

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.0803, 0.4528, 0.4223)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.0803, 0.4528, 0.4223)
contains.

Yxy(10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	765323
RGB	118, 83, 35
RGB Percent	46%, 33%, 14%
CMY	0.5373, 0.6745, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.70, 0.54
HSL	35°, 54%, 30%
HSV	35°, 70%, 46%
XYZ	10.8676, 10.1594, 2.9792
YIQ	87.9930, 36.2680, -7.5080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

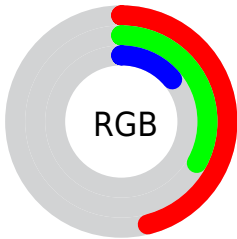
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 118, 35
Decimal	7754531
CIE Lab	38.13, 9.37, 33.06
CIE LCh	38, 34.360, 74.167
Yxy	10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285944611 (0xFF765323)
YUV	87.9930, -26.1255, 26.3161
Hunter-Lab	31.8738, 5.0815, 16.7700

Details

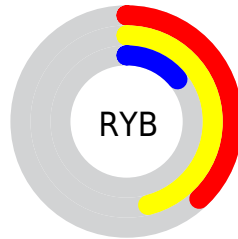
The Yxy color **10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **6.0463, 0.2039, 0.2003**, and the grayscale version is **9.8100, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9960, 0.4182, 0.4025**, and **2.5445, 0.5051, 0.4372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3669, 0.4748, 0.4296**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0312, 0.4296, 0.4133**.

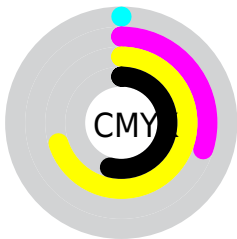
Distribution



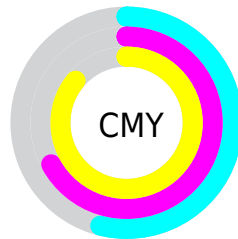
- Red (46%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (54%)




- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1594, 0.4527,
0.4232


 10.1594, 0.4527,
0.4232


191.8060, 0.3677,
0.3699


 5.5048, 0.4785,
0.4357

 26.0949, 0.4179,
0.4032


 2.5464, 0.5336,
0.4664

 38.1445, 0.4060,
0.3957


 0.8998, 0.5518,
0.4482

 53.4280, 0.3964,
0.3895

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 72.3296, 0.3886,
0.3842

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.2338, 0.3820,
0.3798

 122.5250, 0.3765,

0.3760

154.5876, 0.3718,
0.3727

10.1594, 0.4527,
0.4232

10.1594, 0.4527,
0.4232

9.3669, 0.4748,
0.4296

11.0312, 0.4296,
0.4133

8.6485, 0.4949,
0.4315

11.9839, 0.4067,
0.4008

8.0147, 0.5133,
0.4307

13.0211, 0.3847,
0.3868

14.1456, 0.3641,
0.3721

15.3599, 0.3453,
0.3574

■ 16.6664, 0.3284,
0.3431

■ 18.0676, 0.3132,
0.3294

■ 19.5656, 0.2997,
0.3166

■ 21.1626, 0.2877,
0.3047

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1594, 0.4702, 0.3660



10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232



10.1594, 0.3977, 0.4671

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232



10.1594, 0.1990, 0.3323



10.1594, 0.2848, 0.2235

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232



6.0463, 0.2039, 0.2003

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1594, 0.2212, 0.2093



10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232



10.1594, 0.1771, 0.2604

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232



10.1594, 0.2511, 0.4178



10.1594, 0.1849, 0.2200



10.1594, 0.3659, 0.2587

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232



10.1594, 0.3494, 0.4763



10.1594, 0.1849, 0.2200



10.1594, 0.2609, 0.2163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1599, 0.4527, 0.4232



26.7460, 0.3475, 0.3591



5.5086, 0.4333, 0.2592



6.0434, 0.3514, 0.3622



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1599, 0.4527, 0.4232



15.7275, 0.4867, 0.4313



16.5525, 0.3960, 0.4847



4.0197, 0.3263, 0.3413



8.6464, 0.5137, 0.4303



40.4116, 0.5202, 0.4252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0463, 0.2039, 0.2003



8.0449, 0.1850, 0.1670



2.9728, 0.1892, 0.1180



3.8202, 0.2995, 0.3164



3.8366, 0.1719, 0.1389



17.0754, 0.1693, 0.1295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

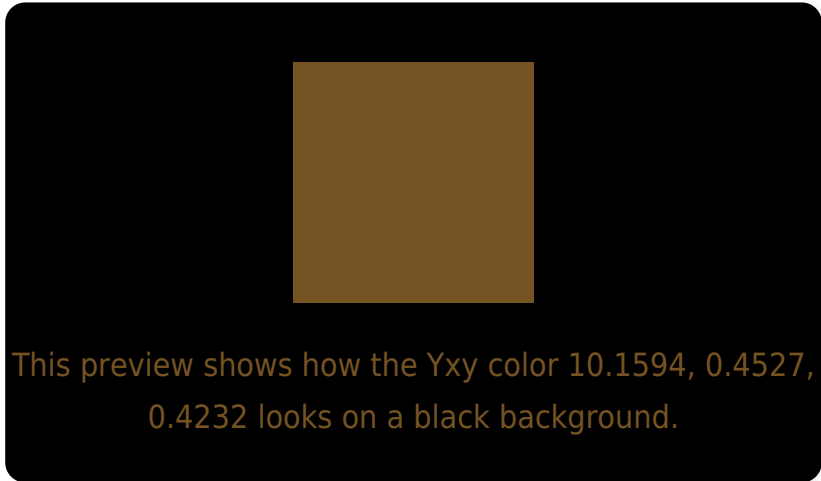
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

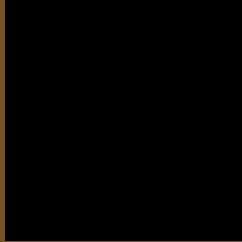
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232

Protanopia

10.1552, 0.4087, 0.4489

Deuteranopia

10.2158, 0.4390, 0.4355



Tritanopia

10.1538, 0.3808, 0.3166

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232

Protanomaly

10.0696, 0.4265, 0.4386

Deuteranomaly

10.1899, 0.4440, 0.4319

Tritanomaly

10.1237, 0.4110, 0.3588

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232

Achromatopsia

9.7587, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.7379, 0.3631, 0.3704

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 83, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 83, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 83, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 83, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 83, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 83, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 83, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 83, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 83, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 83,  
35) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1594, 0.4527, 0.4232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 83, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118, 83,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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