

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B4640
RGB	139, 70, 64
RGB Percent	55%, 27%, 25%
CMY	0.4548, 0.7255, 0.7490
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.54, 0.45
HSL	5°, 37%, 40%
HSV	5°, 54%, 55%
XYZ	13.7651, 10.2395, 6.1028
YIQ	89.9470, 43.0500, 12.7620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

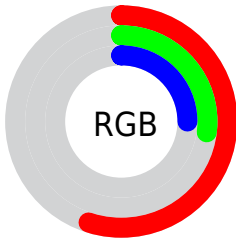
Format	Color
RYB	139, 71, 64
Decimal	9127488
CIELab	38.27, 28.66, 17.03
CIELCh	38, 33.333, 30.720
Yxy	10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287317568 (0xFF8B4640)
YUV	89.9470, -12.7919, 43.0195
Hunter-Lab	31.9992, 20.7865, 11.0919

Details

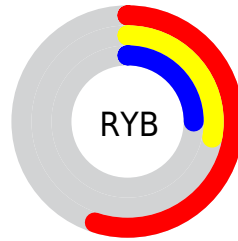
The Yxy color **10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **19.7381, 0.2433, 0.3166**, and the grayscale version is **10.2340, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.3386, 0.4184, 0.3401**, and **2.6020, 0.5354, 0.3319** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.6677, 0.5000, 0.3412**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1928, 0.4189, 0.3383**.

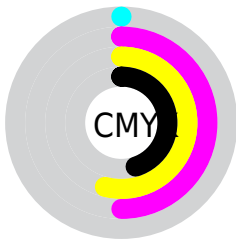
Distribution



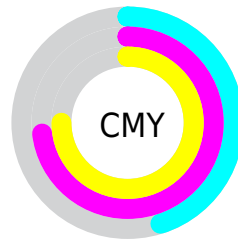
- Red (55%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (45%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.2395, 0.4572,
0.3401


 10.2395, 0.4572,
0.3401


192.3730, 0.3666,
0.3369


 5.5580, 0.4891,
0.3382

 26.2450, 0.4183,
0.3403


 2.5783, 0.5374,
0.3322

 38.3379, 0.4056,
0.3398


 0.9157, 0.6627,
0.3373

 53.6699, 0.3956,
0.3393

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 72.6257, 0.3876,
0.3388

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.5895, 0.3809,
0.3382

 122.9457, 0.3754,

0.3378

155.0787, 0.3706,
0.3373

■ 10.2395, 0.4572,
0.3401

■ 10.2395, 0.4572,
0.3401

■ 8.6677, 0.5000,
0.3412

■ 12.1928, 0.4189,
0.3383

■ 7.4509, 0.5444,
0.3412

■ 14.5487, 0.3863,
0.3362

■ 6.5618, 0.5854,
0.3398

■ 17.3284, 0.3592,
0.3340

■ 5.9685, 0.6169,
0.3370

■ 20.5514, 0.3370,
0.3318

■ 5.7316, 0.6320,
0.3363

■ 24.2359, 0.3189,
0.3298

■ 28.3990, 0.3042,
0.3279

■ 33.0571, 0.2921,
0.3262

■ 38.2258, 0.2822,
0.3246

■ 43.9197, 0.2740,
0.3232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2395, 0.4059, 0.2864



10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401



10.2395, 0.4617, 0.3968

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401



10.2395, 0.2835, 0.4442



10.2395, 0.2045, 0.2141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401



19.7381, 0.2433, 0.3166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2395, 0.1815, 0.2371



10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401



10.2395, 0.2217, 0.3700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401



10.2395, 0.3572, 0.4714



10.2395, 0.1867, 0.2907



10.2395, 0.2551, 0.2174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401



10.2395, 0.4397, 0.4321



10.2395, 0.1867, 0.2907



10.2395, 0.1938, 0.2186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2400, 0.4572, 0.3401



35.3407, 0.3419, 0.3323



10.8797, 0.3263, 0.2115



7.8987, 0.3458, 0.3327



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2400, 0.4572, 0.3401



14.9260, 0.5109, 0.3413



16.2745, 0.4178, 0.4052



5.1086, 0.3278, 0.3308



5.1839, 0.6316, 0.3367



0.0417, 0.5963, 0.3647

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.7381, 0.2433, 0.3166



33.7832, 0.2328, 0.3133



11.4142, 0.2270, 0.2355



5.6215, 0.2991, 0.3272



15.6065, 0.2179, 0.3046



0.1131, 0.2215, 0.3175

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

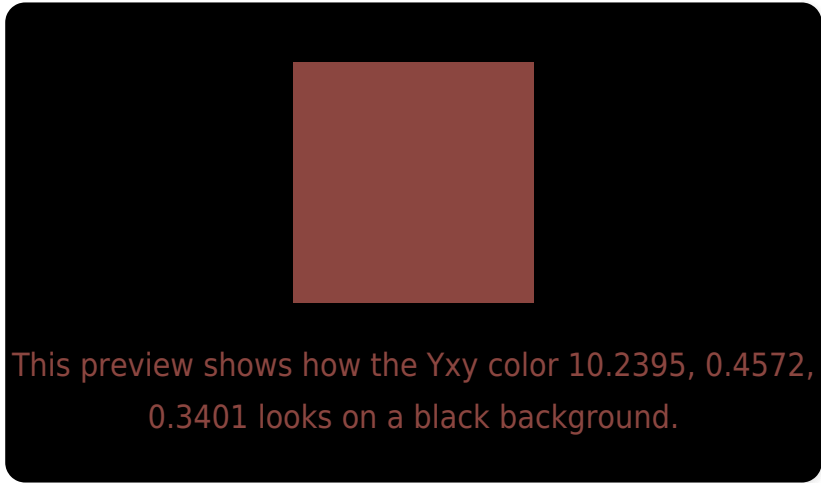
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401

Protanopia

10.4500, 0.3486, 0.3729

Deuteranopia

10.4045, 0.3935, 0.3878



Tritanopia

10.3127, 0.4420, 0.3222

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401

Protanomaly

10.0735, 0.3869, 0.3582

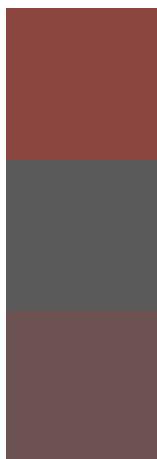
Deuteranomaly

10.2257, 0.4172, 0.3691

Tritanomaly

10.2739, 0.4480, 0.3276

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.9687, 0.3603, 0.3337

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 70, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(139, 70, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 70, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 70, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 70, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 70, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 70, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 70, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 70, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 70,  
64) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.2395, 0.4572, 0.3401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 70, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 70,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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