

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	665B10
RGB	102, 91, 16
RGB Percent	40%, 36%, 6%
CMY	0.6000, 0.6431, 0.9372
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.84, 0.60
HSL	52°, 73%, 23%
HSV	52°, 84%, 40%
XYZ	9.3136, 10.3444, 1.9966
YIQ	85.7390, 30.6310, -20.9930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

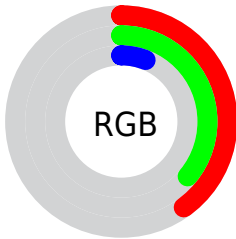
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 102, 16
Decimal	6707984
CIE Lab	38.45, -4.20, 41.15
CIE LCh	38, 41.360, 95.828
Yxy	10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284898064 (0xFF665B10)
YUV	85.7390, -34.3813, 14.2609
Hunter-Lab	32.1627, -4.5949, 18.8334

Details

The Yxy color **10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.8536, 0.1704, 0.1052**, and the grayscale version is **9.3177, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5110, 0.4055, 0.4439**, and **2.6841, 0.4376, 0.4908** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0992, 0.4379, 0.4838**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.6078, 0.4201, 0.4680**.

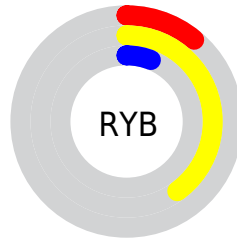
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (36%)

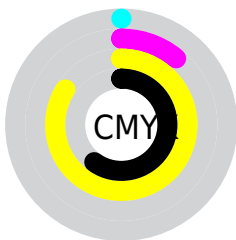
Blue (6%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (6%)

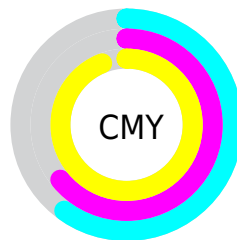


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)


Magenta (64%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.3444, 0.4301,
0.4777


 10.3444, 0.4301,
0.4777


193.1127, 0.3631,
0.3899


 5.6279, 0.4474,
0.5031

 26.4413, 0.4051,
0.4434


 2.6202, 0.4658,
0.5342


 38.5905, 0.3957,
0.4310

 0.9368, 0.4565,
0.5435

 53.9860, 0.3878,
0.4209

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 73.0123, 0.3812,
0.4125

 96.0537, 0.3756,
0.4055

 123.4947, 0.3709,

0.3995


 155.7195, 0.3667,
0.3943


 10.3444, 0.4301,
0.4777


 10.3444, 0.4301,
0.4777


 10.0992, 0.4379,
0.4838


 10.6078, 0.4201,
0.4680

 9.9622, 0.4423,
0.4870

 10.8909, 0.4080,
0.4547

 11.1957, 0.3942,
0.4383

 11.5237, 0.3793,
0.4196

 11.8761, 0.3638,
0.3995

■ 12.2540, 0.3483,
0.3787

■ 12.6585, 0.3332,
0.3579

■ 13.0906, 0.3187,
0.3375

■ 13.5512, 0.3050,
0.3180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3444, 0.4872, 0.4159



10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777



10.3444, 0.3472, 0.5064

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777



10.3444, 0.1589, 0.2656



10.3444, 0.3475, 0.2338

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777



1.8536, 0.1704, 0.1052

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3444, 0.2553, 0.2001



10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777



10.3444, 0.1595, 0.2101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777



10.3444, 0.1921, 0.3604



10.3444, 0.1912, 0.1908



10.3444, 0.4419, 0.2864

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777



10.3444, 0.2881, 0.4863



10.3444, 0.1912, 0.1908



10.3444, 0.3147, 0.2201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3449, 0.4301, 0.4777



21.3969, 0.3505, 0.3817



3.2768, 0.5570, 0.3111



5.0088, 0.3543, 0.3868



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3449, 0.4301, 0.4777



17.3651, 0.4430, 0.4864



10.8584, 0.3619, 0.5307



3.2114, 0.3253, 0.3468



12.7585, 0.4426, 0.4867



65.6544, 0.4442, 0.4855

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.8536, 0.1704, 0.1052



2.0817, 0.1535, 0.0725



1.9476, 0.2047, 0.1054



2.8149, 0.2999, 0.3105



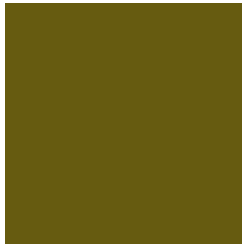
1.5643, 0.1540, 0.0742



7.4037, 0.1523, 0.0681

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

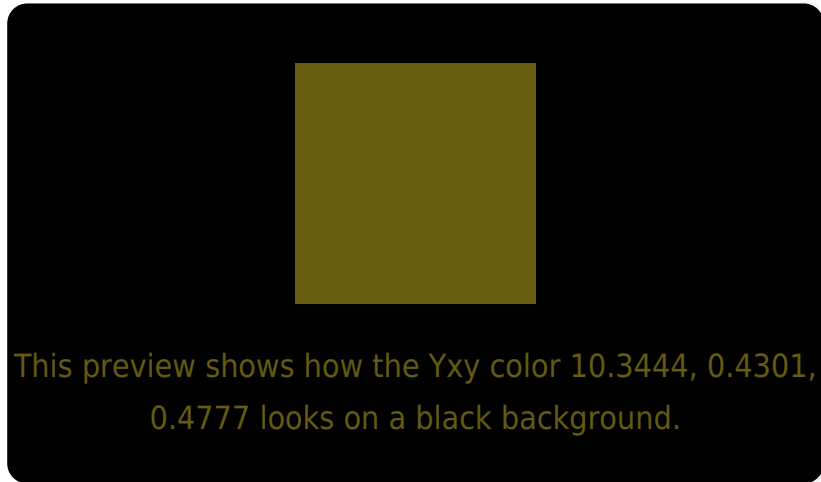
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

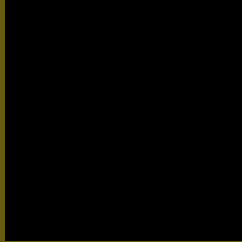
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777

Protanopia

10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777

Deuteranopia

10.2800, 0.4571, 0.4525



Tritanopia

10.3781, 0.3405, 0.3156

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777

Protanomaly

10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777

Deuteranomaly

10.3381, 0.4476, 0.4614

Tritanomaly

10.1898, 0.3815, 0.3826

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777

Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.5917, 0.3622, 0.3973

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 91, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 91, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 91, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 91, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 91, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 91, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 91, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 91, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 91, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 91,  
16) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3444, 0.4301, 0.4777 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 91, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 91,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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