

Converting Colors

$Yxy(10.1443, 0.2091, 0.3013)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.1443, 0.2091, 0.3013)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00656F
RGB	0, 101, 111
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.9995, 0.6039, 0.5647
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	185°, 100%, 22%
HSV	185°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	7.5243, 10.4551, 16.6630
YIQ	71.9410, -63.4060, -18.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

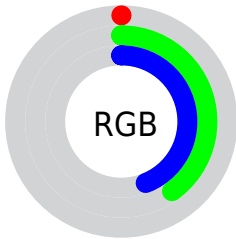
Format	Color
RYB	0, 53, 111
Decimal	25967
CIELab	38.65, -20.86, -12.76
CIELCh	39, 24.450, 211.455
Yxy	10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216047 (0xFF00656F)
YUV	71.9410, 19.2561, -63.0923
Hunter-Lab	32.3343, -15.0474, -7.9202

Details

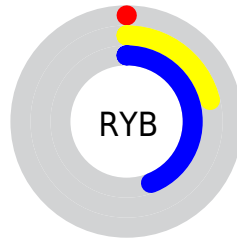
The Yxy color **10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.6004, 0.6281, 0.3392**, and the grayscale version is **6.4506, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5967, 0.2411, 0.3092**, and **2.9972, 0.2136, 0.2888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4526, 0.2172, 0.3018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7232, 0.2206, 0.3047**.

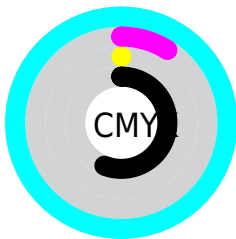
Distribution



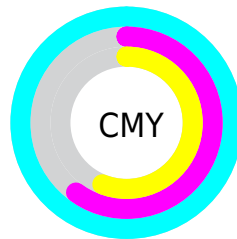
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.4551, 0.2172,
0.3018

10.4551, 0.2172,
0.3018

193.8901, 0.2748,
0.3202

5.7017, 0.1982,
0.2942

26.6481, 0.2412,
0.3103

2.6646, 0.1704,
0.2816

38.8564, 0.2492,
0.3128

0.9592, 0.1096,
0.2624

54.3186, 0.2556,
0.3148


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


73.4189, 0.2609,
0.3163


96.5419, 0.2652,
0.3176

124.0718, 0.2689,

0.3186


 156.3930, 0.2721,
0.3195

 10.4551, 0.2172,
0.3018


 10.4551, 0.2172,
0.3018


 10.4526, 0.2172,
0.3018

 10.7232, 0.2206,
0.3047

 11.0230, 0.2249,
0.3077

 11.3797, 0.2310,
0.3106

 11.7995, 0.2387,
0.3136

 12.2878, 0.2481,
0.3165

■ 12.8493, 0.2590,
0.3193

■ 13.4883, 0.2712,
0.3219

■ 14.2089, 0.2844,
0.3245

■ 15.0147, 0.2984,
0.3268

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4551, 0.2448, 0.3578



10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018



10.4551, 0.2129, 0.2610

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018



10.4551, 0.3266, 0.2645



10.4551, 0.3953, 0.4192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018



3.6004, 0.6281, 0.3392

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4551, 0.4227, 0.3846



10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018



10.4551, 0.3820, 0.2989

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018



10.4551, 0.2718, 0.2441



10.4551, 0.4185, 0.3413



10.4551, 0.3469, 0.4314

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018



10.4551, 0.2230, 0.2458



10.4551, 0.4185, 0.3413



10.4551, 0.4074, 0.4094

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4555, 0.2172, 0.3018



24.0367, 0.2700, 0.3217



11.3923, 0.2974, 0.5904



5.6822, 0.2659, 0.3208



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4555, 0.2172, 0.3018



18.6190, 0.2170, 0.3010



3.1281, 0.1721, 0.1395



3.7662, 0.2996, 0.3270



12.2957, 0.2171, 0.3015



60.5959, 0.2167, 0.2999

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.3223, 0.3438, 0.1668



7.7237, 0.3445, 0.1672



7.1387, 0.5109, 0.4323



3.4485, 0.3149, 0.3101



5.0871, 0.3441, 0.1669



25.2749, 0.3455, 0.1677

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

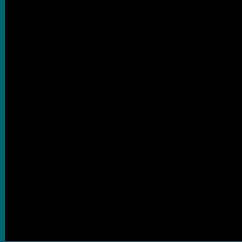
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018

Protanopia

10.4357, 0.2912, 0.2958

Deuteranopia

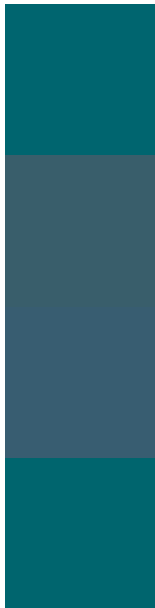
10.4344, 0.2766, 0.2714



Tritanopia

10.4115, 0.2186, 0.3070

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018

Protanomaly

9.9368, 0.2478, 0.2951

Deuteranomaly

9.8617, 0.2404, 0.2781

Tritanomaly

10.4331, 0.2179, 0.3044

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018

Achromatopsia

6.4803, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.4392, 0.2536, 0.3197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 101, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 101, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 101, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 101, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 101, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 101, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 101, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 101, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 101, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 101,  
111) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4551, 0.2172, 0.3018 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 101, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 101,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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