

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.0950, 0.4902, 0.4084)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.0950, 0.4902, 0.4084)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	824C1E
RGB	130, 76, 30
RGB Percent	51%, 30%, 12%
CMY	0.4902, 0.7019, 0.8823
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.77, 0.49
HSL	28°, 62%, 31%
HSV	28°, 77%, 51%
XYZ	12.0248, 10.0084, 2.5273
YIQ	86.9020, 46.9500, -2.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

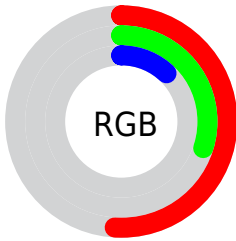
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 115, 30
Decimal	8539166
CIE _{Lab}	37.86, 18.86, 35.81
CIE _{LCh}	38, 40.471, 62.222
Yxy	10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286729246 (0xFF824C1E)
YUV	86.9020, -28.0527, 37.7969
Hunter-Lab	31.6361, 12.4845, 17.4088

Details

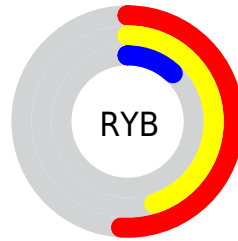
The Yxy color **10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **8.2304, 0.2022, 0.2151**, and the grayscale version is **9.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7678, 0.4460, 0.3941**, and **2.5165, 0.5518, 0.4001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.0404, 0.5163, 0.4082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1105, 0.4614, 0.4024**.

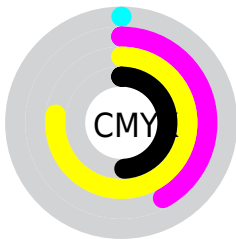
Distribution



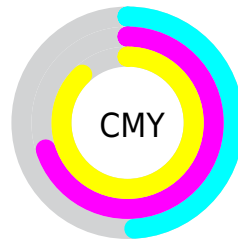
- Red (51%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.0084, 0.4896,
0.4075


 10.0084, 0.4896,
0.4075


190.7320, 0.3820,
0.3674


 5.4045, 0.5219,
0.4128

 25.8113, 0.4458,
0.3946


 2.4865, 0.5778,
0.4222

 37.7791, 0.4307,
0.3890

 0.8699, 0.6117,
0.3883

 52.9704, 0.4185,
0.3840

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 71.7695, 0.4085,
0.3798

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 94.5608, 0.4002,
0.3760

 121.7287, 0.3932,

0.3728

153.6576, 0.3872,
0.3699

10.0084, 0.4896,
0.4075

10.0084, 0.4896,
0.4075

9.0404, 0.5163,
0.4082

11.1105, 0.4614,
0.4024

8.1957, 0.5403,
0.4044

12.3513, 0.4333,
0.3941

7.9559, 0.5479,
0.4032

13.7371, 0.4066,
0.3836

15.2731, 0.3820,
0.3719

16.9644, 0.3599,
0.3599

■ 18.8156, 0.3404,
0.3479

■ 20.8312, 0.3233,
0.3365

■ 23.0156, 0.3083,
0.3258

■ 25.3728, 0.2953,
0.3157

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0084, 0.4904, 0.3415



10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075



10.0084, 0.4378, 0.4701

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075



10.0084, 0.1997, 0.3731



10.0084, 0.2466, 0.1987

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075



8.2304, 0.2022, 0.2151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0084, 0.1868, 0.1926



10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075



10.0084, 0.1624, 0.2757

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075



10.0084, 0.2705, 0.4704



10.0084, 0.1591, 0.2158



10.0084, 0.3354, 0.2295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075



10.0084, 0.3862, 0.4986



10.0084, 0.1591, 0.2158



10.0084, 0.2230, 0.1938

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0089, 0.4896, 0.4075



30.9491, 0.3530, 0.3558



6.3311, 0.4210, 0.2357



6.7850, 0.3593, 0.3595



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0089, 0.4896, 0.4075



14.8349, 0.5334, 0.4056



19.5069, 0.4153, 0.4829



4.6448, 0.3268, 0.3389



7.6419, 0.5476, 0.4034



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2304, 0.2022, 0.2151



11.4922, 0.1868, 0.1858



3.0909, 0.1740, 0.1041



4.5663, 0.2993, 0.3188



5.7840, 0.1823, 0.1762



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

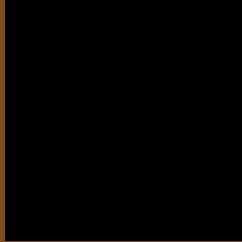
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075

Protanopia

10.1371, 0.4122, 0.4541

Deuteranopia

10.0209, 0.4484, 0.4437



Tritanopia

9.9338, 0.4207, 0.3197

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075

Protanomaly

9.9863, 0.4401, 0.4361

Deuteranomaly

10.0404, 0.4642, 0.4302

Tritanomaly

9.9061, 0.4503, 0.3560

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.4634, 0.3777, 0.3696

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 76, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 76, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 76, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 76, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 76, 30) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 76, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 76, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 76, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 76, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 76,  
30) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.0084, 0.4896, 0.4075 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 76, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 76,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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