

Converting Colors

$Yxy(10.3066, 0.2098, 0.2751)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.3066, 0.2098, 0.2751)
contains.

Yxy(10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$\text{Yxy}(10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006378
RGB	0, 99, 120
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 47%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6117, 0.5293
CMYK	1.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	191°, 100%, 24%
HSV	191°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	7.8512, 10.2797, 19.3452
YIQ	71.7930, -65.7450, -14.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

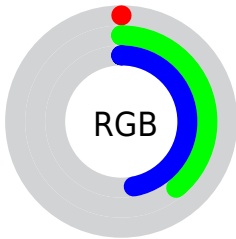
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 120
Decimal	25464
CIELab	38.34, -16.47, -18.75
CIELCh	38, 24.951, 228.702
Yxy	10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215544 (0xFF006378)
YUV	71.7930, 23.7661, -62.9625
Hunter-Lab	32.0620, -12.3979, -13.3303

Details

The Yxy color **10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4.5312, 0.6167, 0.3486**, and the grayscale version is **6.4109, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.3277, 0.2353, 0.2904**, and **2.9109, 0.2026, 0.2493** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2811, 0.2095, 0.2743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7626, 0.2138, 0.2804**.

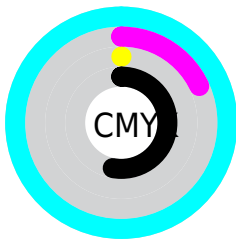
Distribution



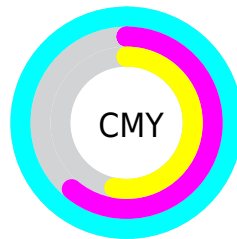
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.2797, 0.2095,
0.2743

10.2797, 0.2095,
0.2743

192.6568, 0.2714,
0.3095

5.5848, 0.1895,
0.2613

26.3203, 0.2351,
0.2898

2.5943, 0.1607,
0.2408

38.4347, 0.2437,
0.2947

0.9238, 0.1070,
0.2078

53.7912, 0.2506,
0.2985

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

72.7740, 0.2563,
0.3016

95.7676, 0.2610,
0.3041

123.1563, 0.2650,

0.3062

155.3246, 0.2685,
0.3080

10.2797, 0.2095,
0.2743

10.2797, 0.2095,
0.2743

10.2811, 0.2095,
0.2743

10.7626, 0.2138,
0.2804

11.2925, 0.2191,
0.2864

11.8978, 0.2262,
0.2924

12.5861, 0.2350,
0.2984

13.3641, 0.2454,
0.3042

■ 14.2377, 0.2571,
0.3098

■ 15.2121, 0.2700,
0.3151

■ 16.2923, 0.2838,
0.3201

■ 17.4829, 0.2981,
0.3248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2797, 0.2241, 0.3244



10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743



10.2797, 0.2189, 0.2453

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743



10.2797, 0.3608, 0.2818



10.2797, 0.3705, 0.4326

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743



4.5312, 0.6167, 0.3486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2797, 0.4127, 0.4081



10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743



10.2797, 0.4089, 0.3225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743



10.2797, 0.3018, 0.2521



10.2797, 0.4280, 0.3673



10.2797, 0.3149, 0.4256

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743



10.2797, 0.2379, 0.2385



10.2797, 0.4280, 0.3673



10.2797, 0.3867, 0.4272

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2811, 0.2095, 0.2743



26.6147, 0.2690, 0.3148



13.4878, 0.2946, 0.5804



6.1651, 0.2645, 0.3130



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2811, 0.2095, 0.2743



17.9059, 0.2091, 0.2729



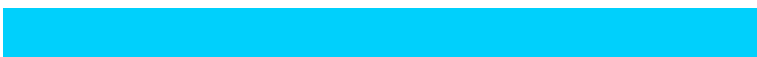
2.8745, 0.1651, 0.1144



4.3988, 0.2994, 0.3252



11.1945, 0.2095, 0.2741



52.2906, 0.2086, 0.2709

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8953, 0.3688, 0.1805



8.5899, 0.3701, 0.1812



9.7334, 0.4900, 0.4492



4.0660, 0.3161, 0.3115



5.3370, 0.3690, 0.1806



25.3459, 0.3719, 0.1823

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

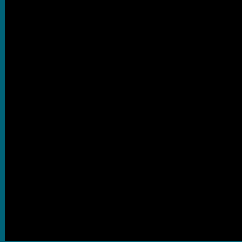
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743.

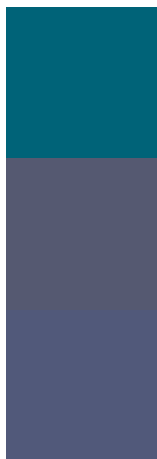


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743

Protanopia

10.2683, 0.2737, 0.2729

Deuteranopia

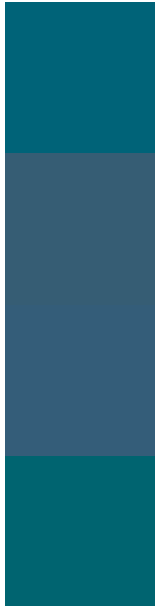
10.2992, 0.2579, 0.2535



Tritanopia

10.1971, 0.2186, 0.3068

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743

Protanomaly

9.8739, 0.2357, 0.2710

Deuteranomaly

9.9392, 0.2295, 0.2597

Tritanomaly

10.2842, 0.2157, 0.2965

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743

Achromatopsia

6.4803, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.3367, 0.2495, 0.3078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 99, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 99, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 99, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 99, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 99, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 99, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 99, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 99, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 120)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.2797, 0.2095, 0.2743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 99, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 99,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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