

Converting Colors

$Yxy(10.2562, 0.2353, 0.2976)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2562, 0.2353, 0.2976)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C616D
RGB	44, 97, 109
RGB Percent	17%, 38%, 43%
CMY	0.8273, 0.6196, 0.5726
CMYK	0.60, 0.11, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	191°, 42%, 30%
HSV	191°, 60%, 43%
XYZ	8.0744, 10.1890, 16.0083
YIQ	82.5210, -35.4400, -7.5040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

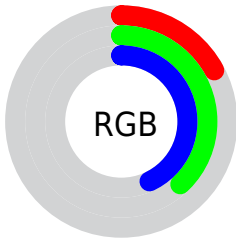
Format	Color
R_{YB}	44, 73, 109
Decimal	2908525
CIE _{Lab}	38.18, -13.73, -12.15
CIE _{LCh}	38, 18.333, 221.490
Yxy	10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281098605 (0xFF2C616D)
YUV	82.5210, 13.0541, -33.7829
Hunter-Lab	31.9202, -10.7076, -7.3905

Details

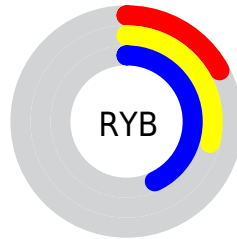
The Yxy color **10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **6.2642, 0.4645, 0.3558**, and the grayscale version is **8.5281, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2047, 0.2556, 0.3078**, and **2.6290, 0.2094, 0.2739** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6114, 0.2266, 0.2911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8402, 0.2461, 0.3034**.

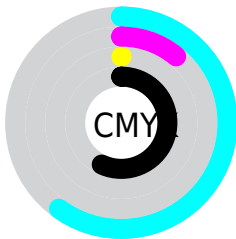
Distribution



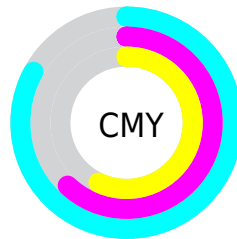
- Red (17%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.1890, 0.2356,
0.2973

■ 10.1890, 0.2356,
0.2973

■ 192.0157, 0.2826,
0.3179

■ 5.5245, 0.2197,
0.2893

■ 26.1504, 0.2554,
0.3065

■ 2.5581, 0.1958,
0.2763

■ 38.2160, 0.2619,
0.3094

■ 0.9057, 0.1478,
0.2548

■ 53.5175, 0.2671,
0.3116

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.4391, 0.2714,
0.3134

■ 95.3654, 0.2749,
0.3148

■ 122.6806, 0.2779,

0.3161

154.7693, 0.2804,
0.3171

■ 10.1890, 0.2356,
0.2973

■ 10.1890, 0.2356,
0.2973

■ 9.6114, 0.2266,
0.2911

■ 10.8402, 0.2461,
0.3034

■ 9.1012, 0.2192,
0.2847

■ 11.5686, 0.2580,
0.3092

■ 8.6528, 0.2136,
0.2784

■ 12.3787, 0.2709,
0.3148

■ 8.2427, 0.2090,
0.2720

■ 13.2743, 0.2846,
0.3200

■ 8.2268, 0.2088,
0.2718

■ 14.2590, 0.2988,
0.3248

■ 15.3363, 0.3133,
0.3292

■ 16.5092, 0.3278,
0.3332

■ 17.7809, 0.3423,
0.3368

■ 19.1542, 0.3564,
0.3400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1890, 0.2518, 0.3368



10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973



10.1890, 0.2383, 0.2704

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973



10.1890, 0.3384, 0.2870



10.1890, 0.3655, 0.4032

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973



6.2642, 0.4645, 0.3558

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1890, 0.3920, 0.3831



10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973



10.1890, 0.3765, 0.3171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973



10.1890, 0.2951, 0.2667



10.1890, 0.3965, 0.3515



10.1890, 0.3258, 0.4023

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973



10.1890, 0.2503, 0.2618



10.1890, 0.3965, 0.3515



10.1890, 0.3763, 0.3984

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1894, 0.2356, 0.2973



23.9578, 0.2861, 0.3205



11.7579, 0.2935, 0.4779



5.4868, 0.2830, 0.3194



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1894, 0.2356, 0.2973



16.7959, 0.2232, 0.2883



5.3753, 0.2159, 0.2048



3.4016, 0.2997, 0.3251



9.5909, 0.2087, 0.2713



47.6983, 0.2077, 0.2677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.9177, 0.3438, 0.2172



8.7888, 0.3536, 0.1982



10.4825, 0.4175, 0.4255



3.1548, 0.3161, 0.3122



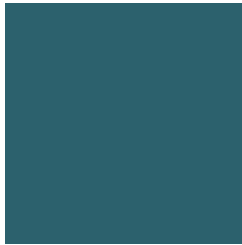
4.6406, 0.3716, 0.1821



23.5274, 0.3750, 0.1840

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

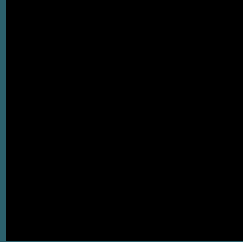
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973

Protanopia

10.1503, 0.2895, 0.2953

Deuteranopia

10.1534, 0.2789, 0.2752



Tritanopia

10.2475, 0.2382, 0.3101

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973

Protanomaly

10.0138, 0.2654, 0.2961

Deuteranomaly

9.9476, 0.2594, 0.2819

Tritanomaly

10.2896, 0.2381, 0.3075

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.0174, 0.2779, 0.3181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 97, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 97, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 97, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 97, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 97, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 97, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 97, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 97, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 97, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 97,  
109) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.1890, 0.2356, 0.2973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 97, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 97,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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