

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.1688, 0.5270, 0.3167)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.1688, 0.5270, 0.3167)
contains.

Yxy(10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A32F3A
RGB	163, 47, 58
RGB Percent	64%, 18%, 23%
CMY	0.3607, 0.8158, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.64, 0.36
HSL	354°, 55%, 41%
HSV	354°, 71%, 64%
XYZ	16.8878, 10.1250, 5.0689
YIQ	82.9380, 65.6050, 28.0130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

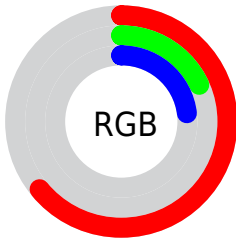
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 47, 58
Decimal	10694458
CIE _{Lab}	38.07, 48.05, 21.27
CIE _{LCh}	38, 52.547, 23.877
Yxy	10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288884538 (0xFFA32F3A)
YUV	82.9380, -12.2944, 70.2144
Hunter-Lab	31.8198, 39.0512, 12.8289

Details

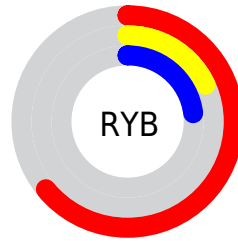
The Yxy color **10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **29.0718, 0.2394, 0.3491**, and the grayscale version is **8.6511, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.0153, 0.4701, 0.3250**, and **3.0407, 0.6087, 0.3127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9282, 0.5695, 0.3172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8527, 0.4820, 0.3157**.

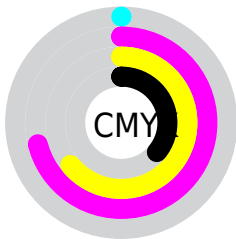
Distribution



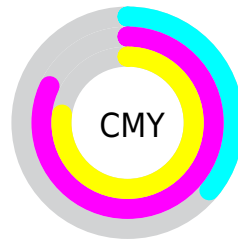
- Red (64%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1250, 0.5264,
0.3156


 10.1250, 0.5264,
0.3156


191.5619, 0.3935,
0.3310


 5.4819, 0.5707,
0.3052

 26.0303, 0.4703,
0.3249


 2.5327, 0.6358,
0.2861

 38.0614, 0.4517,
0.3271


 0.8930, 0.7486,
0.2514

 53.3239, 0.4369,
0.3285

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 72.2022, 0.4249,
0.3294

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.0808, 0.4150,
0.3301

 122.3440, 0.4067,

0.3305

154.3763, 0.3996,
0.3308

■ 10.1250, 0.5264,
0.3156

■ 10.1250, 0.5264,
0.3156

■ 8.9282, 0.5695,
0.3172

■ 11.8527, 0.4820,
0.3157

■ 8.1992, 0.6053,
0.3205

■ 14.1616, 0.4407,
0.3170

■ 7.8246, 0.6279,
0.3233

■ 17.0980, 0.4048,
0.3191

■ 20.7030, 0.3748,
0.3215

■ 25.0145, 0.3502,
0.3240

■ 30.0672, 0.3304,
0.3264

■ 35.8937, 0.3144,
0.3287

■ 42.5247, 0.3015,
0.3309

■ 49.9892, 0.2910,
0.3328

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1250, 0.4315, 0.2475



10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156



10.1250, 0.5403, 0.3909

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156



10.1250, 0.2820, 0.5423



10.1250, 0.1467, 0.1661

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156



29.0718, 0.2394, 0.3491

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1250, 0.1245, 0.2010



10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156



10.1250, 0.1890, 0.4259

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156



10.1250, 0.3882, 0.5443



10.1250, 0.1361, 0.2863



10.1250, 0.2050, 0.1660

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156



10.1250, 0.5079, 0.4454



10.1250, 0.1361, 0.2863



10.1250, 0.1356, 0.1733

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1256, 0.5264, 0.3156



44.6138, 0.3507, 0.3239



11.2956, 0.3031, 0.1673



9.5396, 0.3567, 0.3233



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1256, 0.5264, 0.3156



15.1851, 0.5901, 0.3188



15.8920, 0.4870, 0.3955



7.0964, 0.3271, 0.3269



6.0828, 0.6266, 0.3225



0.1309, 0.5722, 0.2926

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1256, 0.5264, 0.3156



15.1851, 0.5901, 0.3188



15.8793, 0.2106, 0.2371



7.0964, 0.3271, 0.3269



6.0828, 0.6266, 0.3225



0.1309, 0.5722, 0.2926

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

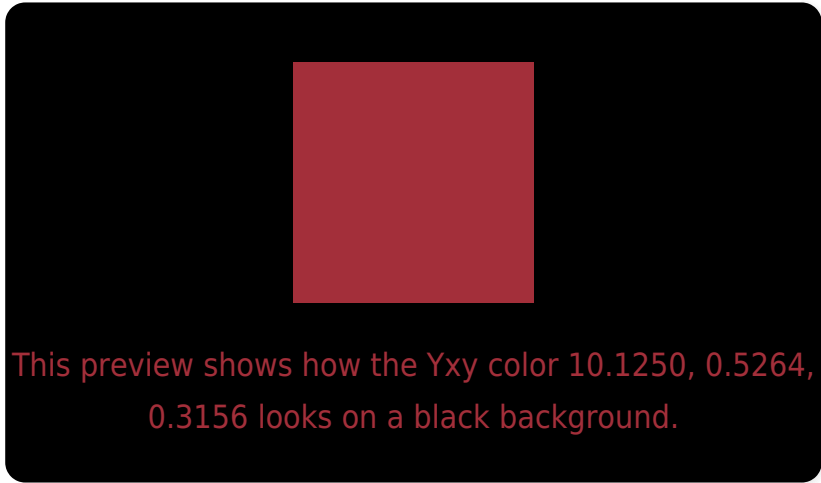
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

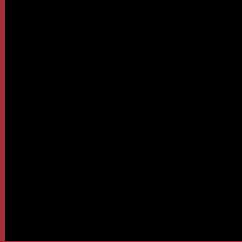
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156

Protanopia

10.3209, 0.3443, 0.3632

Deuteranopia

10.2185, 0.4107, 0.4044



Tritanopia

10.1395, 0.5388, 0.3260

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156

Protanomaly

9.3203, 0.4109, 0.3399

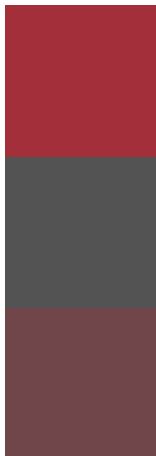
Deuteranomaly

9.5682, 0.4575, 0.3637

Tritanomaly

10.1668, 0.5332, 0.3221

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.3195, 0.3891, 0.3202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 47, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 47, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 47, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 47, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 47, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 47, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 47, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 47, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 47, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 47,  
58) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1250, 0.5264, 0.3156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 47, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 47,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor