

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.1901, 0.6045, 0.3194)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.1901, 0.6045, 0.3194)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B41022
RGB	180, 16, 34
RGB Percent	71%, 6%, 13%
CMY	0.2941, 0.9374, 0.8666
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.81, 0.29
HSL	353°, 84%, 38%
HSV	353°, 91%, 71%
XYZ	19.2988, 10.1894, 2.4635
YIQ	67.0880, 91.9660, 40.3660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

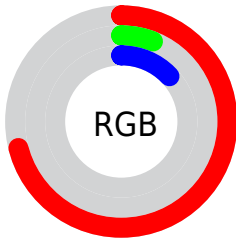
Format	Color
RYB	180, 16, 34
Decimal	11800610
CIELab	38.18, 60.34, 36.85
CIElCh	38, 70.704, 31.410
Yxy	10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289990690 (0xFFB41022)
YUV	67.0880, -16.3124, 99.0238
Hunter-Lab	31.9208, 52.0568, 17.7689

Details

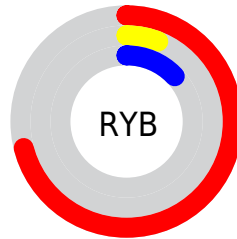
The Yxy color **10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **35.3653, 0.2348, 0.3601**, and the grayscale version is **5.6406, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1162, 0.5337, 0.3349**, and **3.8516, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7546, 0.6266, 0.3226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0777, 0.5681, 0.3151**.

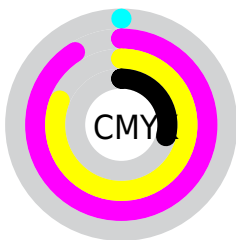
Distribution



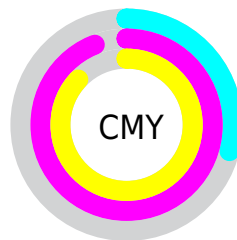
- Red (71%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (29%)





- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1894, 0.6040,
0.3189


 10.1894, 0.6040,
0.3189


192.0186, 0.4287,
0.3415


 5.5247, 0.6540,
0.3013

 26.1511, 0.5341,
0.3345


 2.5583, 0.7269,
0.2731

 38.2170, 0.5094,
0.3378


 0.9057, 0.7891,
0.2109

 53.5187, 0.4894,
0.3397

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000


 72.4406, 0.4728,
0.3408


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.3671, 0.4590,
0.3414


 122.6827, 0.4473,

0.3416


 154.7717, 0.4373,
0.3416

 10.1894, 0.6040,
0.3189


 10.1894, 0.6040,
0.3189

 9.7546, 0.6266,
0.3226

 11.0777, 0.5681,
0.3151

 12.5522, 0.5251,
0.3133

 14.6921, 0.4808,
0.3134

 17.5637, 0.4398,
0.3150

 21.2254, 0.4041,
0.3174

■ 25.7298, 0.3742,
0.3202

■ 31.1246, 0.3499,
0.3232

■ 37.4544, 0.3302,
0.3260

■ 44.7605, 0.3143,
0.3287

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1894, 0.5087, 0.2421



10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189



10.1894, 0.5817, 0.4078

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189



10.1894, 0.2268, 0.6029



10.1894, 0.1234, 0.1270

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189



35.3653, 0.2348, 0.3601

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1894, 0.0898, 0.1511



10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189



10.1894, 0.1303, 0.4043

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189



10.1894, 0.3537, 0.6229



10.1894, 0.0893, 0.2304



10.1894, 0.2012, 0.1364

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189



10.1894, 0.5205, 0.4795



10.1894, 0.0893, 0.2304



10.1894, 0.1082, 0.1308

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1900, 0.6040, 0.3189



50.0409, 0.3647, 0.3213



11.2295, 0.2944, 0.1431



10.1439, 0.3734, 0.3203



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1900, 0.6040, 0.3189



17.6678, 0.6290, 0.3239



15.3129, 0.5520, 0.3895



8.5200, 0.3270, 0.3265



6.8122, 0.6247, 0.3215



0.2192, 0.5730, 0.2930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1900, 0.6040, 0.3189



17.6678, 0.6290, 0.3239



16.1585, 0.1938, 0.2112



8.5200, 0.3270, 0.3265



6.8122, 0.6247, 0.3215



0.2192, 0.5730, 0.2930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

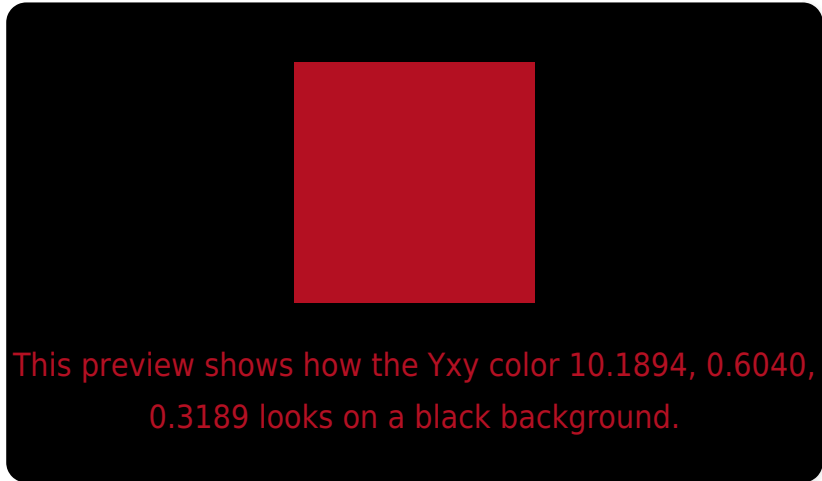
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189

Protanopia

10.6689, 0.3883, 0.4221

Deuteranopia

10.5764, 0.4585, 0.4520



Tritanopia

10.2381, 0.6217, 0.3322

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189

Protanomaly

8.6021, 0.4868, 0.3637

Deuteranomaly

8.8924, 0.5358, 0.3817

Tritanomaly

10.2270, 0.6164, 0.3283

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189

Achromatopsia

5.6128, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.5779, 0.4460, 0.3137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 16, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(180, 16, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 16, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 16, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 16, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 16, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 16, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 16, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 16, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 16,  
34) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1894, 0.6040, 0.3189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 16, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 16,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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