

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2420, 0.5047, 0.3806)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2420, 0.5047, 0.3806)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D4626
RGB	141, 70, 38
RGB Percent	55%, 27%, 15%
CMY	0.4470, 0.7255, 0.8509
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.73, 0.45
HSL	19°, 58%, 35%
HSV	19°, 73%, 55%
XYZ	13.5273, 10.1830, 3.0871
YIQ	87.5810, 52.5880, 5.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

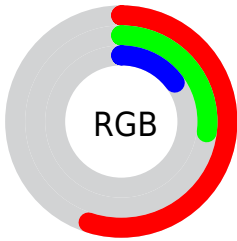
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 84, 38
Decimal	9258534
CIE _{Lab}	38.17, 27.57, 32.41
CIE _{LCh}	38, 42.547, 49.617
Yxy	10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287448614 (0xFF8D4626)
YUV	87.5810, -24.4434, 46.8485
Hunter-Lab	31.9108, 19.8240, 16.6018

Details

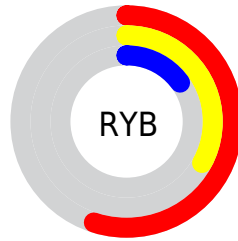
The Yxy color **10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **13.2821, 0.2150, 0.2576**, and the grayscale version is **9.7086, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2151, 0.4562, 0.3753**, and **2.5912, 0.5906, 0.3693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9897, 0.5395, 0.3794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.6090, 0.4693, 0.3768**.

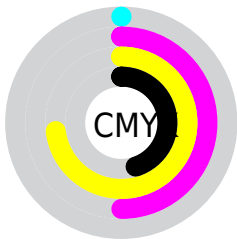
Distribution



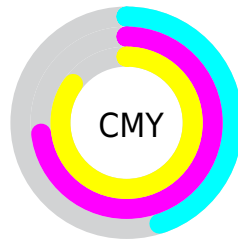
- Red (55%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.1830, 0.5048,
0.3800


 10.1830, 0.5048,
0.3800


191.9732, 0.3868,
0.3573

 5.5205, 0.5417,
0.3799

 26.1391, 0.4560,
0.3744


 2.5558, 0.6139,
0.3861

 38.2015, 0.4395,
0.3712


 0.9045, 0.6578,
0.3422

 53.4993, 0.4262,
0.3682

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 72.4169, 0.4154,
0.3655

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.3387, 0.4064,
0.3631

 122.6491, 0.3989,

0.3610

154.7325, 0.3924,
0.3590

10.1830, 0.5048,
0.3800

10.1830, 0.5048,
0.3800

8.9897, 0.5395,
0.3794

11.6090, 0.4693,
0.3768

8.0138, 0.5702,
0.3744

13.2783, 0.4355,
0.3710

7.4495, 0.5898,
0.3699

15.2028, 0.4047,
0.3635

17.3932, 0.3776,
0.3553

19.8594, 0.3542,
0.3470

■ 22.6109, 0.3343,
0.3389

■ 25.6565, 0.3173,
0.3312

■ 29.0049, 0.3030,
0.3241

■ 32.6643, 0.2908,
0.3175

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1830, 0.4792, 0.3134



10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800



10.1830, 0.4696, 0.4484

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800



10.1830, 0.2220, 0.4224



10.1830, 0.2137, 0.1882

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800



13.2821, 0.2150, 0.2576

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1830, 0.1664, 0.1936



10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800



10.1830, 0.1684, 0.3116

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800



10.1830, 0.3053, 0.5029



10.1830, 0.1512, 0.2318



10.1830, 0.2943, 0.2097

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800



10.1830, 0.4229, 0.4882



10.1830, 0.1512, 0.2318



10.1830, 0.1943, 0.1868

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1835, 0.5048, 0.3800



35.8228, 0.3530, 0.3465



8.1798, 0.3788, 0.2137



7.7602, 0.3581, 0.3485



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1835, 0.5048, 0.3800



14.8584, 0.5611, 0.3765



19.3384, 0.4305, 0.4598



5.6803, 0.3274, 0.3359



6.8162, 0.5892, 0.3704



0.1009, 0.5160, 0.4285

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2821, 0.2150, 0.2576



20.5112, 0.2020, 0.2383



5.4242, 0.1860, 0.1411



5.8377, 0.2990, 0.3220



9.6162, 0.1965, 0.2272



0.1313, 0.2109, 0.2792

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

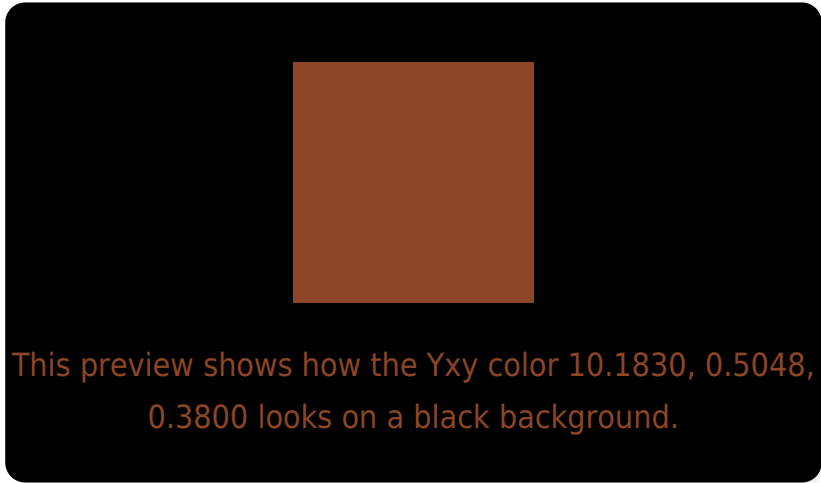
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800

Protanopia

10.3733, 0.3986, 0.4375

Deuteranopia

10.2818, 0.4407, 0.4346



Tritanopia

10.1910, 0.4536, 0.3207

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800

Protanomaly

9.9985, 0.4383, 0.4141

Deuteranomaly

10.0696, 0.4658, 0.4136

Tritanomaly

10.0809, 0.4749, 0.3431

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800

Achromatopsia

9.7587, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.4529, 0.3794, 0.3547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 70, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 70, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 70, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 70, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 70, 38) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 70, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 70, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 70, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 70, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 70,  
38) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1830, 0.5048, 0.3800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 70, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 70,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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