

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.0881, 0.2492, 0.2982)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.0881, 0.2492, 0.2982)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A5F6B
RGB	58, 95, 107
RGB Percent	23%, 37%, 42%
CMY	0.7726, 0.6274, 0.5804
CMYK	0.46, 0.11, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	195°, 30%, 32%
HSV	195°, 46%, 42%
XYZ	8.4903, 10.1455, 15.4209
YIQ	85.3050, -25.9040, -4.1120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

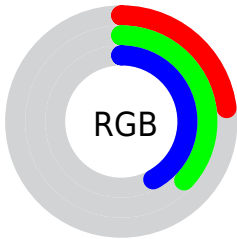
Format	Color
RYB	58, 79, 107
Decimal	3825515
CIELab	38.10, -9.69, -10.97
CIElCh	38, 14.637, 228.552
Yxy	10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282015595 (0xFF3A5F6B)
YUV	85.3050, 10.6956, -23.9465
Hunter-Lab	31.8520, -8.1608, -6.4084

Details

The Yxy color **10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.8095, 0.4125, 0.3573**, and the grayscale version is **9.1324, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9076, 0.2659, 0.3064**, and **2.5616, 0.2158, 0.2780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3939, 0.2376, 0.2898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9804, 0.2621, 0.3056**.

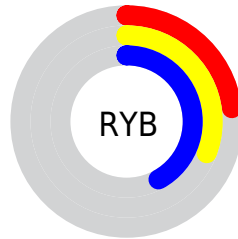
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (37%)

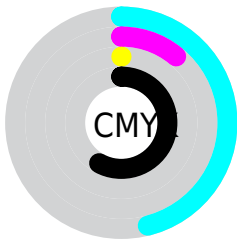
Blue (42%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (42%)

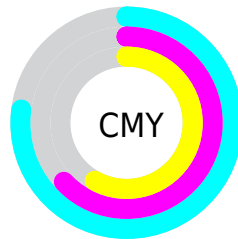


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.1455, 0.2493,
0.2979

10.1455, 0.2493,
0.2979

191.7074, 0.2882,
0.3178

5.4955, 0.2359,
0.2904

26.0688, 0.2658,
0.3067

2.5408, 0.2156,
0.2783

38.1110, 0.2712,
0.3095

0.8970, 0.1767,
0.2574

53.3859, 0.2755,
0.3116

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

72.2782, 0.2790,
0.3134

95.1720, 0.2819,
0.3148

122.4519, 0.2843,

0.3160

154.5022, 0.2864,
0.3170

■ 10.1455, 0.2493,
0.2979

■ 10.1455, 0.2493,
0.2979

■ 9.3939, 0.2376,
0.2898

■ 10.9804, 0.2621,
0.3056

■ 8.7202, 0.2272,
0.2815

■ 11.9014, 0.2757,
0.3128

■ 8.1199, 0.2184,
0.2729

■ 12.9125, 0.2899,
0.3195

■ 7.5876, 0.2113,
0.2643

■ 14.0173, 0.3043,
0.3257

■ 7.1114, 0.2057,
0.2557

■ 15.2189, 0.3188,
0.3313

■ 6.9184, 0.2033,
0.2520

■ 16.5204, 0.3331,
0.3363

■ 17.9247, 0.3471,
0.3409

■ 19.4346, 0.3607,
0.3449

■ 21.0527, 0.3738,
0.3485

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1455, 0.2592, 0.3278



10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979



10.1455, 0.2551, 0.2787

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979



10.1455, 0.3413, 0.3002



10.1455, 0.3486, 0.3897

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979



7.8095, 0.4125, 0.3573

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1455, 0.3728, 0.3779



10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979



10.1455, 0.3689, 0.3264

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979



10.1455, 0.3068, 0.2812



10.1455, 0.3806, 0.3544



10.1455, 0.3156, 0.3837

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979



10.1455, 0.2673, 0.2735



10.1455, 0.3806, 0.3544



10.1455, 0.3581, 0.3875

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1459, 0.2493, 0.2979



23.3901, 0.2919, 0.3204



11.8498, 0.2942, 0.4309



5.5843, 0.2895, 0.3193



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1459, 0.2493, 0.2979



16.7260, 0.2367, 0.2892



6.4745, 0.2382, 0.2317



3.3727, 0.2997, 0.3238



8.3680, 0.2031, 0.2512



41.2286, 0.2018, 0.2463

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9770, 0.3409, 0.2467



10.5542, 0.3498, 0.2291



11.4243, 0.3882, 0.4097



3.1519, 0.3169, 0.3134



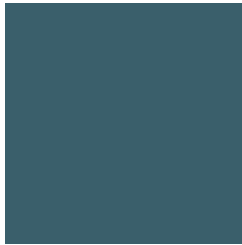
4.5171, 0.3911, 0.1928



22.8743, 0.3960, 0.1955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

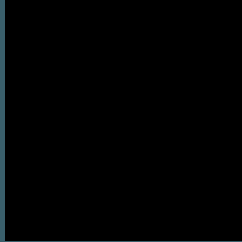
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979

Protanopia

10.1503, 0.2895, 0.2953

Deuteranopia

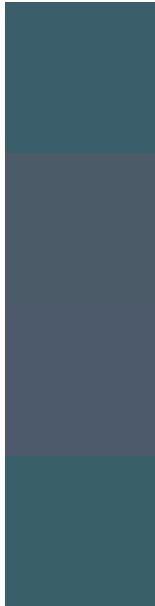
9.9952, 0.2828, 0.2773



Tritanopia

10.2149, 0.2529, 0.3105

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979

Protanomaly

10.0181, 0.2729, 0.2965

Deuteranomaly

9.9728, 0.2692, 0.2848

Tritanomaly

10.2351, 0.2518, 0.3080

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979

Achromatopsia

9.0842, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.4309, 0.2854, 0.3185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 95, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 95, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 95, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 95, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 95, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 95, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 95, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 95, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 95, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 95,  
107) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1455, 0.2493, 0.2979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 95, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 95,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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