

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.3459, 0.2881, 0.3060)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.3459, 0.2881, 0.3060)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	545B65
RGB	84, 91, 101
RGB Percent	33%, 36%, 40%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6431, 0.6040
CMYK	0.17, 0.10, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	215°, 9%, 36%
HSV	215°, 17%, 40%
XYZ	9.7449, 10.3066, 13.7850
YIQ	90.0470, -7.3820, 1.6260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

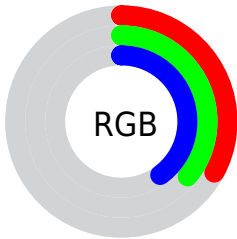
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 89, 101
Decimal	5528421
CIE Lab	38.39, -0.41, -6.65
CIE LCh	38, 6.667, 266.482
Yxy	10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283718501 (0xFF545B65)
YUV	90.0470, 5.3998, -5.3032
Hunter-Lab	32.1039, -1.9994, -2.9856

Details

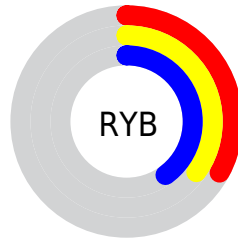
The Yxy color **10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.4062, 0.3386, 0.3523**, and the grayscale version is **10.2240, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.3851, 0.2948, 0.3108**, and **2.5744, 0.2751, 0.2901** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9000, 0.2724, 0.2880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8614, 0.3029, 0.3196**.

Distribution



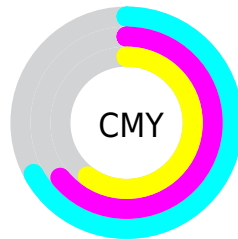
- Red (33%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3066, 0.2880,
0.3046

■ 10.3066, 0.2880,
0.3046

■ 192.8465, 0.3033,
0.3198

■ 5.6027, 0.2825,
0.2992

■ 26.3706, 0.2946,
0.3111

■ 2.6050, 0.2740,
0.2906

■ 38.4995, 0.2967,
0.3132

■ 0.9292, 0.2587,
0.2754

■ 53.8722, 0.2984,
0.3149

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.8731, 0.2998,
0.3163

■ 95.8866, 0.3009,
0.3174

123.2971, 0.3018,

0.3183

155.4889, 0.3027,
0.3191

■ 10.3066, 0.2880,
0.3046

■ 10.3066, 0.2880,
0.3046

■ 8.9000, 0.2724,
0.2880

■ 11.8614, 0.3029,
0.3196

■ 7.6357, 0.2565,
0.2699

■ 13.5675, 0.3171,
0.3331

■ 6.5089, 0.2404,
0.2504

■ 15.4297, 0.3304,
0.3451

■ 5.5146, 0.2248,
0.2298

■ 17.4521, 0.3428,
0.3557

■ 4.6469, 0.2100,
0.2085

■ 19.6386, 0.3542,
0.3651

■ 3.8996, 0.1966,
0.1871

■ 21.9929, 0.3648,
0.3734

■ 3.2659, 0.1851,
0.1662

■ 24.5188, 0.3745,
0.3806

■ 2.7295, 0.1754,
0.1462

■ 27.2198, 0.3835,
0.3870

■ 2.5737, 0.1722,
0.1400

■ 30.0993, 0.3917,
0.3926

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3066, 0.2832, 0.3124



10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046



10.3066, 0.2994, 0.3033

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046



10.3066, 0.3401, 0.3318



10.3066, 0.3103, 0.3509

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046



11.4062, 0.3386, 0.3523

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3066, 0.3257, 0.3560



10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046



10.3066, 0.3431, 0.3445

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046



10.3066, 0.3295, 0.3188



10.3066, 0.3378, 0.3535



10.3066, 0.2959, 0.3394

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046



10.3066, 0.3093, 0.3061



10.3066, 0.3378, 0.3535



10.3066, 0.3156, 0.3534

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3070, 0.2880, 0.3046



20.8456, 0.3054, 0.3220



11.9962, 0.2979, 0.3461



5.0942, 0.3047, 0.3213



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3070, 0.2880, 0.3046



16.7694, 0.2823, 0.2986



9.2284, 0.2895, 0.2872



2.9319, 0.2999, 0.3166



3.2952, 0.1715, 0.1375



15.5427, 0.1687, 0.1271

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8603, 0.3305, 0.3127



15.8912, 0.3353, 0.3089



12.6304, 0.3340, 0.3681



2.8634, 0.3215, 0.3205



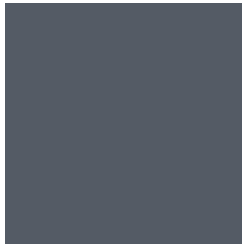
3.8362, 0.5225, 0.2652



19.8419, 0.5367, 0.2730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

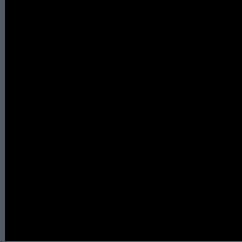
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

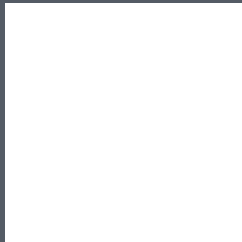
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046

Protanopia

10.3563, 0.2967, 0.3050

Deuteranopia

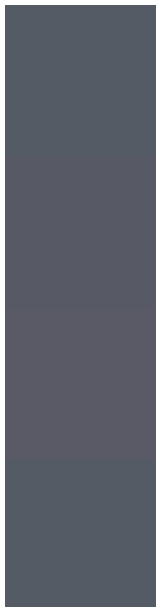
10.3184, 0.3016, 0.2962



Tritanopia

10.2678, 0.2907, 0.3093

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046

Protanomaly

10.2587, 0.2937, 0.3048

Deuteranomaly

10.2777, 0.2954, 0.2981

Tritanomaly

10.2871, 0.2893, 0.3069

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.1952, 0.3037, 0.3192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(84, 91, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 91, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 91, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 91, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 91, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 91, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 91, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 91, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 91, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 91,  
101) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3066, 0.2880, 0.3046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 91, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 91,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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