3290

■ 0.4200, 0.3534,
0.3290

■ 0.3062, 0.2474,
0.3290

■ 0.4320, 0.3613,
0.3290

■ 0.2985, 0.2373,
0.3290

■ 0.4446, 0.3691,
0.3290

■ 0.2907, 0.2266,
0.3291

■ 0.4578, 0.3769,
0.3290

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0.3606, 0.3093, 0.3324



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3053, 0.3257

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3123, 0.3234



0.3606, 0.3196, 0.3349

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.3417, 0.3194, 0.3290

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.3606, 0.3203, 0.3324



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3161, 0.3257

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3087, 0.3225



0.3606, 0.3191, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3169, 0.3358

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3056, 0.3240



0.3606, 0.3191, 0.3290



0.3606, 0.3201, 0.3342

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.4870, 0.3110, 0.3290



0.3584, 0.3124, 0.3391



0.2312, 0.3113, 0.3290



24.2867, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.2322, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290



0.4771, 0.3041, 0.3290



0.3491, 0.3065, 0.3241



0.1515, 0.3056, 0.3290



4.6638, 0.2248, 0.3293



43.6204, 0.2248, 0.3294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.3417, 0.3194, 0.3290



0.4431, 0.3220, 0.3290



0.3529, 0.3191, 0.3338



0.1426, 0.3202, 0.3290



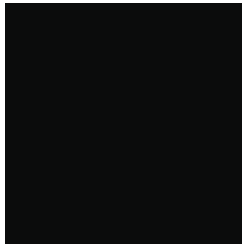
1.2601, 0.6394, 0.3296



11.7837, 0.6399, 0.3299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

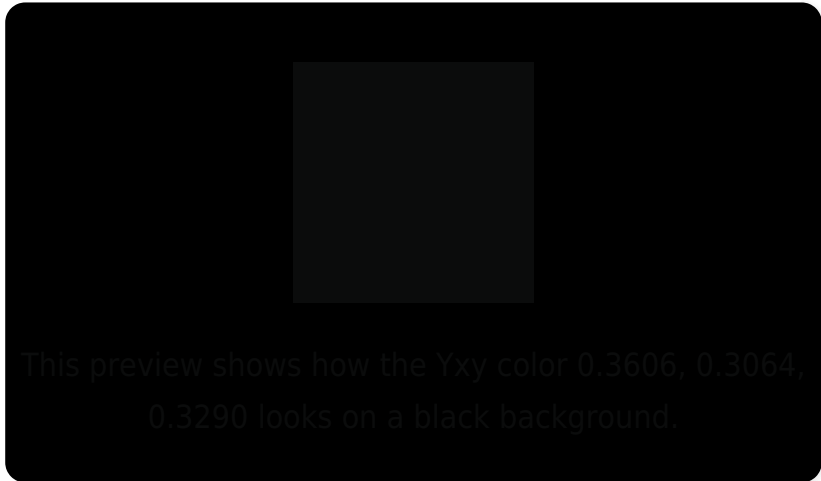
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

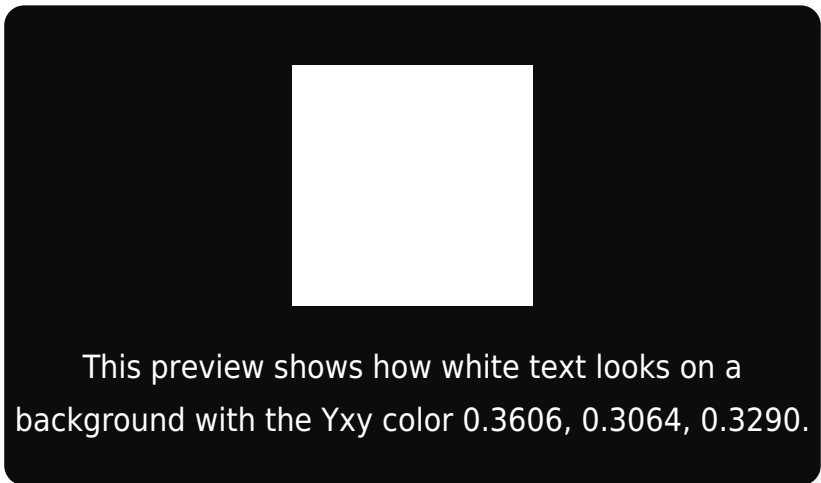
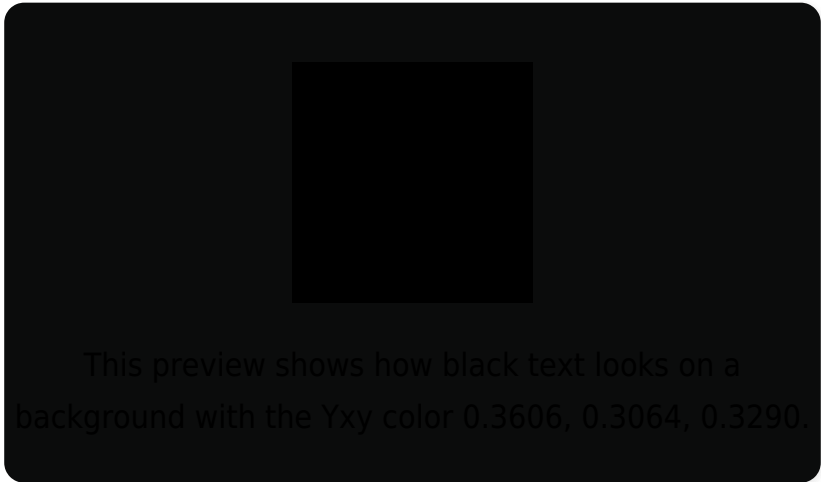
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290

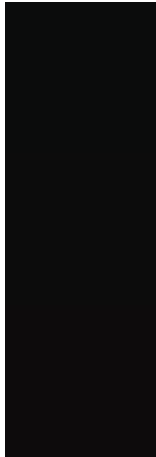
Background



Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290

Protanopia

0.3677, 0.3127, 0.3290

Deuteranopia

0.3515, 0.3198, 0.3193



Tritanopia

0.3631, 0.3006, 0.3191

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290

Protanomaly

0.3677, 0.3127, 0.3290

Deuteranomaly

0.3441, 0.3132, 0.3191

Tritanomaly

0.3631, 0.3006, 0.3191

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290

Achromatopsia

0.3677, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

0.3677, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 12, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 12, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 12, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 12, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 12, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 12, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 12, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 12, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 12, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 12, 12)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 0.3606, 0.3064, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 12, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 12,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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