

Converting Colors

$Yxy(10.0525, 0.2322, 0.3546)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.0525, 0.2322, 0.3546)
contains.

Yxy(10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01655C
RGB	1, 101, 92
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 36%
CMY	0.9952, 0.6039, 0.6392
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.09, 0.60
HSL	175°, 98%, 20%
HSV	175°, 99%, 40%
XYZ	6.6003, 10.0865, 11.7259
YIQ	70.0740, -56.7110, -23.9990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	1, 53, 101
Decimal	91484
CIELab	38.00, -27.23, -2.05
CIELCh	38, 27.309, 184.316
Yxy	10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278281564 (0xFF01655C)
YUV	70.0740, 10.8095, -60.5779
Hunter-Lab	31.7593, -18.4825, 0.3409

Details

The Yxy color **10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **2.8154, 0.6176, 0.3199**, and the grayscale version is **6.1379, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1132, 0.2537, 0.3496**, and **2.7435, 0.2345, 0.3643** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0770, 0.2321, 0.3554**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.1684, 0.2343, 0.3521**.

Distribution



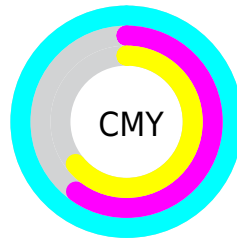
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (60%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.0865, 0.2323,
0.3550


 10.0865, 0.2323,
0.3550


191.2883, 0.2819,
0.3393


 5.4563, 0.2150,
0.3601

 25.9581, 0.2534,
0.3485


 2.5174, 0.1886,
0.3676


 37.9683, 0.2603,
0.3463

 0.8853, 0.0812,
0.4067

 53.2073, 0.2658,
0.3446


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.0595, 0.2702,
0.3431

 94.9093, 0.2739,
0.3420

 122.1411, 0.2770,

0.3409


 154.1393, 0.2796,
0.3401

 10.0865, 0.2323,
0.3550


 10.0865, 0.2323,
0.3550

 10.0770, 0.2321,
0.3554

 10.1684, 0.2343,
0.3521

 10.2753, 0.2374,
0.3492

 10.4271, 0.2421,
0.3463

 10.6285, 0.2484,
0.3435

 10.8837, 0.2564,
0.3407

■ 11.1964, 0.2659,
0.3380

■ 11.5699, 0.2767,
0.3354

■ 12.0073, 0.2885,
0.3330

■ 12.5116, 0.3011,
0.3308

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0865, 0.2828, 0.4160



10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550



10.0865, 0.2045, 0.2921

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550



10.0865, 0.2717, 0.2359



10.0865, 0.4348, 0.3943

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550



2.8154, 0.6176, 0.3199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0865, 0.4344, 0.3463



10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550



10.0865, 0.3343, 0.2601

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550



10.0865, 0.2255, 0.2311



10.0865, 0.3962, 0.2991



10.0865, 0.4005, 0.4327

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550



10.0865, 0.2003, 0.2607



10.0865, 0.3962, 0.2991



10.0865, 0.4390, 0.3787

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0869, 0.2323, 0.3550



19.7247, 0.2744, 0.3360



9.3814, 0.3043, 0.5947



4.8049, 0.2711, 0.3367



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0869, 0.2323, 0.3550



17.2946, 0.2323, 0.3561



4.2943, 0.1899, 0.2020



3.1812, 0.3009, 0.3308



13.2125, 0.2322, 0.3558



68.8434, 0.2326, 0.3575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.8154, 0.6176, 0.3199



4.7756, 0.6258, 0.3221



4.3642, 0.5565, 0.3936



2.8501, 0.3259, 0.3272



3.6506, 0.6238, 0.3210



18.9787, 0.6321, 0.3256

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

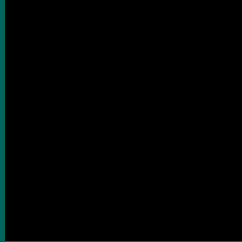
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550

Protanopia

10.0759, 0.3237, 0.3389

Deuteranopia

10.0755, 0.3136, 0.3100



Tritanopia

10.1919, 0.2265, 0.3071

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550

Protanomaly

9.4631, 0.2709, 0.3428

Deuteranomaly

9.4545, 0.2659, 0.3234

Tritanomaly

10.1838, 0.2275, 0.3232

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550

Achromatopsia

6.1246, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.9928, 0.2613, 0.3384

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 101, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 101, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 101, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 101, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 101, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 101, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 101, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 101, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 101, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 101, 92)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.0865, 0.2323, 0.3550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 101, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 101,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor