

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.3310, 0.3136, 0.3098)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.3310, 0.3136, 0.3098)
contains.

Yxy(10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	605860
RGB	96, 88, 96
RGB Percent	38%, 35%, 38%
CMY	0.6236, 0.6549, 0.6236
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	300°, 4%, 36%
HSV	300°, 8%, 38%
XYZ	10.4238, 10.3108, 12.5046
YIQ	91.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

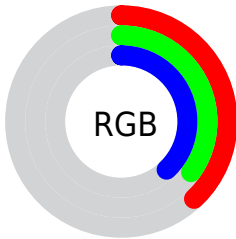
Format	Color
RYB	96, 88, 96
Decimal	6314080
CIELab	38.39, 4.87, -3.43
CIELCh	38, 5.959, 324.844
Yxy	10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284504160 (0xFF605860)
YUV	91.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184
Hunter-Lab	32.1104, 1.7521, -0.6117

Details

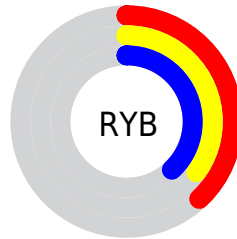
The Yxy color **10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.1439, 0.3118, 0.3485**, and the grayscale version is **10.5288, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4553, 0.3144, 0.3162**, and **2.6362, 0.3141, 0.3005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8375, 0.3147, 0.2871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9925, 0.3125, 0.3327**.

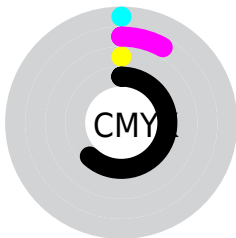
Distribution



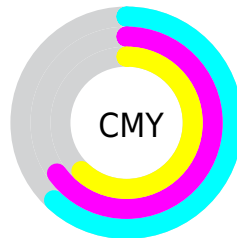
- Red (38%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3108, 0.3136,
0.3102

■ 10.3108, 0.3136,
0.3102

■ 192.8761, 0.3131,
0.3218

■ 5.6055, 0.3137,
0.3061

■ 26.3785, 0.3134,
0.3152

■ 2.6067, 0.3139,
0.2997

■ 38.5096, 0.3133,
0.3168

■ 0.9300, 0.3141,
0.2885

■ 53.8849, 0.3133,
0.3180

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.8886, 0.3132,
0.3191

■ 95.9052, 0.3132,
0.3199

123.3190, 0.3132,

0.3207

155.5146, 0.3131,
0.3213

■ 10.3108, 0.3136,
0.3102

■ 10.3108, 0.3136,
0.3102

■ 8.8375, 0.3147,
0.2871

■ 11.9925, 0.3125,
0.3327

■ 7.5634, 0.3158,
0.2639

■ 13.8889, 0.3115,
0.3543

■ 6.4801, 0.3168,
0.2413

■ 16.0078, 0.3106,
0.3746

■ 5.5786, 0.3178,
0.2201

■ 18.3559, 0.3097,
0.3935

■ 4.8489, 0.3187,
0.2009

■ 20.9398, 0.3089,
0.4109

■ 4.2801, 0.3195,
0.1846

■ 23.7660, 0.3081,
0.4269

■ 3.8600, 0.3201,
0.1717

■ 26.8404, 0.3074,
0.4415

■ 3.5747, 0.3206,
0.1624

■ 30.1690, 0.3068,
0.4548

■ 3.3655, 0.3209,
0.1554

■ 33.7574, 0.3062,
0.4668

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3108, 0.3001, 0.3059



10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102



10.3108, 0.3271, 0.3193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102



10.3108, 0.3356, 0.3506



10.3108, 0.2892, 0.3263

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102



11.1439, 0.3118, 0.3485

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3108, 0.2983, 0.3389



10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102



10.3108, 0.3250, 0.3532

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102



10.3108, 0.3399, 0.3424



10.3108, 0.3114, 0.3489



10.3108, 0.2862, 0.3148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102



10.3108, 0.3342, 0.3269



10.3108, 0.3114, 0.3489



10.3108, 0.2916, 0.3306

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3112, 0.3136, 0.3102



19.8657, 0.3129, 0.3244



9.9000, 0.3009, 0.3094



4.9461, 0.3129, 0.3248



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3112, 0.3136, 0.3102



17.5246, 0.3138, 0.3056



10.2396, 0.3197, 0.3195



2.6286, 0.3137, 0.3089



4.6318, 0.3210, 0.1542



24.7441, 0.3210, 0.1542

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3112, 0.3136, 0.3102



17.5246, 0.3138, 0.3056



11.2119, 0.3063, 0.3387



2.6286, 0.3137, 0.3089



4.6318, 0.3210, 0.1542



24.7441, 0.3210, 0.1542

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102.

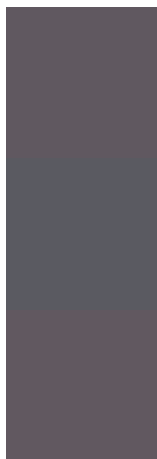


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102

Protanopia

10.3491, 0.3025, 0.3121

Deuteranopia

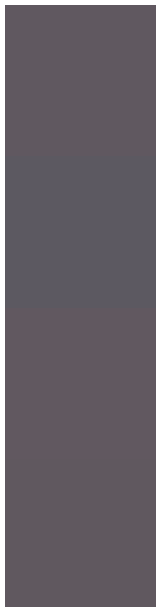
10.3654, 0.3152, 0.3103



Tritanopia

10.2925, 0.3151, 0.3125

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102

Protanomaly

10.2831, 0.3057, 0.3099

Deuteranomaly

10.3654, 0.3152, 0.3103

Tritanomaly

10.2925, 0.3151, 0.3125

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102

Achromatopsia

10.4616, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.4298, 0.3131, 0.3218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 88, 96) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 88, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 88, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 88, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 88, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 88, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 88, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 88, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 88, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 88, 96)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3108, 0.3136, 0.3102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 88, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 88,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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