

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2412, 0.3127, 0.3290)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2412, 0.3127, 0.3290)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A5A5A
RGB	90, 90, 90
RGB Percent	35%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6471, 0.6470, 0.6470
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	174°, 0%, 35%
HSV	174°, 0%, 35%
XYZ	9.7177, 10.2242, 11.1347
YIQ	90.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	90, 90, 90
Decimal	5921370
CIELab	38.24, -0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	38, 0.007, 259.964
Yxy	10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284111450 (0xFF5A5A5A)
YUV	90.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	31.9753, -1.7086, 1.7362

Details

The Yxy color **10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.2232, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and the grayscale version is **10.2244, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **2.6241, 0.3127, 0.3290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7856, 0.2998, 0.3312**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7185, 0.3260, 0.3270**.

Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (35%)

Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (35%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (65%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.2242, 0.3127,
0.3290


 10.2242, 0.3127,
0.3290


 192.2648, 0.3127,
0.3290

 5.5479, 0.3127,
0.3290

 26.2164, 0.3127,
0.3290


 2.5722, 0.3127,
0.3290


 38.3010, 0.3127,
0.3290

 0.9127, 0.3127,
0.3290

 53.6238, 0.3127,
0.3290

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.5692, 0.3127,
0.3290

 95.5216, 0.3127,
0.3290

122.8654, 0.3127,

0.3290

154.9850, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 10.2242, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 10.2242, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 9.7856, 0.2998,
0.3312

■ 10.7185, 0.3260,
0.3270

■ 9.3995, 0.2875,
0.3336

■ 11.2691, 0.3394,
0.3252

■ 9.0642, 0.2760,
0.3361

■ 11.8780, 0.3528,
0.3236

■ 8.7775, 0.2655,
0.3389

■ 12.5472, 0.3661,
0.3222

■ 8.5371, 0.2563,
0.3417

■ 13.2780, 0.3791,
0.3210

■ 8.3405, 0.2486,
0.3447

■ 14.0722, 0.3917,
0.3199

■ 8.1848, 0.2424,
0.3477

■ 14.9312, 0.4039,
0.3190

■ 8.0669, 0.2378,
0.3508

■ 15.8564, 0.4156,
0.3182

■ 7.9830, 0.2349,
0.3538

■ 16.8493, 0.4268,
0.3175

Harmonies

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3128, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2232, 0.3127, 0.3290

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3128, 0.3290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3128, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3128, 0.3290



10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2246, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2245, 0.3127, 0.3290



4.3234, 0.3127, 0.3290



49.1905, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2246, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2239, 0.3127, 0.3290



2.7212, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9785, 0.2327, 0.3576



65.5230, 0.2332, 0.3596

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.2232, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.2239, 0.3127, 0.3290



2.7212, 0.3127, 0.3290



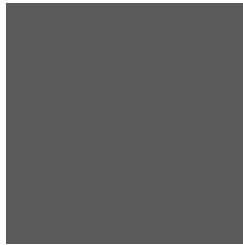
3.3158, 0.6218, 0.3199



18.0918, 0.6311, 0.3250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

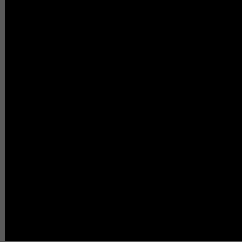
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

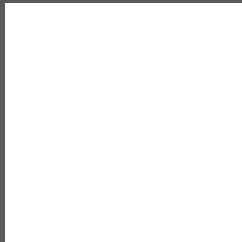
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290.

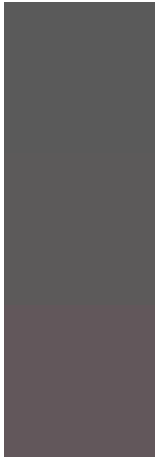


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Protanopia

10.3258, 0.3159, 0.3290

Deuteranopia

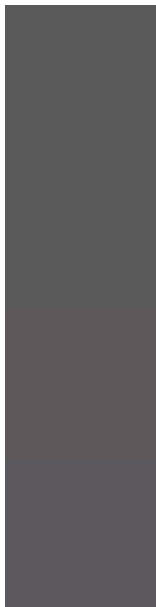
10.1684, 0.3248, 0.3196



Tritanopia

10.2134, 0.3055, 0.3121

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Protanomaly

10.2747, 0.3143, 0.3290

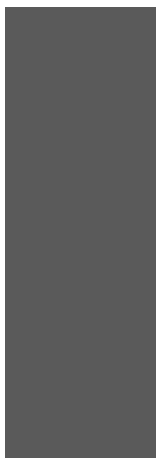
Deuteranomaly

10.1677, 0.3196, 0.3218

Tritanomaly

10.1771, 0.3085, 0.3169

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(90, 90, 90) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 90, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 90, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 90, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 90, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 90, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 90, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 90, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 90, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 90, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 90, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 90,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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