

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.2835, 0.5120, 0.2664)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.2835, 0.5120, 0.2664)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B10F50
RGB	177, 15, 80
RGB Percent	69%, 6%, 31%
CMY	0.3060, 0.9407, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.55, 0.31
HSL	336°, 84%, 38%
HSV	336°, 91%, 69%
XYZ	19.7457, 10.2679, 8.5296
YIQ	70.8480, 75.6870, 54.5590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

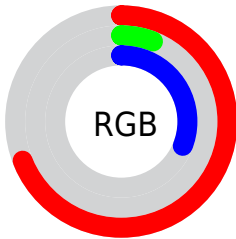
Format	Color
R_{YB}	177, 15, 80
Decimal	11603792
CIE Lab	38.32, 62.00, 8.08
CIE LCh	38, 62.519, 7.423
Yxy	10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289793872 (0xFFB10F50)
YUV	70.8480, 4.5119, 93.0953
Hunter-Lab	32.0436, 53.9178, 6.6482

Details

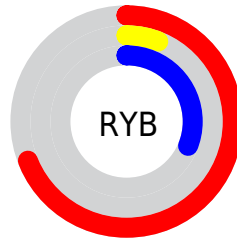
The Yxy color **10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **32.7088, 0.2609, 0.4528**, and the grayscale version is **6.2689, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2591, 0.4600, 0.2844**, and **3.9093, 0.5635, 0.2878** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7980, 0.5367, 0.2730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1707, 0.4822, 0.2623**.

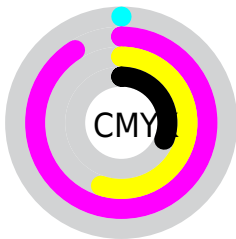
Distribution



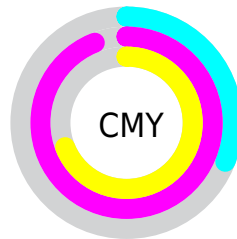
- Red (69%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.2679, 0.5123,
0.2664

 10.2679, 0.5123,
0.2664


192.5736, 0.3889,
0.3077


 5.5769, 0.5539,
0.2508

 26.2982, 0.4602,
0.2848


 2.5896, 0.6149,
0.2264

 38.4063, 0.4430,
0.2905


 0.9214, 0.7220,
0.1885

 53.7556, 0.4293,
0.2950

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 72.7305, 0.4181,
0.2986

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 95.7153, 0.4089,
0.3015

 123.0945, 0.4012,

0.3039

155.2525, 0.3946,
0.3060

■ 10.2679, 0.5123,
0.2664

■ 10.2679, 0.5123,
0.2664

■ 9.7980, 0.5367,
0.2730

■ 11.1707, 0.4822,
0.2623

■ 12.6141, 0.4517,
0.2632

■ 14.6710, 0.4228,
0.2683

■ 17.4025, 0.3967,
0.2763

■ 20.8620, 0.3740,
0.2861

■ 25.0978, 0.3547,
0.2967

■ 30.1539, 0.3385,
0.3074

■ 36.0708, 0.3252,
0.3178

■ 42.8865, 0.3141,
0.3276

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2679, 0.3682, 0.2000



10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664



10.2679, 0.5794, 0.3423

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664



10.2679, 0.3343, 0.5982



10.2679, 0.1093, 0.1591

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664



32.7088, 0.2609, 0.4528

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2679, 0.1036, 0.2228



10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664



10.2679, 0.2192, 0.5393

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664



10.2679, 0.4543, 0.5310



10.2679, 0.1362, 0.3606



10.2679, 0.1492, 0.1418

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664



10.2679, 0.5659, 0.3979



10.2679, 0.1362, 0.3606



10.2679, 0.1038, 0.1739

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2685, 0.5123, 0.2664



48.3964, 0.3479, 0.3009



6.8042, 0.2283, 0.1073



9.8668, 0.3535, 0.2974



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2685, 0.5123, 0.2664



17.5127, 0.5409, 0.2753



10.2390, 0.6146, 0.3376



8.5598, 0.3226, 0.3199



7.1127, 0.5340, 0.2715



0.2355, 0.4606, 0.2311

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.2685, 0.5123, 0.2664



17.5127, 0.5409, 0.2753



29.6435, 0.2194, 0.3052



8.5598, 0.3226, 0.3199



7.1127, 0.5340, 0.2715



0.2355, 0.4606, 0.2311

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

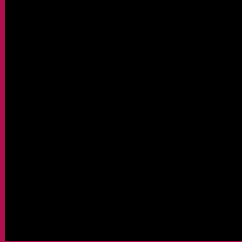
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664

Protanopia

10.6984, 0.2730, 0.2737

Deuteranopia

10.5863, 0.3693, 0.3635



Tritanopia

10.3735, 0.5895, 0.3298

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664

Protanomaly

8.4363, 0.3487, 0.2496

Deuteranomaly

8.8726, 0.4280, 0.3028

Tritanomaly

10.2530, 0.5680, 0.3082

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664

Achromatopsia

6.3010, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.1771, 0.3981, 0.2778

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 15, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 15, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 15, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 15, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 15, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 15, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 15, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 15, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 15, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 15,  
80) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.2679, 0.5123, 0.2664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 15, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177, 15,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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