

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2238, 0.2468, 0.3287)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2238, 0.2468, 0.3287)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D6262
RGB	45, 98, 98
RGB Percent	18%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.8233, 0.6157, 0.6157
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	180°, 37%, 28%
HSV	180°, 54%, 38%
XYZ	7.6561, 10.1751, 13.1150
YIQ	82.1530, -31.5880, -11.2360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

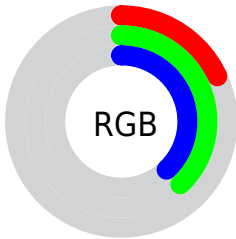
Format	Color
RYB	45, 72, 98
Decimal	2974306
CIELab	38.15, -17.49, -5.40
CIElCh	38, 18.305, 197.162
Yxy	10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281164386 (0xFF2D6262)
YUV	82.1530, 7.8126, -32.5832
Hunter-Lab	31.8984, -12.9797, -2.0481

Details

The Yxy color **10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4.6676, 0.4554, 0.3294**, and the grayscale version is **8.4616, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1516, 0.2640, 0.3289**, and **2.6156, 0.2233, 0.3238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9781, 0.2397, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4246, 0.2567, 0.3288**.

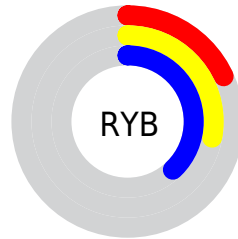
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (38%)

Blue (38%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (38%)

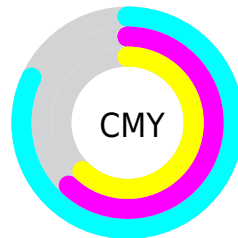


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (82%)


Magenta (62%)


Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1751, 0.2474,
0.3288


 10.1751, 0.2474,
0.3288


 191.9173, 0.2876,
0.3296


 5.5152, 0.2334,
0.3280

 26.1243, 0.2645,
0.3294

 2.5526, 0.2120,
0.3260


 38.1825, 0.2701,
0.3295

 0.9029, 0.1567,
0.3282

 53.4755, 0.2745,
0.3296

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.3877, 0.2781,
0.3296

 95.3036, 0.2811,
0.3296

 122.6076, 0.2836,

0.3296

154.6840, 0.2857,
0.3296

■ 10.1751, 0.2474,
0.3288

■ 10.1751, 0.2474,
0.3288

■ 9.9781, 0.2397,
0.3288

■ 10.4246, 0.2567,
0.3288

■ 9.8287, 0.2336,
0.3288

■ 10.7286, 0.2676,
0.3289

■ 9.7233, 0.2292,
0.3287

■ 11.0905, 0.2797,
0.3289

■ 9.6539, 0.2263,
0.3287

■ 11.5132, 0.2929,
0.3289

■ 9.6160, 0.2247,
0.3287

■ 11.9992, 0.3069,
0.3290

■ 12.5511, 0.3215,
0.3290

■ 13.1710, 0.3365,
0.3291

■ 13.8614, 0.3515,
0.3291

■ 14.6241, 0.3665,
0.3292

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1751, 0.2772, 0.3702



10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288



10.1751, 0.2347, 0.2911

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288



10.1751, 0.3031, 0.2696



10.1751, 0.3884, 0.3880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288



4.6676, 0.4554, 0.3294

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1751, 0.3975, 0.3579



10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288



10.1751, 0.3464, 0.2921

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288



10.1751, 0.2651, 0.2604



10.1751, 0.3819, 0.3235



10.1751, 0.3586, 0.4048

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288



10.1751, 0.2368, 0.2733



10.1751, 0.3819, 0.3235



10.1751, 0.3941, 0.3790

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1755, 0.2474, 0.3288



19.9854, 0.2896, 0.3289



9.4840, 0.3052, 0.4884



4.7264, 0.2878, 0.3289



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1755, 0.2474, 0.3288



17.4022, 0.2377, 0.3288



6.0147, 0.2322, 0.2505



2.8948, 0.3000, 0.3290



12.8059, 0.2247, 0.3287



68.4119, 0.2247, 0.3287

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.3593, 0.3184, 0.2085



7.9441, 0.3194, 0.1864



7.3601, 0.4180, 0.3945



2.6286, 0.3137, 0.3089



4.6321, 0.3209, 0.1542



24.7457, 0.3209, 0.1542

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

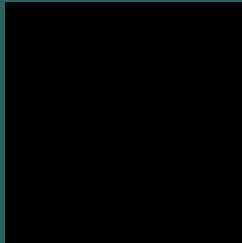
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288

Protanopia

10.0911, 0.3098, 0.3217

Deuteranopia

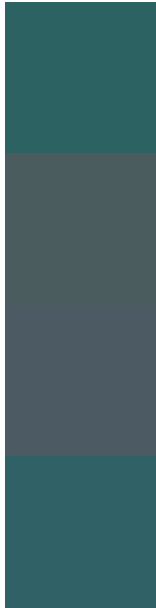
10.0636, 0.3029, 0.2982



Tritanopia

10.1977, 0.2426, 0.3076

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288

Protanomaly

9.9183, 0.2830, 0.3237

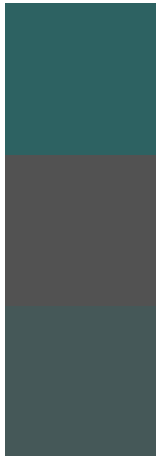
Deuteranomaly

9.9195, 0.2792, 0.3086

Tritanomaly

10.1130, 0.2447, 0.3154

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288

Achromatopsia

8.4376, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.9492, 0.2832, 0.3289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 98, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(45, 98, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 98, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 98, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 98, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 98, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 98, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 98, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 98, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 98, 98)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1751, 0.2474, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 98, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 98,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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