

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2570, 0.4197, 0.2086)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2570, 0.4197, 0.2086)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD0077
RGB	173, 0, 119
RGB Percent	68%, 0%, 47%
CMY	0.3216, 0.9995, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.31, 0.32
HSL	319°, 100%, 34%
HSV	319°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	20.5599, 10.2161, 18.3399
YIQ	65.2930, 64.9090, 73.6850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

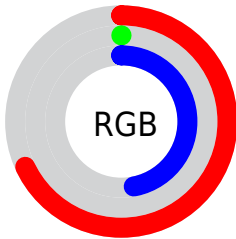
Format	Color
RYB	173, 0, 119
Decimal	11337847
CIELab	38.23, 66.41, -16.96
CIELCh	38, 68.536, 345.676
Yxy	10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289527927 (0xFFAD0077)
YUV	65.2930, 26.4776, 94.4590
Hunter-Lab	31.9626, 58.8852, -11.6462

Details

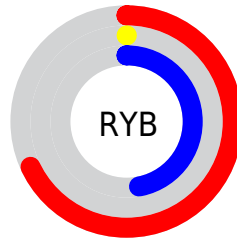
The Yxy color **10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **30.1479, 0.2877, 0.5556**, and the grayscale version is **5.2959, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2985, 0.3942, 0.2357**, and **4.0870, 0.4440, 0.2219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2128, 0.4187, 0.2080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7617, 0.4055, 0.2068**.

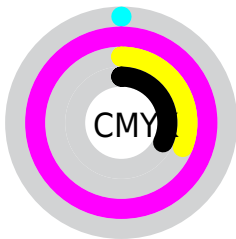
Distribution



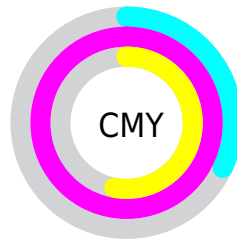
- Red (68%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.2161, 0.4186,
0.2080


 10.2161, 0.4186,
0.2080


192.2075, 0.3564,
0.2766

 5.5425, 0.4381,
0.1880


 26.2012, 0.3933,
0.2350


 2.5689, 0.4659,
0.1607

 38.2814, 0.3847,
0.2445


 0.9111, 0.5083,
0.1221

 53.5993, 0.3777,
0.2523

 0.0000, 0.6198,
0.0000

 72.5393, 0.3719,
0.2588

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 95.4857, 0.3671,
0.2643

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 122.8229, 0.3630,

0.2689

154.9354, 0.3595,
0.2730

■ 10.2161, 0.4186,
0.2080

■ 10.2161, 0.4186,
0.2080

■ 10.2128, 0.4187,
0.2080

■ 10.7617, 0.4055,
0.2068

■ 11.6744, 0.3923,
0.2097

■ 13.0952, 0.3791,
0.2173

■ 15.0895, 0.3664,
0.2289

■ 17.7128, 0.3545,
0.2434

■ 21.0141, 0.3437,
0.2599

■ 25.0376, 0.3342,
0.2774

■ 29.8235, 0.3259,
0.2951

■ 35.4093, 0.3187,
0.3125

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2161, 0.2610, 0.1551



10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



10.2161, 0.5621, 0.2805

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



10.2161, 0.4259, 0.5741



10.2161, 0.0896, 0.1874

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



30.1479, 0.2877, 0.5556

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2161, 0.1090, 0.3102



10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



10.2161, 0.2940, 0.6268

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



10.2161, 0.5397, 0.4603



10.2161, 0.1792, 0.5139



10.2161, 0.1052, 0.1388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



10.2161, 0.5997, 0.3324



10.2161, 0.1792, 0.5139



10.2161, 0.0916, 0.2180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2167, 0.4186, 0.2080



44.3820, 0.3347, 0.2763



3.7489, 0.1707, 0.0714



8.9799, 0.3385, 0.2692



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2167, 0.4186, 0.2080



18.2549, 0.4208, 0.2092



9.0044, 0.6062, 0.3114



8.1048, 0.3183, 0.3135



7.5154, 0.4174, 0.2073



0.2183, 0.3819, 0.1877

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.2167, 0.4186, 0.2080



18.2549, 0.4208, 0.2092



31.7273, 0.2427, 0.3937



8.1048, 0.3183, 0.3135



7.5154, 0.4174, 0.2073



0.2183, 0.3819, 0.1877

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

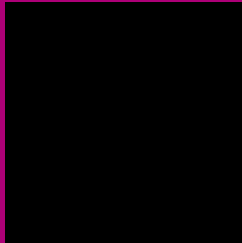
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080

Protanopia

10.9715, 0.1970, 0.1746

Deuteranopia

10.9570, 0.2878, 0.2835



Tritanopia

10.5796, 0.5484, 0.3274

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



Protanomaly

7.7020, 0.2405, 0.1546



Deuteranomaly

8.3786, 0.3325, 0.2215



Tritanomaly

9.9690, 0.5122, 0.2794

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080



Achromatopsia

5.2861, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

5.1848, 0.3620, 0.2305

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 0, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 0, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 0, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 0, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 0, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 0, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 0, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 0, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 0, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 0,  
119) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.2161, 0.4186, 0.2080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 0, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 0,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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