

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2046, 0.4517, 0.4796)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2046, 0.4517, 0.4796)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B5900
RGB	107, 89, 0
RGB Percent	42%, 35%, 0%
CMY	0.5804, 0.6510, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	50°, 100%, 21%
HSV	50°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	9.6356, 10.2706, 1.4730
YIQ	84.2360, 39.2970, -23.8630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

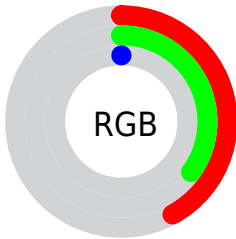
Format	Color
R_YB	22, 107, 0
Decimal	7035136
CIE Lab	38.32, -1.01, 46.01
CIE LCh	38, 46.017, 91.263
Yxy	10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285225216 (0xFF6B5900)
YUV	84.2360, -41.5283, 19.9640
Hunter-Lab	32.0478, -2.4150, 19.7083

Details

The Yxy color **10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.4940, 0.1559, 0.0811**, and the grayscale version is **8.9991, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4321, 0.4225, 0.4494**, and **2.6136, 0.4532, 0.4783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2712, 0.4507, 0.4804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5979, 0.4420, 0.4757**.

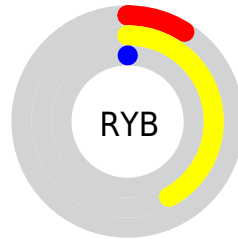
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (35%)

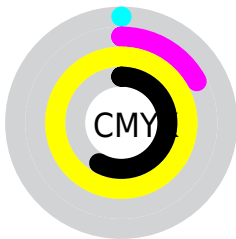
Blue (0%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (0%)

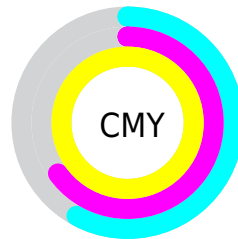


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)


Magenta (65%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.2706, 0.4507,
0.4804


 10.2706, 0.4507,
0.4804


 192.5926, 0.3730,
0.3944


 5.5787, 0.4746,
0.5074

 26.3032, 0.4225,
0.4488


 2.5907, 0.4822,
0.5178


 38.4128, 0.4115,
0.4366

 0.9220, 0.4800,
0.5200

 53.7637, 0.4023,
0.4265

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 72.7404, 0.3945,
0.4179


 95.7273, 0.3879,
0.4107


 123.1087, 0.3822,


0.4044

 155.2690, 0.3773,
0.3991

 10.2706, 0.4507,
0.4804


 10.2706, 0.4507,
0.4804


 10.2712, 0.4507,
0.4804

 10.5979, 0.4420,
0.4757

 10.9407, 0.4321,
0.4689

 11.3079, 0.4199,
0.4581

 11.7015, 0.4058,
0.4439

 12.1232, 0.3904,
0.4270

■ 12.5746, 0.3744,
0.4082

■ 13.0570, 0.3582,
0.3883

■ 13.5717, 0.3423,
0.3682

■ 14.1200, 0.3271,
0.3482

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2706, 0.5093, 0.4087



10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804



10.2706, 0.3621, 0.5261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804



10.2706, 0.1480, 0.2703



10.2706, 0.3337, 0.2179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804



1.4940, 0.1559, 0.0811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2706, 0.2360, 0.1855



10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804



10.2706, 0.1442, 0.2043

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804



10.2706, 0.1884, 0.3820



10.2706, 0.1728, 0.1794



10.2706, 0.4422, 0.2716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804



10.2706, 0.2976, 0.5158



10.2706, 0.1728, 0.1794



10.2706, 0.2981, 0.2044

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2712, 0.4507, 0.4804



23.3049, 0.3595, 0.3900



3.1750, 0.6011, 0.3085



5.5731, 0.3647, 0.3964



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2712, 0.4507, 0.4804



18.2410, 0.4517, 0.4796



11.9365, 0.3671, 0.5467



3.5012, 0.3255, 0.3462



12.4580, 0.4510, 0.4801



62.3850, 0.4531, 0.4784

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.4940, 0.1559, 0.0811



2.5373, 0.1549, 0.0775



1.3996, 0.1768, 0.0748



3.0999, 0.2997, 0.3112



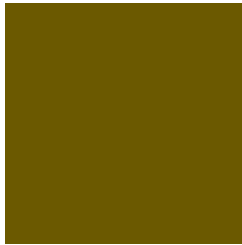
1.7822, 0.1555, 0.0798



8.1782, 0.1536, 0.0728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

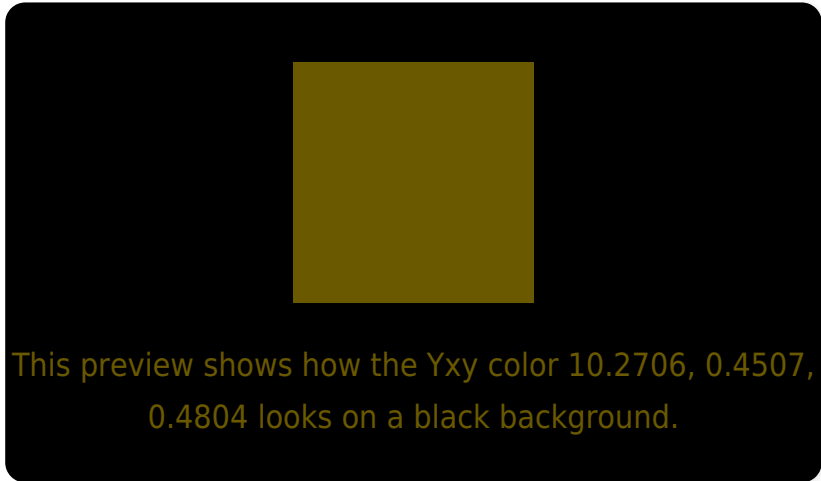
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804.

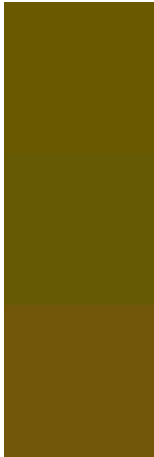


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804

Protanopia

10.3157, 0.4364, 0.4871

Deuteranopia

10.2527, 0.4634, 0.4605



Tritanopia

10.3525, 0.3533, 0.3159

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804

Protanomaly

10.2620, 0.4422, 0.4837

Deuteranomaly

10.2090, 0.4581, 0.4678

Tritanomaly

10.1074, 0.4038, 0.3918

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804

Achromatopsia

8.8656, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.1879, 0.3764, 0.4125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 89, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 89, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 89, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 89, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 89, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 89, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 89, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 89, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 89, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 89, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.2706, 0.4507, 0.4804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 89, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 89,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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