

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.0881, 0.2412, 0.3288)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.0881, 0.2412, 0.3288)
contains.

Yxy(10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	266262
RGB	38, 98, 98
RGB Percent	15%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.8508, 0.6157, 0.6157
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	180°, 44%, 27%
HSV	180°, 61%, 38%
XYZ	7.3725, 10.0293, 13.1009
YIQ	80.0600, -35.7600, -12.7200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

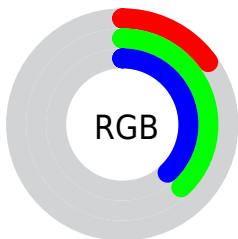
Format	Color
RYB	38, 68, 98
Decimal	2515554
CIELab	37.89, -19.07, -5.81
CIELCh	38, 19.936, 196.956
Yxy	10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280705634 (0xFF266262)
YUV	80.0600, 8.8444, -36.8866
Hunter-Lab	31.6691, -13.8663, -2.3589

Details

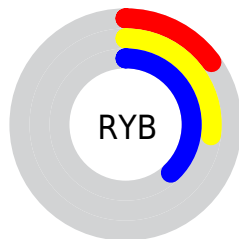
The Yxy color **10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4.1259, 0.4857, 0.3295**, and the grayscale version is **8.0244, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.8890, 0.2602, 0.3288**, and **2.6156, 0.2233, 0.3238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8671, 0.2352, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.2414, 0.2499, 0.3288**.

Distribution



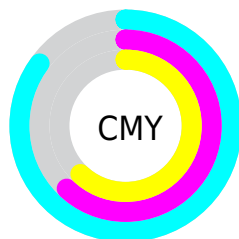
- Red (15%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)




- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.0293, 0.2417,
0.3288


 10.0293, 0.2417,
0.3288


 190.8811, 0.2854,
0.3297


 5.4184, 0.2265,
0.3278

 25.8506, 0.2603,
0.3295


 2.4948, 0.2034,
0.3255


 37.8298, 0.2663,
0.3297

 0.8740, 0.1376,
0.3294

 53.0338, 0.2712,
0.3297

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 71.8471, 0.2751,
0.3298

 94.6541, 0.2783,
0.3298

 121.8392, 0.2810,

0.3298

153.7867, 0.2834,
0.3298

■ 10.0293, 0.2417,
0.3288

■ 10.0293, 0.2417,
0.3288

■ 9.8671, 0.2352,
0.3288

■ 10.2414, 0.2499,
0.3288

■ 9.7497, 0.2303,
0.3288

■ 10.5057, 0.2597,
0.3289

■ 9.6725, 0.2270,
0.3288

■ 10.8258, 0.2709,
0.3289

■ 9.6167, 0.2247,
0.3288

■ 11.2048, 0.2833,
0.3289

■ 11.6452, 0.2968,
0.3290

■ 12.1496, 0.3110,
0.3290

■ 12.7206, 0.3257,
0.3290

■ 13.3603, 0.3407,
0.3291

■ 14.0710, 0.3558,
0.3291

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0293, 0.2740, 0.3746



10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288



10.0293, 0.2280, 0.2875

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288



10.0293, 0.3017, 0.2645



10.0293, 0.3955, 0.3928

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288



4.1259, 0.4857, 0.3295

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0293, 0.4055, 0.3597



10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288



10.0293, 0.3491, 0.2887

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288



10.0293, 0.2605, 0.2545



10.0293, 0.3883, 0.3225



10.0293, 0.3629, 0.4119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288



10.0293, 0.2302, 0.2683



10.0293, 0.3883, 0.3225



10.0293, 0.4017, 0.3828

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0297, 0.2417, 0.3288



19.8296, 0.2868, 0.3289



9.3075, 0.3052, 0.5113



4.6771, 0.2841, 0.3289



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0297, 0.2417, 0.3288



17.2008, 0.2330, 0.3288



5.5535, 0.2228, 0.2410



2.8948, 0.3000, 0.3290



12.8067, 0.2247, 0.3288



68.4162, 0.2247, 0.3288

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.1259, 0.4857, 0.3295



5.8370, 0.5482, 0.3297



6.7537, 0.4376, 0.3996



2.5903, 0.3269, 0.3290



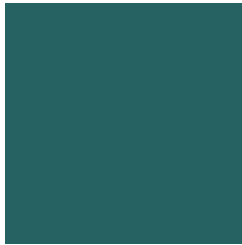
3.4579, 0.6401, 0.3300



18.4728, 0.6401, 0.3300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

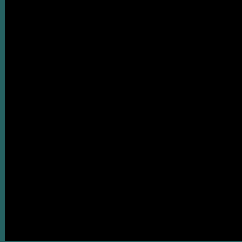
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288

Protanopia

9.8760, 0.3083, 0.3191

Deuteranopia

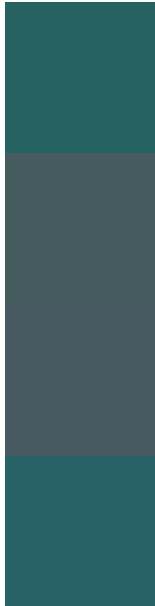
10.0118, 0.3013, 0.2981



Tritanopia

10.0407, 0.2369, 0.3073

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288

Protanomaly

9.7645, 0.2775, 0.3236

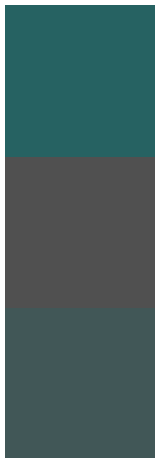
Deuteranomaly

9.7607, 0.2737, 0.3083

Tritanomaly

9.9598, 0.2388, 0.3152

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288

Achromatopsia

8.0220, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.6283, 0.2786, 0.3289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(38, 98, 98) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(38, 98, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 98, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 98, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 98, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 98, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 98, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 98, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 98, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 98, 98)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.0293, 0.2417, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 98, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 98,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor