

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2026, 0.3550, 0.4339)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2026, 0.3550, 0.4339)
contains.

Yxy(10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	545E36
RGB	84, 94, 54
RGB Percent	33%, 37%, 21%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6314, 0.7882
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.43, 0.63
HSL	75°, 27%, 29%
HSV	75°, 43%, 37%
XYZ	8.3240, 10.1566, 5.0137
YIQ	86.4500, 6.8800, -14.5600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

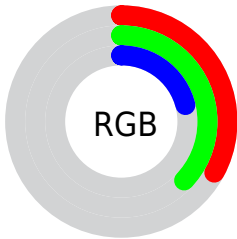
Format	Color
RYB	54, 94, 64
Decimal	5529142
CIELab	38.12, -11.24, 21.63
CIElCh	38, 24.376, 117.465
Yxy	10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283719222 (0xFF545E36)
YUV	86.4500, -15.9979, -2.1487
Hunter-Lab	31.8694, -9.1487, 12.9811

Details

The Yxy color **10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4.5394, 0.2577, 0.2144**, and the grayscale version is **9.4406, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9544, 0.3447, 0.4039**, and **2.5479, 0.3720, 0.4960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9702, 0.3625, 0.4565**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3646, 0.3451, 0.4073**.

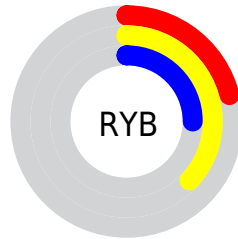
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (37%)

Blue (21%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (25%)

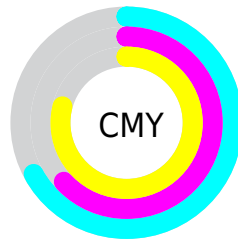


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (63%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1566, 0.3543,
0.4323


 10.1566, 0.3543,
0.4323


191.7861, 0.3298,
0.3665


 5.5029, 0.3614,
0.4565

 26.0896, 0.3445,
0.4036


 2.5453, 0.3720,
0.4968

 38.1378, 0.3411,
0.3944

 0.8992, 0.3922,
0.6078

 53.4195, 0.3383,
0.3872

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.3193, 0.3360,
0.3814

 95.2214, 0.3341,
0.3767

 122.5103, 0.3324,

0.3728

154.5704, 0.3310,
0.3694

■ 10.1566, 0.3543,
0.4323

■ 10.1566, 0.3543,
0.4323

■ 9.9702, 0.3625,
0.4565

■ 10.3646, 0.3451,
0.4073

■ 9.8031, 0.3693,
0.4791

■ 10.5939, 0.3353,
0.3823

■ 9.6546, 0.3743,
0.4991

■ 10.8457, 0.3252,
0.3579

■ 9.5234, 0.3773,
0.5157

■ 11.1210, 0.3152,
0.3347

■ 9.4075, 0.3781,
0.5285

■ 11.4204, 0.3055,
0.3128

■ 9.3253, 0.3784,
0.5378

■ 11.7447, 0.2962,
0.2925

■ 12.0946, 0.2874,
0.2739

■ 12.4708, 0.2791,
0.2568

■ 12.8740, 0.2714,
0.2413

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1566, 0.4010, 0.4161



10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323



10.1566, 0.2988, 0.4146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323



10.1566, 0.2115, 0.2647



10.1566, 0.3757, 0.2935

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323



4.5394, 0.2577, 0.2144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1566, 0.3189, 0.2604



10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323



10.1566, 0.2275, 0.2427

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323



10.1566, 0.2190, 0.3085



10.1566, 0.2651, 0.2422



10.1566, 0.4160, 0.3355

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323



10.1566, 0.2645, 0.3843



10.1566, 0.2651, 0.2422



10.1566, 0.3576, 0.2812

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1571, 0.3543, 0.4323



18.9488, 0.3261, 0.3600



6.3149, 0.4006, 0.3554



4.5236, 0.3277, 0.3638



50.7079, 0.3127, 0.3290



4.6964, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1571, 0.3543, 0.4323



17.4543, 0.3626, 0.4566



9.3634, 0.3217, 0.4440



2.6607, 0.3215, 0.3491



12.8781, 0.3776, 0.5384



70.0876, 0.3750, 0.5405

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.5394, 0.2577, 0.2144



6.1652, 0.2413, 0.1836



5.3334, 0.2967, 0.2262



2.3059, 0.3035, 0.3085



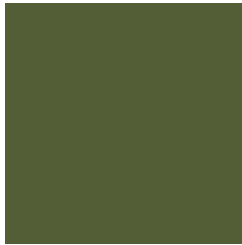
1.3577, 0.1684, 0.0701



7.0661, 0.1634, 0.0674

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

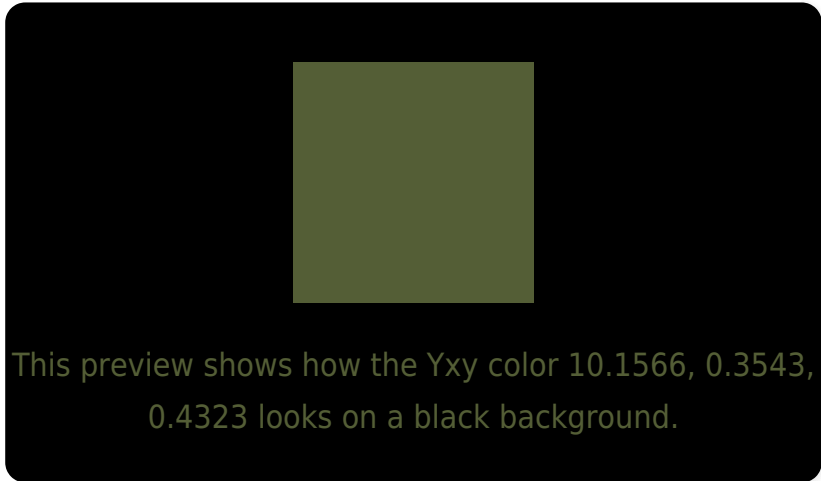
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

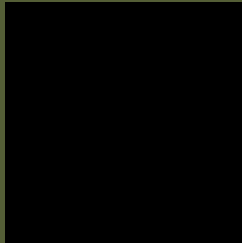
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323

Protanopia

10.1569, 0.3850, 0.4199

Deuteranopia

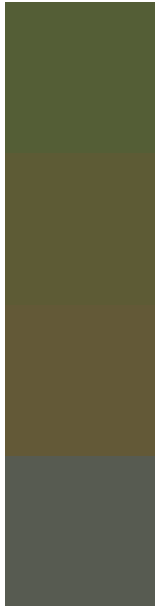
10.1292, 0.4008, 0.3970



Tritanopia

10.1131, 0.3024, 0.3120

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323

Protanomaly

10.0664, 0.3738, 0.4228

Deuteranomaly

10.0732, 0.3833, 0.4104

Tritanomaly

10.1025, 0.3212, 0.3543

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323

Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.5705, 0.3290, 0.3681

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(84, 94, 54) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 94, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 94, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 94, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 94, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 94, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 94, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 94, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 94, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 94, 54)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1566, 0.3543, 0.4323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 94, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 94,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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